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NOTE DEMANDS IMMEDIATE CHANGE IN SUBMARINE TACTICS

Break in Relations the Alternative President Tells Germany; Reports to Congress

ACTION IN MEXICO DEPENDS PARTLY ON GERMAN SITUATION

If a Break in Diplomatic Relations Comes, Troops Probably Will Be Recalled as They Would Be Needed at Home.

Gen. Scott Sent to San Antonio by Secretary Baker to Get Accurate Report on the Developments.

Chief of Staff May Advise Department After Receiving Confidential Information From Funston.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Major-General Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff of the army, will go to San Antonio, Tex., tonight by order of Secretary Baker, in order to get accurate information as to the situation on the border and in Mexico.

Secretary Baker issued this statement: "Gen. Scott leaves for San Antonio this evening at 6:15 at my request. He will spend several days with Gen. Funston and return. This trip is made solely for the purpose of getting accurate information as is possible for the use of the department."

"Gen. Funston remains in full charge of the affairs of his department, including the expedition into Mexico. He has the full confidence of the department and his dispositions have the department's entire approval."

Secretary Baker would not discuss Gen. Scott's mission beyond his formal statement. It was assumed, however, that his report, after conference with Gen. Funston, will go far in determining the course to be pursued in Mexico. Should a break in diplomatic relations with Germany occur, it was pointed out that troops now in Mexico would be needed at home.

A movement of Carranza troops which have been stationed near Chihuahua to Parral was reported today to the State Department. This information was forwarded to Gen. Funston. It came from Consul Fletcher.

It is known that Gen. Funston has been urging the department that he be permitted to shift his headquarters and the border base, in order to shorten his line of communications. The department has not thus far approved the suggestion, although the request was before the cabinet yesterday.

Gen. Funston's report on the subject has not been given out here, and Secretary Baker has declined to discuss the plan of the Mexican problem.

The department apparently has hesitated to authorize any radical change in the status of the expedition, in the face of requests from Gen. Carranza that the troops be recalled, believing it might tend to increase anti-American feeling among Carranza's soldiers.

For the same reason, the sending of heavy reinforcements to the border has not been resorted to as yet.

Until the German situation is clearly understood, it is impossible to forecast the administration's decision as to Pershing's expedition.

Military observers appear to agree that some radical move must be made soon, either to back up the troops in Mexico or to withdraw them, as in their present condition officers feel they are unable to press the pursuit of Villa properly and their presence only serves to irritate the Mexican people.

It is believed that Gen. Funston's decision yesterday to place nearly 3000 additional troops of his border forces at Gen. Pershing's disposal aroused the department to determine upon the course to pursue with as little delay as possible.

Scott to Inform Baker.

Gen. Scott is acquainted with Villa and with many Carranza officials, and with his knowledge of the border and the confidential information Gen. Funston is able to supply, he will advise Secretary Baker.

It was suggested, in as much as the main purpose of the expedition, the protection of the border, has been accomplished, an agreement for the withdrawal might be reached with Carranza on the basis that if Villa or his bandits again head north American troops would again cross the international line.

Carranza said to be Pressing U. S. to Quit Mexico.

MEXICO CITY April 19.—Instructions are reported to have been sent early today by the foreign office to Eliseo Arragondo, Carranza's representative in Washington, directing him to press the State Department for a speedy reply to Carranza's note of last week, demanding from Mexico.

GERMAN PAPERS VIEW ATTITUDE OF U. S. AS OMINOUS

Disappointment Expressed That Von Jagow's Notes Have Had So Little Effect.

BERLIN, via London, April 19.—The newspapers have been preparing the people for the early reception of the American note by commenting on Washington dispatches, announcing the completion of the document. Disappointment is expressed that Foreign Minister von Jagow's answers to the American inquiries have had so little effect in satisfying Washington. Some of the newspapers note what they term President Wilson's apparent anxiety to withdraw from the Mexican undertaking and interpret it as a bad omen for the further relations between the United States and Germany.

The morning newspapers today, however, do not refer in any manner to relations with the United States or to the expected American note.

The conservative organs, while evidently not wanting a breach, appear to be resigned, their tone summed up being "let President Wilson do his worst."

The Frankfurter Zeitung, which is eager to see the matter amicably settled, says:

"If President Wilson wants a breach no answer which Germany can give under the existing circumstances can satisfy him. If he seriously wants peace he must choose the ways and means for bringing the imperative demands of Germany's submarine warfare into harmony with the justifiable interests of neutral countries."

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President's Address to Congress Telling of His Warning Note to Germany

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Following is the address of President Wilson to Congress, assembled in joint session today, explaining the situation resulting in the dispatch last night to Germany of what is described as the United States' final word on the submarine question:

"Gentlemen of the Congress—A situation has arisen in the foreign relations of the country of which it is my plain duty to inform you very frankly.

"It will be recalled that in February, 1915, the Imperial German Government announced its intention to treat the waters surrounding Great Britain and Ireland as embraced within the seat of war to destroy all merchant ships owned by its enemies that might be found within any part of that portion of the high seas and that it warned all vessels of neutral as well as of belligerent ownership to keep off the waters it has thus prescribed or else enter them at their peril. The Government of the United States earnestly protested.

Tells Position United States Took.

"It took the position that such a policy could not be pursued without the practical certainty of gross and palpable violations of the law of nations, particularly if submarine craft were to be employed as its instruments, inasmuch as the rules prescribed by the law, rules founded upon principles of humanity and established for the protection of the lives of noncombatants at sea, could not in the nature of the case be observed by such vessels.

"It based its protest on the ground that persons of neutral nationality and vessels of neutral ownership would be exposed to extreme and intolerable risks and that no right to close any part of the high seas against their use or to expose them to such risks could lawfully be asserted by any belligerent Government. The law of nations on these matters, upon which the Government of the United States based its protest, is not of recent origin or founded upon merely arbitrary principles set up by convention.

"It is based, on the contrary, upon manifest and imperative principles of humanity, and has long been established with the approval and by the express assent of all civilized nations.

"Notwithstanding the earnest protest of our Government, the Imperial German Government at once proceeded to carry out the policy it had announced. It expressed the hope that the dangers involved, at any rate the dangers to neutral vessels, would be reduced to a minimum by the instructions which it had issued to its submarine commanders and assured the Government of the United States that it would take every possible precaution both to respect the rights of the neutrals and to safeguard the lives of noncombatants.

"What has actually happened in the year which has since elapsed has shown that those hopes were not justified, those assurances inexecutable of being fulfilled. In pursuance of the policy of submarine warfare against the commerce of its adversaries, thus announced and entered upon by the Imperial German Government in despite of the solemn protest of this Government, the commanders of German undersea vessels have attacked merchant ships with greater and greater activity; not only upon the high seas surrounding Great Britain and Ireland but wherever they could encounter them in a way that has grown more and more ruthless, more and more indiscriminate as the months have gone by, less and less observant of restraints of any kind; and have delivered their attacks without compunction against vessels of every nationality and bound upon every sort of errand.

Points Out Neutral Vessels Have Been Destroyed.

"Vessels of neutral ownership, even vessels of neutral ownership bound from neutral port to neutral port, have been destroyed along with vessels of belligerent ownership in constantly increasing numbers. Some times the merchantmen attacked have been warned and summoned to surrender before being fired on or torpedoed; sometimes passengers or crews have been vouchsafed the poor security of being allowed to take to the ship's boats before she was sent to the bottom. But again and again no warning has been given; no escape even to the ship's boats allowed to those on board. What this Government foresees must happen has happened. Tragedy has followed tragedy on the seas in such fashion, with such attendant circumstances, as to make it grossly evident that warfare of such a sort, if warfare it be, cannot be carried on without the most palpable violation of the dictates alike of right and humanity.

"Whatever the disposition and intention of the Imperial German Government, it has manifestly proved impossible for it to keep such methods of attack upon the commerce of its enemies within the bounds set by either the reason or the heart of mankind.

"In February of the present year the Imperial German Government informed this Government and the other neutral Governments of the world that it had reason to believe that the Government of Great Britain had armed all merchant vessels of British ownership and had given them secret orders to attack any submarine of the enemy they might encounter upon the seas and that the Imperial German Government felt justified in the circumstances in treating all merchantmen of belligerent ownership as auxiliary vessels of war which it would have the right to destroy without warning.

"The law of nations has long recognized the right of merchantmen to carry arms for protection and to use them to repel attack, though to use them in such circumstances at their own risk; but the Imperial German Government claimed the right to set these understandings aside under circumstances which it deemed extraordinary. Even the terms in which it announced its purpose thus still further to relax the restraints it had previously professed its willingness and desire to put upon the operations of its submarines carried the plain implication that at least vessels which were not armed would still be exempt from destruction.

without warning and that personal safety would be accorded their passengers and crews; but even that limitation, if it was ever practicable to observe it, has in fact constituted no check at all upon the destruction of ships of every sort.

"Again and again the Imperial German Government has given this Government its solemn assurances that at least passenger ships would not be thus dealt with and yet it has again and again permitted its undersea commanders to disregard these assurances with entire impunity. Great liners like the Lusitania and the Arabic and mere ferry boats like the Sussex have been attacked without a moment's warning, sometimes before they had even become aware that they were in the presence of an armed vessel of the enemy, and the lives of noncombatants, passengers and crew have been sacrificed wholesale, in a manner which the Government of the United States cannot but regard as wanton and without the slightest color of justification. No limit of any kind has in fact been set to the indiscriminate pursuit and destruction of merchantmen of all kinds and nationalities within the waters, constantly extending in area where these operations have been carried on; and the roll of Americans who have lost their lives on ships thus attacked and destroyed has grown month by month until the ominous toll has mounted into the hundreds.

"One of the latest and most shocking instances of this method of warfare was that of the destruction of the French cross-channel steamer Sussex. It must stand forth as the sinking of the steamer Lusitania did, as so singularly tragical and unjustifiable as to constitute a truly terrible example of the inhumanity of submarine warfare as the commanders of German vessels have for the past 12 months been conducting it. If this instance stood alone, some explanation, some disavowal by the German Government, some evidence of criminal mistake or willful disobedience on the part of the commander of the vessel that fired the torpedo might be sought or entertained; but, unhappily, it does not stand alone. Recent events make the conclusion inevitable that it is only one instance, even though it be one of the most extreme and distressing instances, of the spirit and method of warfare which the Imperial German Government has mistakenly adopted and which from the first exposed that Government to the reproach of thrusting all neutral rights aside in pursuit of its immediate objects.

"The Government of the United States has been very patient. At every stage of this distressing experience of tragedy after tragedy in which its own citizens were involved it has sought to be restrained from any extreme course of action or of protest by a thoughtful consideration of the extraordinary circumstances of this unprecedented war, and actuated in all that it said or did by the sentiments of genuine friendship which the people of the United States always have entertained and continue to entertain toward the German nation. It has, of course, accepted the successive explanations and assurances of the Imperial German Government as given in entire sincerity and faith and has hoped even against hope that it would prove to be possible for the German Government so to order and control the acts of its naval commanders as to square its policy with the principles of humanity as embodied in the law of nations. It has been willing to wait until the significance of the facts become absolutely unmistakable and susceptible of but one interpretation.

"That point has now unhappily been reached. The facts are susceptible of but one interpretation. The Imperial German Government has been unable to put any limits or restriction upon its warfare against either freight or passenger ships. It has therefore become painfully evident that the position which this Government took at the very outset is inevitable, namely, that the use of submarines for the destruction of an enemy's commerce is of necessity because of the very character of the vessels employed and the very methods of attack which their employment of course involves incompatible with the principles of humanity, the long-established and incontrovertible rights of neutrals, and the sacred immunities of noncombatants.

U. S. Can Have No Choice but to Break Relations.

"I have deemed it my duty, therefore, to say to the German Imperial Government that if it is still its purpose to prosecute relentless and indiscriminate warfare against vessels of commerce by the use of submarine, notwithstanding the now demonstrated impossibility of conducting that warfare in accordance with what the Government of the United States must consider the sacred and indisputable rules of international law and the universally recognized dictates of humanity, the government of the United States is forced to the conclusion that there is but one course it can pursue; and that unless the Imperial German Government should now immediately declare and effect an abandonment of its present methods of warfare against passenger and freight-carrying vessels, this Government can have no choice but to sever diplomatic relations with the Government of the German Empire altogether.

"This decision I have arrived at with the keenest regret, the possibility of the action contemplated I am sure all thoughtful Americans will look forward to with unaffected reluctance. But we cannot forget that we are in some sort and by the force of circumstances the responsible spokesmen of the rights of humanity, and that we cannot remain silent while those rights seem in process of being swept utterly away in the maelstrom of this terrible war. We owe it to a due regard for our own rights as a nation, to our sense of duty as a representative of the rights of neutrals the world over, and to a just conception of the rights of mankind to take this stand now with the utmost solemnity and firmness.

"I have taken it and taken it in the confidence that it will meet with your approval and support. All sober-minded men must unite in hoping that the Imperial German Government, which has in other circumstances stood as the champion of all that we are now contending for in the interest of humanity, may recognize the justice of our demands and meet them in the spirit in which they are made."

WARNING ON WAY TO BERLIN; SHOULD BE RECEIVED TODAY

Republican Leader Mann Says President Is Not Neutral, Favoring Allies.

COMMUNICATION TO BERLIN CONTAINS NO TIME LIMIT

Executive Is Listened to Without Demonstration as He Speaks for 15 Minutes and Is Applauded at Close—Confers Before Session With Congressional Leaders.

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—President Wilson told Congress, assembled in joint session shortly after 1 o'clock this afternoon, he had given irrevocable notification to Germany that the United States will break off diplomatic relations if her illegal submarine campaign is continued.

A note, America's last word, practically an ultimatum and demanding an immediate reply, presumably was in the Berlin Foreign Office as the President was speaking. It was dispatched last night, in accordance with the President's plan to have it before the German Government at the same moment he was addressing the American Congress.

"I have deemed it my duty, therefore," the President told Congress, "to say to the Imperial German Government that if it is still its purpose to prosecute relentless and indiscriminate warfare against passenger and freight-carrying vessels, this Government can have no choice but to sever diplomatic relations altogether."

President Asks No Action of Congress.

The President asked no action whatever of Congress. He simply informed it of the accumulation of facts proving that Germany's assurances to the United States are being violated; that the submarine campaign, despite the earnest protests of the United States, is being conducted with renewed vigor in contravention of all the laws of nations and humanity and that he means to sever relations unless it is brought within the law.

Diplomatic history of the world shows that such a course is almost certain to be followed by war.

The President's note and his address to Congress are final. They mark the end of diplomatic exchanges. A continuance of the long-standing friendly relations, the President made clear, depends alone upon Germany's conduct.

Secretary Lansing today informed Count von Bernstorff, that he was ready to discuss the submarine situation with him, and a conference probably will be arranged for tomorrow. Yesterday Secretary Lansing informed him he could not discuss the subject.

Representatives of Allied Countries in Galleries.

Representatives of the allied countries filled the diplomatic galleries of the House. Women ruled in the public galleries, fewer than 20 men finding places in the 600 seats. Mrs. Wilson was in the executive gallery.

In the cabinet party were Secretaries Lansing, Baker, Houston and Wilson, Attorney-General and Postmaster-General Burleson.

The Vice-President and Senators arrived at 12:50 and marched in double file down the center aisle, members of the House rising and remaining standing until they were seated.

While the Senators were taking their seats President Wilson reached the Capitol and waited in Speaker Clark's office just outside the chamber. As the President entered the chamber just before 1 o'clock, senators, representatives, cabinet and galleries rose. An outburst of applause gave way to loud cheering. During this demonstration the President shook hands with the Speaker and the Vice-President and then bowed to the assemblage.

The President in beginning his address spoke slowly and distinctly. His voice was heard throughout the chamber.

As the President began the review of the German submarine campaign there was no demonstration to punctuate his recital. Not a sound was heard above the President's voice as he spoke the name Lusitania. Every head lowered forward as the President indicated that he was approaching the key-note of his message, the announcement of the course he will pursue. His declaration that Germany has made it plain that she intended to continue indiscriminate warfare in defiance of international law and the protests of the United States was followed by the statement that this determination had left but one course open to the United States.

When he pronounced the words of the ultimatum declaring that unless Germany should immediately declare and effect an abandonment of indi-



EMDEN OFFICER ESCAPES FROM BRITISH PRISON AT MALTA

Lieutenant Flees to Syracuse, Sicily, Where He Is Detained by the Italians.

SYRACUSE, Sicily, April 19.—Lieutenant Emden of the famous German raider Emden, which was destroyed by the Australian cruiser Sydney at Cocos Island in 1914 after performing many daring exploits, has escaped from Malta, where he had been taken as a prisoner by the British. The lieutenant is now a prisoner here.

SOUTH DAKOTA'S CAPITAL DRY

RIoux Falls, S. D., April 19.—The cause of prohibition in South Dakota gained impetus in yesterday's municipal elections, according to latest returns today, 14 cities and towns having gone from the wet to the dry column, while 10 dry towns voted back the saloons. Pierre, the capital of the State, voted dry, as did Hot Springs, the famous Black Hills resort.

FISHERMAN'S LINE CATCHES IN BOX, TURNS IN FIRE ALARM

Youth Hears Jingle as Hook Comes Down, Runs Home and Later Is Arrested.

Albert Brewer, 15 years old, of 8118 Reilly avenue went fishing yesterday at Ivory Slough. The fish did not bite, so Brewer shouldered his pole and started home. At Marceau and Reilly avenues he passed a fire alarm box. The door was open. He jabbed his pole inside. The line caught the hook. It was the last bite Brewer had all day. The line jerked

hook down with such force that an alarm was sounded.

Brewer heard the jingle of the alarm and ran home. The police arrested him 10 minutes later and charged him with turning in a false fire alarm.

Milliner Robbed of Easter Hats.

Mrs. Josephine Martini, a milliner at 207 North Grand avenue, reported to the police last night that while she was trimming hats in a room behind her store someone entered and stole two Easter hats valued at \$20.

The Post-Dispatch is the only evening newspaper in St. Louis that receives and publishes news gathered by the Associated Press.

criminate submarine warfare, the Government would have no choice but to sever diplomatic relations, there was still no demonstration, only a tense silence and a reflection of the gravity of his words.

When he concluded with expression of hope that Germany would so act as to avert a regrettable break with America, the assembly broke into cheers. It was 1:14 o'clock when the President concluded. He had spoken just 15 minutes. Applause started from the Democratic side and the Republican members joined. Democrats began rising to their feet and soon the entire assemblage was standing. The applause lasted perhaps a minute and then as the President passed out of the chamber died away.

Speaker Clark declared the joint session at an end and Senators filed out. The galleries quickly were deserted. Speaker Clark referred the address to the Foreign Affairs Committee and the House resumed its regular business.

Speaker Clark and Democratic Leader Kitchin declined to comment on the address. They said they desired to digest it fully before saying anything.

"The sending of a note to Germany was as mild a position as the President could take," said Representative Flood, chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee. "I think that it will meet with the approval of Congress and the country."

Mann Says President Has Not Been Neutral.

"I think this Government should be neutral," said Republican Leader Mann. "The President never has been neutral. He has been on the English side all the time. What he said about Germany while it is grossly exaggerated, is a just complaint. But he could say just the same about England and our shipping, substitute 'sinking ships' for 'sinking ships.' It is a mistake to break off diplomatic relations with Germany. That is simply to quit in a pet. It is perfectly evident that the President, as a campaign political dodge, is trying to work up to a point where he can get into a war with Germany during a presidential campaign."

"The President's position is a complete repudiation of his note of Jan. 18, sent through Secretary Lansing, regarding the arming of merchant vessels and submarine warfare," said Representative Cooper, ranking Republican member of the Foreign Affairs Committee. "The whole situation resolves itself into a question whether the United States will set up a code of regulations which it may have to abide by when its sole defense is the submarine."

"I believe the President's course will lead to war," said Senator Chamberlain, Democrat, chairman of the Military Committee.

"I think the President was fully justified in the course he has taken," said Senator Wadsworth, Republican, of New York.

"If war comes out of this," declared Senator Kenyon, Republican, of Iowa, "I hope the first to enlist will be those who have insisted on riding on armed belligerent ships."

"It was a great address," said Senator James of Kentucky, Democrat.

"I regret that it had to be delivered. But what other course could the President have pursued? The limit had been reached. I hope Germany will quickly yield."

"The severance of diplomatic relations rests with the executive department of the Government," said Senator Sherman, Republican, of Illinois. "If this brings us to the brink of war it is for Congress to sustain or refuse to sustain the President. I should vote against any declaration of war based on any such reasons as those contained in the President's message."

That the note had been sent to Germany was first revealed by the President at a conference this morning at the White House with Senators Stone and Lodge and Representatives Flood and Cooper, ranking Democratic and Republican members of the congressional foreign relations committees.

Goes Over Situation Thoroughly With Leaders.

The President went over the situation very thoroughly with the committee leaders and told them explicitly he believed the United States could not remain on friendly terms with Germany if American lives continued to be placed in jeopardy by German submarines.

The demand for a stop to illegal submarine warfare, the President told the leaders, is unequivocal. As the committees left the White House they made no effort to conceal what the President had told them.

The President made plain, however, that if Germany still cares to conduct her submarine warfare in accordance with the accepted rules of international law, the American Government will be glad to continue friendly relations.

The note went forward last night in code by way of Copenhagen. The President wishes it to be in the hands of Ambassador Gerard or the German Foreign office when he appears before Congress.

The members who heard the President outline it did not understand it to be an ultimatum in the sense that the term is technically used, but all considered it to have that effect.

Senator Lodge asked the President about the use of the word "immediately" in that connection and was told that it meant that Germany should be given an opportunity to receive the communication and to make reply.

Evidence in the Sussex Case Referred To.

The evidence in the Sussex case was referred to and the President pointed out the apparent similarity in the accounts of the time and place of the attack upon her and the attack admitted by Germany to have been made by one of her submarines on a ship in that vicinity. The President believes the evidence in the Sussex case is convincing.

"The address is a very strong one and the note is a strong one," said Senator Stone after the White House conference. "It puts the next move up to Germany and will bring diplomatic correspondence to a close. It does not necessarily mean a break. It demands that Germany modify her method of submarine warfare and is the last word to be said by this Government on the subject."

"The President does not ask Congress to do anything. After the message is read and when I have returned to the Senate I shall move that the President's address be printed and referred to the Foreign Relations Committee for consideration."

There is only one instance in present-day diplomatic history where the severance of diplomatic relations has not ultimately led to war—the case of Italy and Germany.

President Wilson's purpose in going before Congress is explained to be in recognition of the fact that while the executive branch of the Government has power to break diplomatic relations, Congress alone has the power to declare war, and the President feels therefore that it should be advised of an action in which it may subsequently be called upon to bear a part.

Instances Where War Has Not Followed Diplomatic Break Four in United States History

By STERLING E. EDMUNDS, Lecturer on International Law, St. Louis University Law School.

A severance of diplomatic relations is one of the means known to international law for applying pressure against an offending state with the object of restoring the cause of grievance.

It is the least drastic of all those so-called non-amicable measures of redress or self-help falling short of war and which include retaliation, reprisal, embargo, non-intercourse, display of force and pacific blockade. It is an evidence that the relations between the states are no longer entirely friendly and that the state breaking off diplomatic relations does so to emphasize the fact that it considers its rights are denied.

When a state through its own authorized action violates the rights of another state and such differences do not yield to negotiation, the aggrieved state, recalling its diplomatic agent, implies that friendly relations no longer exist and that they will not be restored until the cause of grievance is removed. Unless the offending state yields to this pressure it generally recalls its diplomatic agent, though, if the offending state wishes to make its procedure more emphatic it may hand the offending state's minister his passports at the time of recalling its own minister.

The breaking of diplomatic relations, unless accompanied by an ultimatum having that object in view, does not mean war, nor does it carry with it any interruption of commercial intercourse or affect treaties between the states.

The condition immediately resulting may be said to be midway between friendly and hostile. The term "unfriendly" probably describes it best. It may continue indefinitely or be composed or gravitate into war. As it is the first or mildest of the serious measures of self-help, it does not prove effective, the more drastic measures are resorted to. As these measures are always an impeachment of the dignity of a state, war usually follows unless the state against which they are directed is lamentably weak.

Case With Germany.

With reference to the United States and Germany, if diplomatic relations should be severed and Germany should continue to torpedo vessels carrying American citizens in violation of our rights, we could not resort to retaliation, which is retaliation in kind, as the next measure in the scale, because retaliation must always be qualified by the obligations of humanity. We could resort to reprisal or embargo, which would con-

prehend the seizure and confiscation of property of the German Government or of German subjects in the United States; or we might adopt a measure of non-intercourse, which, however, would be practically valueless.

The United States has used reprisal against China in the settlement of claims long neglected but no high-spirited nation would submit to it.

A condition of interrupted diplomatic intercourse may go on indefinitely, however, if the cause producing it is not aggravated meantime, as in the case of Great Britain and Venezuela in their boundary dispute, which had lasted 10 years when President Cleveland forced arbitration in 1895.

There are four notable instances in the history of the United States when our diplomatic relations with other states were interrupted, without resort to stronger measures. The first was when France in 1796 refused to receive the American Minister Pinckney in order to show its disapproval with the Jay treaty just concluded with France's enemy, England. Another break occurred with France in 1834 over Jackson's impetuous attempt to compel the French legislative departments to make an appropriation covering the spoliation claims. The third instance occurred with respect to Mexico in 1861 in an effort to compel that state to safeguard the treaty rights of American citizens.

Lynching of Italians.

The most recent case, however, grew out of the lynching of Italian subjects in New Orleans in 1911.

Italy demanded reparation and the punishment of the mob leaders. Secretary Blaine declined to make reparation and as to punishing the leaders of the mob, pointed out that the State of Louisiana, and not the United States, had jurisdiction. Baron Fava, the Italian Minister, in a communication to Secretary Blaine, said:

"Under these circumstances the Government of his majesty, considering that the legitimate action of the King's Minister at Washington becomes ineffective, has ordered me to take my departure on leave."

Friendly relations were subsequently restored by the payment of an indemnity of \$25,000 by the United States.

A break in the diplomatic relations between the United States and Germany would not in itself align us with Germany's enemies; we would continue as isolated as before, with the prospect, however, that if there were continued violation of our rights more serious measures might be adopted.

2,501,181 German Born Persons in U. S.; 47,766 in St. Louis

THE census of 1910 showed that there were at that time in the United States 2,501,181 persons of German birth, 1,174,924 born in Austria and 65,620 born in Hungary, a total of 4,171,705.

In the same year there were 47,766 persons of German birth in St. Louis, equivalent to 7 per cent of the population.

Between 1900 and 1910 there was a decrease of 11 per cent in the number of persons of German birth in the United States.

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Other Occupant Jumps to Safety—Machine Carried on Pilot Alone.

Second Street for 300 Feet.

An Illinois Central passenger train at 10:45 this morning struck an automobile containing two men at Second and Mound streets. One of the men was thrown from the machine which was picked up by the pilot of the locomotive and carried for some feet. Then the auto fell from the pilot but the man who had remained in it fell upon the pilot and was carried an additional 150 feet before he "tumbled off."

The man was identified as Harry Evans, 36 years old, of 1131 Cass avenue. He was taken to the city hospital, where it was found that he had a compound fracture of the skull and internal injuries. He died at 12:40 o'clock.

FOSTER C. ROBERTS of 4240 Westminster place, who was with him in the machine, saved himself by jumping just before the machine was hit.

Throw Off Colds and Prevent Grip. When you feel a cold coming on, take Laxative Bromo Quinine. It removes cause of Colds and Grip. Only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. Grove's signature on box. 25c.

RICHARD HARDING DAVIS' WILL

Estate of \$250,000 Left to Writer's Widow and Daughter.

NEW YORK, April 19.—By the will of Richard Harding Davis, who died at his country place at Mount Kisco on April 11, most of his estate, estimated at about \$250,000, is placed in the hands of a trustee for the benefit of his widow, Mrs. Elizabeth Genevieve Davis, and their daughter, Hope.

In its opening paragraph the will directs the testator's cremation and then orders that his personal effects be divided among his widow, his sister, Mrs. Nora Davis Farrar of Lurgoose, B. C., and his brother, Charles Belmont Davis. The executor, however, shall respect the choice of Mrs. Davis as to her share of these. The remainder of the estate is to be held in trust; the income going to the widow until her daughter is 21 years old. Then one-half of the income shall go to the daughter and the remainder to Mrs. Davis "as long as she remains my widow."

Busy Bee Bakery Special This Week. Caramel Roll Coffee Cake, 20c Each.

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PART OF SEIZED VON IGEL PAPERS TO BE RETURNED

Prisoner to Be Held Unless State Department Specifically Orders Otherwise.

DENIED HE IS IMMUNE

Seized Documents Declared to Bear on Dynamite Plot Against Welland Canal.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Part at least of the papers seized yesterday in the office of Wolff von Igel, private secretary to Capt. Franz von Papen, recalled German military attaché in New York, and which were declared not only to bear on the Welland Canal plot, but to contain other information of extraordinary importance, will be returned to their owner. This assurance was given today by Secretary Lansing after the interview with the Secretary by appointment, to demand the return of the papers. The Ambassador requested the appointment. The Secretary said the papers would be delivered in New York this afternoon.

Secretary Lansing said after the interview that while the Von Igel case was now entirely in the hands of the Department of Justice, and his request in the matter was not mandatory upon the Attorney-General, custom provides for compliance to a State Department request in a diplomatic matter.

Under certain circumstances, it was said, Von Igel might not be entitled to a diplomatic agent to have all his seized documents returned, and they will be examined by the Department of Justice to decide if all are immune.

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This two demand for the release of Von Igel and the return of the papers seized from him was made on behalf of the German embassy yesterday, soon after Von Igel's arrest in New York by Prince von Hatzfeldt, embassy counselor.

Counselor Polk of the State Department, to whom the representations were made, advised the Department of Justice to accede to them if the offense alleged against Von Igel was committed after he became a member of the embassy staff.

The District Attorney intimated further that there was some question whether Von Igel was really a member of the staff.

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Countless and hatless, George Von Skel, an employee of Von Igel's, who claims to be an American citizen, joined in the assault upon the officers.

Von Skel has been commissioner of accounts for New York city; managing editor of the Staats Zeitung and more recently in the employ of Von Papen. His name figured in the World's exposure of the German propaganda last summer and in other exposures later. He always declared he was a loyal citizen of the United States.

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How Germany Has Brought on the Present Crisis Her Illegal Submarine Attacks

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Complications between the United States and Germany began piling up from the moment the submarine war zone was declared around the British Isles. With all Europe afire in war, the eyes of the world were turned upon the United States in expectancy of developments that would threaten to draw the greatest neutral into the conflict. They were not long in coming.

Wide the torpedoing of the British liner Falaba the first American life was lost. Then in quick succession came the attacks on the Gulfstream and the Cushing, American ships. The sinking of the American sailing ship, William F. Frye, raised another issue, but it involved different questions and, while it complicated the situation, did not assume the threatening features of the cases where Americans traveling on passenger ships and having no part or interest in the conduct of the war were sent to their deaths without warning.

Sinking of Lusitania.

Then came the sinking of the Lusitania—almost a year ago, in which 115 Americans, many of them women and children, were lost, in a submarine attack which subsequent events proved was known in advance to the German navy in this country, and which was guarded by the daily papers, in the form of a warning to Americans to keep off belligerent ships traversing the war zone.

It seemed then as if the breaking point had come and all eyes were turned on President Wilson. That night the President, after shutting himself in his study, slipped out of the White House, eluded the secret service guard, walked for blocks around silent, untroubled streets of the capital where he made his decision. The first note to Germany, pledging the United States to hold her to strict accountability, followed soon afterward.

Then another national sensation, due solely to the Lusitania negotiations, followed. Secretary Bryan resigned because he could not agree with the President's policy, which he believed would lead to war.

While the Lusitania negotiations were proceeding the Arabic was sunk, and the death of two more Americans, and it seemed then the breaking point could not be averted.

The German Government then gave its assurances not to torpedo more "liners" quarters. There are 70 pounds of the documents seized.

Other Important Papers Taken.

Supplementing his assistant's statement, District Attorney Marshall said that in addition to the papers seized bearing upon the Welland Canal plot, there was also documentary evidence taken of "extraordinary importance" disclosing other activities in the so-called German propaganda in this country. What their nature was he declined to divulge, referring inquiries to Secretary of State Lansing. Marshall said Counselor of State Polk had called him up from Washington today and informed him that the question at issue was whether Von Igel was a member of the German embassy staff at the time of the alleged crime. To this Marshall said he replied that investigation had disclosed that the man did not become a member of the staff until December, 1915.

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TREBIZOND TAKEN IN COMBINED SEA AND LAND ATTACK

Biggest Turkish Port in Black Sea Falls Before Attack of Grand Duke's Forces—Fate of Large Garrison Is Not Known.

Muscovites Crossed Range 8000 Feet High to Strike Fortress—Tenth City Stormed in Asia Minor.

Berlin Reports Capture of Stone Quarry to the North of Verdun—French Airmen Raid Trieste.

LONDON, April 18.—The news of the fall of Trebizond, which comes much earlier than had been expected because it was known that the Turks had three divisions in the neighborhood of the city and it was supposed, would make a stubborn defense, is believed here to have been largely due to the successful employment of the Russian fleet in assisting the land operations.

Since the brilliant dash of the cruiser Midulla (formerly the Breslau), nearly a fortnight ago, the Turks, aware of the inferiority of their Black Sea fleet to that of the Russians, have not undertaken any serious naval operations for the defense of Trebizond. The Russian strategy aimed at keeping all the Turkish forces brought from Constantinople for the defense of Trebizond fully occupied over the widest front. Thus, while the Russian armies were making a successful advance in the Kara Dagh region and bringing up reinforcements by land and sea, they also kept the Turks busy by continuous attacks to the southeast in the region of Erzerum and Balıkesir.

The Turks made desperate resistance in the Tchoruk region, knowing that the Russian seizure of Rahmed, which is the junction of the roads leading to Trebizond, Erzerum and Erzingan would involve the isolation of Trebizond and the Erzingan armies and seal the fate of both.

Turks Had No Time to Recover. Military critics are of the opinion that the Turks were given no time to recover and make a stand on the Jambola Dera river west of Kara Dera.

The fall of Trebizond will cause rejoicings in all the entente allied countries, as it is thought it probably will involve the speedy loss to the Turks of Erzerum, Karput and Iarabek, and the fall of these towns would completely isolate the Turkish armies in Mesopotamia.

The Russian official statement on the fall of Trebizond says:

"Trebizond has been taken. The united energetic efforts of our Caucasian army and Black Sea fleet have been crowned by the conquest of this fortified town, the most important position on the Anatolian coast.

"Our valiant troops, after the sanguinary battle of the 14th on the Kara Dera River, pressed the Turks with out respite and surmounted incredible obstacles, everywhere breaking the fierce resistance of the enemy. The well-combined action of the fleet permitted the execution of most hazardous landing operations and lent the support of its artillery to the troops operating in the coastal region.

Defeated Near Erzerum. "Credit for this fresh victory also is partly due to the assistance given the Caucasian army by the troops operating in other directions in Asia Minor. By their desperate fighting and heroic exploits they did everything in their power to facilitate the task of the detachments on the coast."

It also was announced that the Turks have been dislodged from a whole series of powerfully organized positions west of Erzerum.

Excluding the operations on the Persian front, Grand Duke Nicholas, in this campaign against an experienced and stubborn foe has to his credit the storming of 19 cities in less than two months.

Trebizond, Black Sea Port, Has a Population of 40,000.

Trebizond is a city of Asia Minor on the Black Sea, 575 miles east of Constantinople and 100 miles north of Erzerum, which was stormed by the Russians on Feb. 10. Trebizond has a population of about 40,000, including some 18,000 Christians.

The importance of the Black Sea was due to its command of the point where the chief trade route from Persia and Central Asia descends to the sea. It is separated from the rest of Asia Minor by a barrier of rugged mountains 7000 to 8000 feet high, which the Russian armies had to traverse.

German Report Capture of Stone Quarry Near Verdun.

BERLIN, via London, April 19.—The report today from the War Office says that the stone quarry south of Haudeumont Farm, in the Verdun district east of the Meuse, has been captured by German troops, thus completing the success of the previous day.

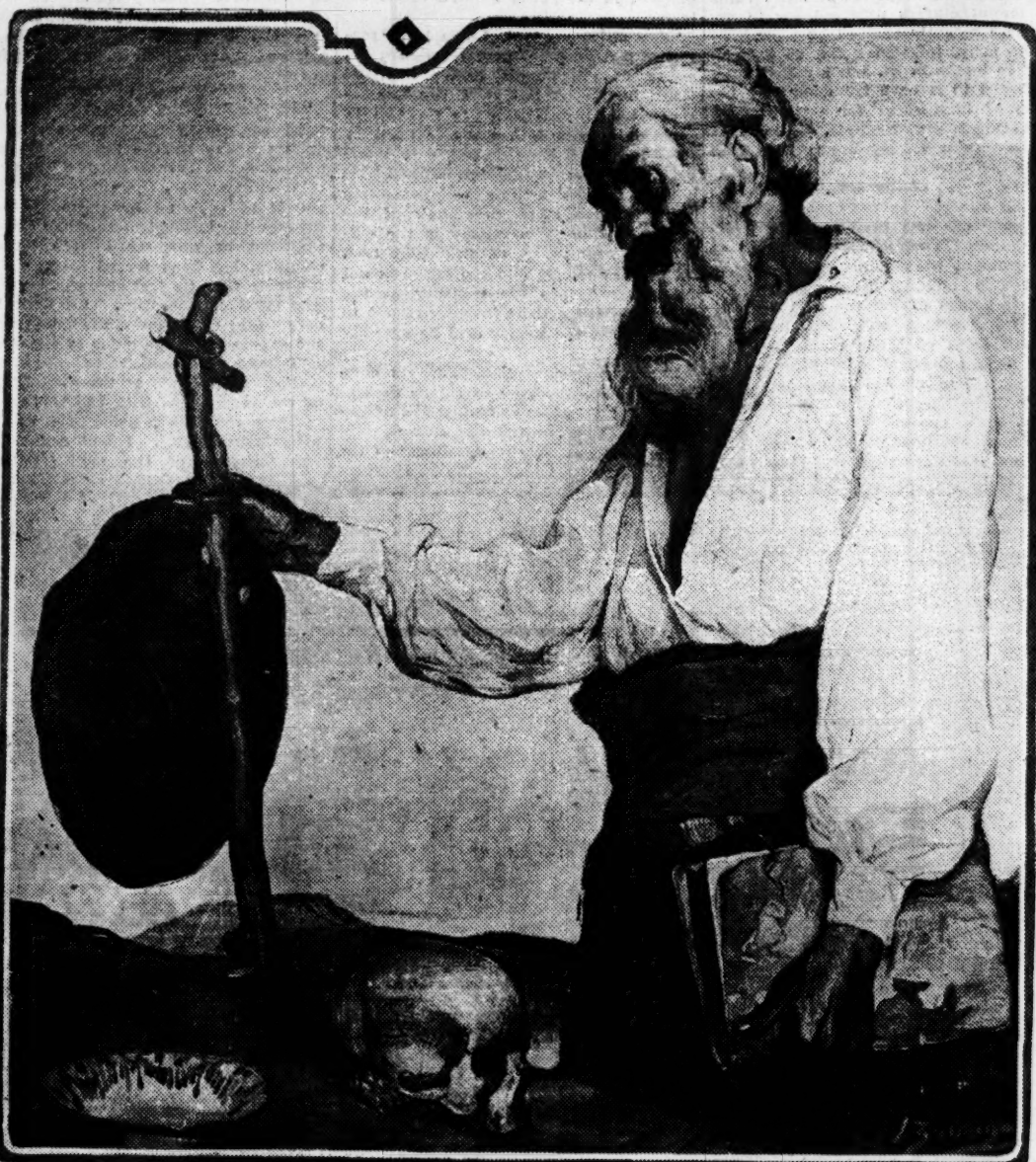
Little Activity Reported in the Verdun Region.

PARIS, April 18.—There was a spirited bombardment of positions south of Haudeumont wood on the Verdun front east of the Meuse last night, the War Office report of this afternoon says. No other important event occurred on any part of the front.

French Aeroplanes Raid Austrian Camps Near Trieste.

ROME, April 18.—Three French aeroplanes, escorted by Italian torpedo boats, Monday effectively bombarded Austrian military positions in the vicinity of Trieste. All the aircraft returned unscathed. Four Aus-

Art Museum Acquires "The Hermit," Spanish Canvas by Ignacio Zuloaga



An important canvas, "The Hermit," painted by Ignacio Zuloaga, has been acquired for the City Art Museum's collection of modern art. Zuloaga, with Sorolla, is ranked amongst the foremost of the present-day Spanish artists.

The painting depicts a Spanish peasant in an attitude of intense devotion before a rude crucifix. The colors are rich, though subdued; and there is, as in all

of Zuloaga's paintings, a complete absence of the broken effect so apparent in much modern work. The brushwork is free and broad, and the characterization intensely Spanish.

This canvas is considered by the Museum Director to be an important accession to the group of modern Spanish masters already owned by the museum, among which are four canvases of Sorolla and the large "Spanish Peasant" of Chicharro.

SIR SAM HUGHES DEFENDS CANADIAN SHELL CONTRACTS

Minister of Militia Tells House of Commons That He Will Not Resign His Post.

OTTAWA, Ontario, April 19.—Sir Sam Hughes will not resign as Minister of Militia, he said in the House of Commons yesterday, during the royal commission's investigation of the charges that abnormal profits were allowed in the awarding of fuses, contracts by the Canadian Shell Commission.

Sir Sam described the shell situation in the early stage of the war. Many factors, he added, could not be induced to step in because they lacked confidence, and there was also a shortage of raw material. Later, however, when money began to circulate more freely, thousands were anxious to "get into the game" of manufacturing shells.

As he understood the charges, he said, \$1,500,000 was paid to promoters who could not produce shells. The fact, however, he declared, was that two companies taking contracts spent \$6,000,000 and employed 6000 men, and while they had met with difficulties, they had done better than any other concerns in North America.

FOUND SCREAMING IN CLOSET

Girl Tells Police Two Intruders Pushed Her There—Nothing Stolen.

Miss Emma Krashinsky, 22 years old, daughter of Charles Krashinsky of 453 Natural Bridge avenue, last night told the police a strange story of an encounter with two intruders in her home at 5:30 yesterday afternoon.

She said one of the men held his hand over her mouth and the two pushed her into a closet and jumped out a window.

Charles Krashinsky, who lives in the flat above the Krashinsky family, heard the girl scream. Receiving no response when he rang the bell of the flat, he broke open the kitchen door. He found her in the closet, screaming for help. Nothing was stolen from the flat and, according to the police, neighbors saw no one leaving the house.

FORD HELPS TO REFORM CROOK

Man Auto Maker Aided Freed in Court to Return to Detroit.

CANTON, O., April 19.—J. J. Reese, 33, wanted here for a \$600 daylight robbery and who several weeks ago forfeited his bond, walked into court yesterday voluntarily and declared he had been a "crook" for 20 years, served two reformatory terms and was once in the penitentiary.

He said he finally went to Detroit, told his story to Henry Ford and that Ford hired him as an elevator man. Reese said Ford's faith in him reformed him and caused him to come here and surrender. Court officials believed his story and declined to prosecute him, sending him back to Detroit where he will get his job back at \$5 a day.

TWO PAINTERS HURT IN FALLS

One Man Drops 36 Feet at Portland Place Residence.

Two men engaged in painting the residence of Thomas H. Wright, 48 Portland place, were injured by falling Monday, the police learned yesterday. Both were taken to St. Luke's Hospital.

Charles Gehring, 40 years old, of 415 Palm street, was on a scaffold 20 feet in the air and Bruno Schultz, 32, of Chicago, was on the roof adjusting the roof when the rope broke. Schultz fell 20 feet. Both men suffered fractured ribs.

SENATE PASSES BILL FOR ARMY OF 1,000,000 MEN

Substitute for the Hay Measure Is Sent Back to the Lower House.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—The army reorganization bill passed by the Senate last night went to the House today, where a conference will be asked for on the measure.

The bill is a substitute for the Hay bill passed by the House, and as finally approved without a record vote, would produce regular army and reserve forces in the United States aggregating a million men.

The bill was hurried through the Senate and exciting scenes after a 5-11 session of the two houses had been called for today to hear an address by President Wilson "on a grave international issue."

Attempts to reduce the proposed increases in the army were rejected in quick succession.

The bill differs radically from the House measure. On that account it was regarded as practically certain that a conference would be asked and that work of perfecting a new army measure would begin promptly.

In the closing hours of debate the Senate made provision for a regular standing army with a peace strength of 250,000 men, as compared with 140,000 in the Hay bill, which passed the House. Retained after a close fight the plan for a Federal volunteer army reserve force calculated to aggregate 250,000 men and federalized the national guard forces of the states at an estimated strength of 250,000 men.

In addition to this combined regular and reserve force of 750,000 men, an amendment was passed to create a school and college youth's reserve corps in time of war or threatened war which would be a force of trained young men, schooled by officers of the regular army, the strength of which is estimated anywhere from 200,000 to 400,000.

Reed Reduction Rejected.

"We are creating here a peace army of a million men," declared Senator Myers in supporting an amendment of Senator Reed to make the regular army 200,000. The Senate had agreed previously, by a vote of 43 to 37, to an amendment by Senator Brandegee increasing it from the proposed strength of 180,000 to 200,000. The Reed reduction proposal was rejected, 42 to 31, after a brief speech by Senator Williams in which he referred to the solemnity of the occasion which would confront Congress tomorrow.

The apparently grave developments of the few hours preceding the passage of the bill also probably served to save the volunteer army provision. Champions of the national guard fought it bitterly in the committee of the whole, and it was rejected by a vote of 34 to 25. Last night Senator Lewis again moved to strike out the section. It was saved this time by a vote of 40 to 27.

Other important provisions of the Senate bill not in the House measure include appropriation of \$15,000,000 for construction of Government plants for production of nitrates, to be used in manufacturing of ammunition.

For Vocational Education.

Provision for vocational education of enlisted men of the army, compelling instruction either in agriculture or the mechanical arts.

Creation of a national guard section in the general staff of the army, and enlistment of all officers and enlisted men of the national guard to subscribe to an oath to support the United States as well as the respective states.

Provision for Federal pay of all national guard officers above the rank of captain.

The Senate also agreed to an amendment reducing the proposed term of enlistment in the regular army from seven to five years, and the proposed term with the colors from four to two, thus giving each enlisted man three years in the regular reserve.

EASTER EGG ROLL ON ART HILL

The Town Club will inaugurate an annual egg roll Easter Sunday at 3 p. m. at Art Hill in Forest Park. This will be the first time the city has held an egg roll, according to Charlotte Rumbold, secretary of the Town Club.

Every member of the club has been asked to bring as many children as she can take care of. Mothers will bring their own children, and women who have no children of their own will "borrow" them. Miss Rumbold said, from the public playgrounds.

HAIR GRAY? THEN APPLY Q-BAN

It Darkens Gray Hair Evenly—No Dye—Harmless.

Actually does—so you can see it with your own eyes—turn every gray hair in your head beautifully dark. If your hair is gray, streaked with gray, prematurely or just turning gray, or if your hair is thin, falling, thin or falling, simply shampoo hair and scalp a few times with Q-Ban Hair Color Restorer. Every strand of hair (whether gray or not) then becomes evenly dark, soft, glossy, fluffy, full of life and health. Will not wash out. Give it a trial. For a big bottle at Johnsons-Enders-Pauley Drug Co., 7 stores, or Wolf-Wilson Drug Co., St. Louis, Mo. Out-of-town folks supplied by mail—(ADV.)

Strive for and maintain the highest possible standard at all times; when you need help

REMEMBER—

HOSTETTER'S
Stomach Bitters

is a remedy you can always rely on for Stomach and Bowel disorders. Get the genuine

BRYAN WANTS TO ARBITRATE THE DISPUTE WITH GERMANY

Either That or Postpone Settlement Until After the European War He Says in a Detailed Statement Here.

William Jennings Bryan, while waiting in the Union Station this morning for a reply to messages which he had sent to Washington, dictated to reporters a statement regarding the crisis with Germany, which he requested be given to the press of the entire country.

Bryan arrived here from Omaha at 7:30 o'clock. He said that he had read of the danger of a break with Germany and could not tell until later in the morning what his plans would be. He was asked if he would go at once to Washington and replied that he could not answer that question until later.

Later in the morning Bryan decided to go to Washington. He gave out a second statement at Union Station, just before boarding the 12:30 Pennsylvania train for the East, where he was going to try to prevent the United States from getting into the European war.

"I reached St. Louis this morning," he said, "on my way to New Orleans to address a teachers' convention."

"After reading the dispatches in the newspapers I have changed my plans and decided to go to Washington."

"I believe it would be a crime against civilization for this country to go into this war, and therefore I believe for the country to do anything that would increase the chances of going into the war."

Plans Not Formulated. Bryan said that he had not formulated any plan of action in Washington, but felt that it was his duty as a patriotic citizen to go there and do everything he could to prevent the United States from getting into a war with Germany.

On his arrival at Union Station he sent several telegrams from the station and then went to the station dining room. While at breakfast he called several newspaper men to him and asked them for some copy paper. The first sheets given him, he said, would not be enough, so several sheets of foolscap paper were procured.

Bryan wrote out his statement on sheet at a time, permitting reporters to copy each sheet, but retaining his original manuscript. His statement was as follows:

"I know nothing of the controversy with Germany excepting what I have read in the morning newspapers. If the dispute has reached a point where diplomacy is unable to deal with it, there are but two roads open."

Should Resort to Arbitration. "Before there is any necessity for war, first the dispute can be submitted to an international tribunal for investigation and report. This is the plan embodied in 30 articles of the League of Nations, representing three-fourths of the population of the world. These treaties require us to take this course with Great Britain, France, Russia and Italy in case of dispute with any of these nations. Germany has formally approved this plan although no special agreement has yet been negotiated with Germany."

But as the plan was offered to all the world I take it for granted it will at least be proposed before we go to war with any country.

"If for any reason this treaty plan is not employed before going to war, namely, the postponement of the settlement of the dispute until the present war is over."

There are two reasons why this course is preferable to going into this war. First, postponement would in all probability enable us to reach a settlement after the war, the fear of the effect of the settlement on this war being now the greatest obstacle in the way of settlement.

"Second, if we must have a war, it is better to postpone it until after this war is over. Then it will be our war with the nation with which we have our dispute and we can decide when to go in and when to come out."

Entangled With Europe. "But if we go into this war we must stay in until the others come out and while in fight for the things they fight for. In other words, we will become entangled with the dispute of a European monarch and put an American army and navy at the command of a European monarch to be used to fight out his quarrels with other European monarchs. This war has already cost the lives of some 3,000,000 men and filled the old world with widows, orphans and cripples."

"It has created new war debts, nearly if not quite equal to all the accumulated war debts existing when this war began. It is inconceivable that our people desire to enter into this war and spend hundreds of thousands of lives and billions of dollars to vindicate the right of an American citizen to put his convenience above his nation's welfare. It is as much a citizen's duty to consider his country as it is the duty of the country to protect his rights. Instead of surrendering our rights to act as mediator as we would if we went into this war, we should endeavor to persuade the nations at war to come to honorable terms of peace."

"There is no honor that we can gain or preserve by going into this war that is comparable with the honor we can win if we lift Europe out of the mire of blood and up from the brute force level to a plane upon which the nations can deal with each other as brothers and build a permanent peace on love and the spirit of co-operation."

The old world tried to preserve peace by force and fear. Each nation has tried to paralyze the other. We cannot afford to adopt the false philosophy that has made Europe a slaughterhouse. We cannot afford to encourage military issues on one side nor naval issues on the other side.

"Our duty is to stand with both to turn like prodigal sons from the hussar on which they have been feeding and cultivate friendship instead of hatred. It is a supreme opportunity to serve humanity."

Bryan was asked by reporters if President Wilson should break off diplomatic relations with Germany whether he would still favor Wilson for re-nomination for President.

"If he is barred," Bryan retorted, "he refused to discuss the question further. He intimated that he would go to Washington and exert his influence to prevent a break with Germany."

After writing his statement, Bryan went to the Jefferson Hotel, where he was to meet Gov. Major in the lobby. They chatted for a few minutes.

Relations with Germany whether he would still favor Wilson for re-nomination for President.

GORE ADVOCATES TARIFF BOARD IN B. M. L. ADDRESS

Rates Should Be Based on Facts, Not Partisanship, Senator Declares.

Senator Thomas P. Gore of Oklahoma in an address this noon at the members' conference of the Business Men's League, advocated the formation of a permanent bipartisan Tariff Commission of six members, and approved improvement of the Mississippi River to provide a continuous inland waterway from New York to New Orleans.

Senator Gore urged the Democratic tariff theory that no article should be taxed higher than the lowest rate that will yield the largest revenue. He said a Tariff Commission should be composed of experts and trained economists.

Such a commission, he said, also should investigate internal revenue rates in this and other countries, should be constituted as a permanent board of economy and efficiency to eliminate waste and duplication in departments, and that it ought to include work to promote and regulate commerce, such as is usually made the duty of a trade commission.

He said the proposed inland waterway could be constructed at a cost of less than \$7,000,000 to the Government, and that the expenditure should be made.

Senator Gore said that in his opinion the advisability of having a Tariff Commission must be admitted by any person who believed that tariff rates should be based on facts and not on mere partisanship.

"If we have a permanent commission, he said, would be less liable to change with the violent vicissitudes of partisan politics, and would be less affected by the bias and prejudice of partisan controversy than a congressional committee, which under the present system, determines tariff rates."

"The most elaborate and colossal works of pure fiction ever produced in America," he said, "have been the tariff hearings before the Finance Committee of the Senate and the Ways and Means Committee of the House. As works of fancy they are unrivaled by the 'Grape of the Lord.' As works of imagination they are unapproached by 'Paradise Lost.' They have all the vices of extreme testimony, and the virtues of witnesses animated by alternating hope and fear. Every temptation to misstatement is present. Nearly every obligation to truth is absent."

HUGHES HAS LEAD OVER CUMMINS IN NEBRASKA

OMAHA, Neb., April 19.—Returns from yesterday's State primary were so delayed by a long ballot, a large number of candidates and late closing of the polls that early today less than 100 of the precincts in the State had reported. The precincts had from one to the following candidates substantial leads:

President—Republican, Charles E. Hughes; Democratic, Woodrow Wilson, who was unopposed; United States Senator—Republican, John L. Kenney; Democratic, Charles E. Hughes; Governor—Republican, A. L. Burton; Democratic, Keith Neville; National Committeeman—Republican, R. B. Howell; Democratic, James C. Dahlgren.

The name of Justice Hughes was written on the ballots by the voters.

Senator Hughes' nomination was indicated by the largest plurality for any candidate except the Democratic aspirant for Governor. The entrance of William J. Bryan, former Secretary of State, into the campaign in behalf of his brother, Mayor C. W. Bryan of Lincoln, for the gubernatorial nomination, and the former Secretary's opposition to the renomination of Senator Hitchcock attracted keen interest. W. J. Bryan was also a candidate for delegates-at-large to the Democratic National Convention.

Henry Ford of Detroit was a candidate for the Republican nomination for President and ran ahead of all opponents in Omaha, but the small town and country precincts piled up a majority for Hughes. Senator Cummins of Iowa is running closely behind Justice Hughes.

There are two reasons why this course is preferable to going into this war. First, postponement would in all probability enable us to reach a settlement after the war, the fear of the effect of the settlement on this war being now the greatest obstacle in the way of settlement.

"Second, if we must have a war, it is better to postpone it until after this war is over. Then it will be our war with the nation with which we have our dispute and we can decide when to go in and when to come out."

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Are you in line with the

Third National Bank Savers?

Step in to-day and open a SAVINGS ACCOUNT

One Dollar or more will start it

National Bank Protection

for your savings.

BROADWAY 3rd FLOOR OLIVE

GERMAN WHO HELD UP SHIP GETS LIFE TERM FOR PIRACY

Scheiler Pleads Guilty and Says Hatred for England Prompted His Act.

WILMINGTON, Del., April 19.—Ernest Scheiler, alias Clarence R. Hudson, who recently held up the captain and crew of 56 men of the British freighter Matoppo on the high seas, was on his way today to the Federal prison at Atlanta, in custody of United States Marshals. Scheiler yesterday pleaded guilty to piracy and was sentenced to life.

Scheiler yesterday declared that his desire for revenge against England had prompted his act. He denied that robbery had been his motive and said that the chief reason his plan to sink the Matoppo had failed was because he did not want to kill anybody.

"When I took charge of the ship," he said, "it was so rough that it would have been murder to have forced the crew to get out in small boats, as I had at first intended them to do."

Busy Bee Hot Cross Buns. Delicious Hot Cross Buns at 20c dozen.

Stolen Grip Found Buried. A grip containing clothing which had been stolen from the home of Joseph Pantano, 304A Cass avenue, was found last night buried in the backyard at 21st Division street.

MAYOR IN MESSAGE TELLS OF PLANS FOR MILL TAX MONEY

Advocates Readjustment of City Employees' Wages to Conform With Union Scale.

Mayor Kiel indicated in his message to the Board of Aldermen yesterday at its session, that he would like to have the city make a general readjustment of the United Railways used, when received, to bring about a readjustment of city employees' wages and for certain public improvements.

The wage readjustment suggested by the Mayor would include the payment of wages to mechanics and laborers, approximating the union scale, adding about \$300,000 a year to the city payroll. The new city charter provides that the "prevailing rate" of wages shall be paid to mechanics and laborers and members of the Board of Freeholders which drafted the charter have said this was intended to indicate union wages, which could not legally be stipulated in the charter.

The construction of a large lake in Forest Park on which regattas might be conducted was another purpose for which the mill tax revenue ought to be applied, the Mayor said in his message. In another section of the message the Mayor advocated that permanent public improvements be made with the pro-

ceeds of bond issues, so that the cost might be distributed over a period of 30 years. This would enable the city to keep the tax rate lower and would require posterity to pay its share of the cost of improvements, the Mayor said.

He suggested that a committee of Aldermen consider the submission of a bond issue for contemplated public improvements at the November election.

The text of Mayor Kiel's message to the Board of Aldermen follows:

"For a number of years it has been the custom for the chief executive to submit at the beginning of the fiscal year a message to the law-making body calling attention to needed legislation and reviewing in a brief manner the principal accomplishments of the preceding 12 months. In accordance with this custom I am transmitting to you herewith a general resume of work done during the fiscal year 1915-16, together with a few suggestions which are given, and which I know will be received, in the same friendly spirit which has characterized all dealings between the executive and legislative departments in the past.

Interest naturally centers around the municipal bridge, which is now nearing completion after years of delay pending the selection of a site for the east approach. It gives me great pleasure to announce that, in the absence of unforeseen calamity, the bridge will be formally opened to the public next October. At that time it is expected that the highway deck and approaches will be entirely completed and the railroad connections will be made shortly afterward. The opening of the structure will be the occasion of a great public celebration.

"In order that interurban lines crossing the bridge may be able to reach the heart of the business district, ordinances should be enacted for the construction of a municipal loop. This matter is one

which should receive prompt attention. "The South Side swimming pool is practically completed, and while not fully equipped, it will be placed in service this summer.

"Through the reduction of water rates for manufacturers provided for in ordinances recently enacted by your honorable body, industries will be encouraged to locate in St. Louis rather than be forced to remove from our city because of high rates for water. Such legislation is commendable, for the fate of the city is closely linked with that of its industries.

"On account of the dilapidated condition of the old Four Courts Building, the structure has been condemned by the Building Commissioner and will be razed during the summer. The city has used this building as a shelter for homeless men during the cold weather and its wrecking will necessitate the setting aside of other available quarters for a municipal lodging house.

"The Board of Aldermen has recognized the necessity for the establishment of a bureau where the worthy poor may obtain legal advice, and I am pleased to say that the Free Legal

aid Bureau has proved to be of great assistance to those who are financially unable to employ attorneys to aid them in securing justice. The great demand for this bureau is shown by the fact that approximately 900 cases have been handled in the seven months of its existence.

"The citizens of St. Louis have reason to feel gratified over the recent decision of the United States Supreme Court in the mill-tax case. By this decision the United Railways Co. will be required to pay into the city treasury back car taxes aggregating, with interest, more than two million dollars. This amount does not include the taxes which have accrued since the filing of the original suits. The victory is the culmination of years of litigation and, while the amount due the city has not been turned into the treasury at the present writing, there is every reason to believe that the money will be speedily collected.

"Many important improvements have been deferred because of a lack of revenue, and I believe the collection of the mill-tax should be followed immediately by a comprehensive readjustment of the

wages paid employees of the city so as to carry out the intent and purpose of the charter. Other matters which should receive consideration are: Changes in the harbor line on the Mississippi River so that the city may acquire many acres of land for terminal purposes; the purchase of the Payne tract adjoining Tower Grove Park, and the construction of a large lake in Forest Park for regatta purposes.

City's Tax Burden. "For many years St. Louis has suffered because of the burdens imposed upon the city by the State. The municipality has been compelled to maintain eleemosynary institutions which should be operated by the State and, through the unequal methods of the assessment of property in the various counties, has been forced to turn over far more than its just share of revenue. The rural communities, with their low assessment of property, are profiting at the expense of large cities of the State.

"I have determined to press the claims of St. Louis at the next session of the Legislature with the idea of securing a complete revision of State laws affecting our city. I will see that a representative of the municipality is

stationed at Jefferson City during the legislative session and that the present unequal system is forcibly brought to the attention of the legislators.

THE VALUE OF TRUTH. Truth in business is just as important as truthfulness in every-day life; truth creates confidence, establishes good-will and builds a reliability that will not be wrecked by the storms of competition.

Through three generations people have learned to place reliance on the advertised words of Scott's Emulsion, because they are untarnished, unexaggerated truths about a household remedy of real and actual worth. The popularity of Scott's Emulsion increases, as intelligence advances, because it guarantees pure cod liver oil with glycerine and hypophosphites to build strength, improve the blood and strengthen the lungs. It is free from alcohol or opiates—a wholesome food- tonic, truthfully advertised.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J.

15-23

Sonnenfeld's

L. ACKERMAN Manager
610-612 Washington Avenue

Announce for Thursday a Sale of the Entire Suit Stock of the

PALESTER CLOAK & SUIT CO.

(615 N. 9th St., St. Louis)

Purchased at Less Than Wholesale Cost

An economy event that involves more than

1200 Spring Suits

530

"Palester" Suits

Intended Prices,

\$17.50, \$19.75, \$22.50, \$25

\$12.50

690

"Palester" Suits

Intended Prices,

\$27.50, \$30, \$35, \$40

\$17.50



Palester Cloak & Suit Co. are recognized as leading designers and manufacturers. They make only Suits and, as specialists, their styles are naturally of undoubted authority, charm and unusual individuality. Every Suit is superbly hand-tailored.

This purchase of their entire Spring stock was consummated yesterday. The Suits are now being arranged and grouped for convenient selecting. This sale presents an opportunity that no woman and miss in St. Louis can afford to neglect.

100 ultra-fashionable and entirely different styles

Fine Silk Taffeta
Taffeta & Serge combined
Splendid Poplin
All Wool Gabardine

Men's-Wear & Fancy Serge
Velour Checks
Shepherd & Novelty Checks
Braid Trimmed Styles

You will find every desirable Spring color represented and every mode that enjoys favor this season. Sale starts tomorrow morning at 8:30. Even seasoned shoppers have a surprise in store for them when they see the values. Let nothing interfere with your attending.

Sale of Children's and Misses' Street and Sport Hats

\$2 and \$3 Values

\$1.00

They are Sample Hats, secured at less than cost to manufacture. Trimmed Javos, Trimmed Milans, mainly white. Two large tables. In Children's Department, Balcony, First Floor.



Women's \$5 and \$6 EASTER HATS

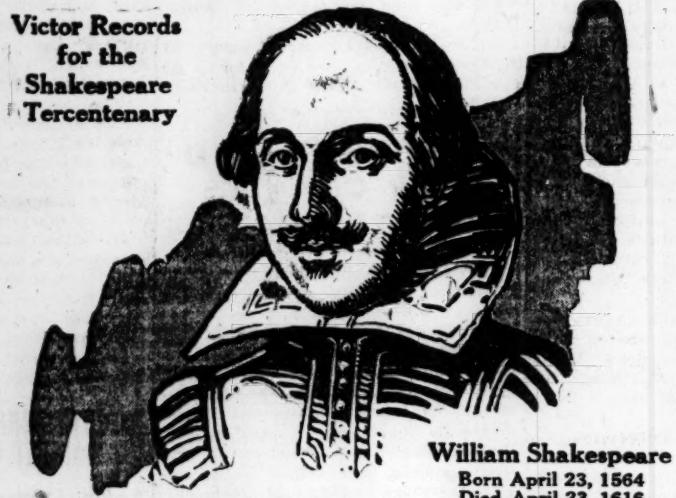
200 Different Styles—Special for

\$3.00

Black hats, white hats, colored hats; large and small sailors, tricornes, fancy shapes, etc.; trimmings of wings, flowers, quills and ribbons. The price reduction is made to enable everyone to secure their Easter hat at a very small outlay. (First Floor)



Victor Records for the Shakespeare Tercentenary



William Shakespeare
Born April 23, 1564
Died April 23, 1616

The songs of Shakespeare are now, for the first time, available to all

This year the world is honoring the memory of Shakespeare, and again the Victor demonstrates its supremacy by presenting a series of Shakespearean numbers.

These Victor Records bring back the long-forgotten music of Shakespeare and for the first time make it available to all. They are now a permanent memorial to the great poet and dramatist.

A few of these interesting Shakespeare records:

- 17423 Under the Greenwood Tree Raymond Dixon
- 17423 What Shall He Have Who Killed the Deer? Victor Male Quartet
- 17717 Blow, Blow, Thou Winter Wind Raymond Dixon and Male Quartet
- 17717 Airs Sung by Ophelia (from Hamlet) Olive Kline
- 17801 Jamaica (Old English Country Dance) Victor Military Band
- 17801 Row Well Ye Mariners (Old English Country Dance) Victor Military Band
- 17801 You Spotted Snakes Victor Women's Chorus
- 17801 Tell Me, Where is Fancy Bred Marsh and Werrenrath
- 17801 Midsummer Night's Dream—Nocturne Victor Concert Orchestra
- 17801 Midsummer Night's Dream—Intermezzo Victor Concert Orchestra

Any Victor dealer will gladly play for you any Shakespearean music and demonstrate the various styles of the Victor and Victrola—\$10 to \$40.

Victor Talking Machine Co., Camden, N. J.

New Victor Records demonstrated at all dealer on the 28th of each month.

Victrola

The instrument of the world's greatest artists

Important warning. Victor Records can be safely and satisfactorily played only with Victor Records or Victor Records. Styles on Victor Records cannot be safely played on machines with lower or other reproducing points.



Favors a Bond Issue. "I take this occasion to again call your attention to the crying need of a substantial issue of bonds for public improvements. It is manifestly unjust to the taxpayers of St. Louis to pay for permanent improvements out of municipal revenue. Posterity will share the benefits derived from these improvements and it should bear its portion of the cost. By the issuance of bonds the payments would cover a period of 30 years and the present rate of taxation could be materially reduced.

"I respectfully recommend that a committee be appointed by the Board of Aldermen to consider the question of submitting an issue of bonds to the voters at the November election.

"The year just ended witnessed the completion of the 100,000-gallon filter plant at the Chain of Rocks, which was placed in service on May 14, 1915. Besides its usual work of operation and maintenance, the Water Division expended about \$60,000 during the year for new work and extensions. The Compton Hill Reservoir is being reconstructed and this work will be completed before December of the present year, thus providing greatly improved water service for South St. Louis.

"Approximately 600 feet of 30-inch cast-iron mains were laid to provide additional outlets for the Bissell's Point pumps and to furnish a more direct route for high pressure to the territory south of the Compton Hill Reservoir. In addition to the above work, automatic stokers, with coal and ash handling machinery, have been installed at Bissell's Point and the Chain of Rocks, enabling the waterworks to use a cheaper grade of coal and reducing the operating expenses not less than \$25,000 per year.

Park Roads Rebuilt.

"On account of the damage done by the disastrous flood last August, the Division of Parks and Recreation was compelled to rebuild many roads in Forest Park, the total amount of road work being about four times that of previous years. A large amount of additional



St. Louis' Original Victrola House

That's Where You Get
Victor Prices—Victor Service
Victor Records—Victor Supplies
and Victor Victrolas

\$15 to \$450

Monthly Terms of Payment Arranged, if Desired

THIEBES PIANO CO.

"THE PIANO AND VICTROLA HOUSE OF ST. LOUIS"

1008 OLIVE ST.

The Sunday Post-Dispatch has over ONE-HALF MILLION more readers than any other newspaper west of the Mississippi. "First in Everything."

85 Speakers for Preparedness.
NEW YORK, April 19.—Eighty-five lawyers and business men have voluntarily enrolled with the speakers' bureau of the National Security League to conduct noonday and evening meetings in the interest of preparedness, it was announced here last night.

BE CAREFUL IN USING SOAP ON YOUR HAIR

Most soaps and prepared shampoos contain too much alkali, which is very injurious, as it dries the scalp and makes the hair brittle. The best thing to use is just plain mulified coconut oil, for it is pure and entirely greaseless. It's very cheap, and beats the most expensive soaps or anything else all to pieces. You can get this at any drug store, and a few ounces will last the whole family for months. Simply moisten the hair with water and rub it in, about a teaspoonful is all that is required. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, cleanses thoroughly, and rinses out easily. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and is soft, fresh looking, bright, fluffy, wavy, and easy to handle. Besides, it loosens and takes out every particle of dust, dirt and sandruff.—ADV.

ALLIES REPLY TO NOTE OF U. S. ON TRADE STRICTURES

Franco-English Statement Has Been Cabled to Washington, London Says.

LONDON, April 19.—The reply of Great Britain and France to the American note concerning the interference with maritime commerce by the entente allies has been cabled to Washington. The communication will be presented to the American Government by the French and British Ambassadors jointly. It consists of two parts, a long note and supplement, signed by the French Government. Since its arrival at Washington certain date changes have been made in the original note.

WILLIAM THAW BRINGS DOWN GERMAN AEROPLANE AT VERDUN

American Volunteer Aviator With French Sent to Front at Paris, April 18.—Lieut. William Thaw of Pittsburgh, one of the American volunteer aviators with the French army, who was sent to Verdun at his own request a fortnight ago, has succeeded in bringing down a German aeroplane. Thaw was in the air an average of seven hours for 11 days and made five flights in two days. On his last day out he felled a German machine, which, however, dropped behind the German lines. He sighted another enemy aeroplane, but having exhausted his machine gun ammunition, he was unable to give chase. Thaw is one of the All-American Aviation Corps of seven, four of whom left Paris last night for the front. They are: Sergt. Norman Prince of Boston, Corporal Kiffin Rockwell of Atlanta, Victor Chapman of New York and James McConnell of Carthage, Mo. They will be joined in the Champagne sector by Lieut. Thaw, who is second in command of the squadron; Sergt. Elliot Cowden and Didier Masson, Cowden, who was also recently at Verdun, and Masson, who was the only aviator with the Mexican army two years ago.

PLANTS INOCULATED WITH CANCER GERMS BY SCIENTIST

Doctor Before National Academy Tells of Researches Expected to Revolutionize Disease Treatment. WASHINGTON, April 19.—Results of research work which he said would revolutionize present theories regarding the origin of cancer were announced before the National Academy of Sciences here yesterday by Dr. Erwin P. Smith, in charge of the pathological laboratory of the Federal Bureau of Plant Industry. He said experiments with plants had convinced him cancer was due to a germ and that solution of the problem of cancer treatment would be possible only when the germ was isolated. Plant tumors, Dr. Smith declared, had been found to be similar to those developed by animals and plants inoculated with what he described as the germs of human cancer, had developed cancerous growths, demonstrating that a micro-organism, contrary to the notions held heretofore, was the cancer agent.

ATTORNEY PUNCHED IN EYE BY HIS 35-YEAR-OLD WARD

Mental Incompetent Objected to Small Amount of Spending Money He Received. William A. Kinnerk, a lawyer, appeared in the Probate Court with court plaster on his eye today and asked Judge Holtcamp to give much-needed advice to his ward, Caspar Gundlach, 35 years old, of 812 Olive street. Gundlach was declared to be mentally incompetent last June and Kinnerk was appointed to be his guardian. Since then he has been paying Gundlach's expenses and furnishing him with spending money out of the proceeds of a small estate inherited by Gundlach. Kinnerk said Gundlach visited him at his office last Saturday and asked for spending money. Kinnerk handed him \$1. Apparently thinking the amount was too small, Gundlach struck Kinnerk in the eye, knocking him down.

GEN. WOOD IS SUMMONED TO WASHINGTON FOR CONFERENCE

Outstanding Reason Is to Discuss Military Camps Which Will Be Held Next Summer. WASHINGTON, April 19.—The War Department last night wired Gen. Wood at Governor's Island to come to Washington today for a conference. Officials said the conference was about the military camps, but did not explain just why he should be called at this time to discuss the camps, which will not be opened for at least six weeks. Reports concerning Mexico and the German situation were circulated as the possible cause for asking Wood to come to Washington.

31 SICK SOLDIERS RETURNED

Troops at Columbus Suffering From Minor Complaints. COLUMBUS, N. M., April 19.—Thirty-one sick and injured men were brought from the front yesterday. Many of them had been treated in the field hospital in Colonia Dublan and were suffering from minor diseases. None was in a dangerous condition and none had been injured in action. Maj. Clyde S. Ford of the medical corps of Wheeling, W. Va., arrived from the field on his way to London, where he has been detailed as medical observer with the British army.

Store Your Furs, Rugs, Winter Clothing, Etc., in Our Cold, Dry Air Storage Vaults



Buy Your Cakes, Pies, Pastries and Rolls in Our Bake Shop

Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney

Established in 1850
OLIVE — LOCUST — NINTH — TENTH
The Best Goods for the Price No Matter What the Price

Buy Your Easter Flowers and Plants in Our Floral Shop

Those Who Have Not Yet Selected Their Apparel for Easter Will Be Delighted With Our Showing

The Clothing and Furnishings Your Boy Will Need for Easter



If your boy needs a new suit for Easter or dress wear, or for school, or if he needs new Hats or Furnishings of any kind—come to Vandervoort's for them.

Our stock is so extensive that it will be an easy matter for you to quickly make a satisfactory choice.

Boys' Suits in Spring Models

Included in our stock of Boys' Suits will be found the Norfolk, "pinch-back" and double-breasted two and three-button coats—in fact all of the best styles of the season. They are made from the most popular materials and are in the prevailing shades for Spring. Prices **\$5 to \$18**

The New Wash Suits

Our display of Boys' Wash Suits is specially extensive in style, material and pattern. The prices range from **\$1.25 to \$5**

Topcoats for Boys

Topcoats for boys of 2½ to 10 years are priced at **\$5 to \$10**

A Variety of Hats

Children's Straw, Washable and Cloth Hats for Spring and Summer wear are priced at **50c to \$3.50**

Blouses, Neckwear, Etc.

Boys' Blouses, Shirts, Collars, Neckwear, Belts, and all Furnishings Accessories, will be found here at moderate prices.

Girls' New Easter Suits That Are Excellent Values at \$8.75 to \$25

We have specially priced, for this week's selling, an unusually pretty line of Girls' Shoe-top Suits, of all-wool checks serge and gabardine.

These suits are in the becoming Norfolk and "Country Club" models and are just the thing for Easter wear; sizes 10 to 16 years (intermediate.) Unusually good values at **\$8.75 to \$25**

Great Sale of Easter Lilies

These are splendid Potted Lilies and at these very low prices none will be held for future delivery and no telephone or mail orders will be accepted. None exchanged.

50c a Pot

If Taken With You

55c a Pot

If We Deliver Them

Washable Corduroy Skirts, \$3.95

We will offer—tomorrow—some new Washable Pin-stripe Corduroy Skirts—suitable for both sport and street wear—in all-white and white with combination of rose, gold or blue corduroy.

They have wide, tailored belt, with slight gathers at the back, and two "trouser" pockets. They are actual \$5.95 values. Very specially priced at **\$3.95**

Jewelry Is Probably the Most Popular Easter Gift

Gold-filled Pocket Knives—thin models—plain or hand-engraved or in the popular green gold; values \$2.00 to \$3.00 each. Sale price, choice at **95c**

Italian Cut Jet Neck Beads are offered in the round or oblong shape and in four different sizes. 24-inch strands that are the regular \$5.00 to \$7.50 qualities are specially priced at **\$1.95**

Gold-filled Lingerie Clasps Gold-filled Buckle Pins—narrow and medium widths. three on a card. The set Prices **25c and 50c**

In the Vandervoort Basement Tomorrow

The other day a lady said: "I am so glad you now have a Basement: I have often wondered why you did not have one—and the goods seem so much fresher and brighter in this Basement."

There are no doubt many others of the same opinion. New articles are put on sale here every day—be sure to stroll through when you are in the store.

Japanese Kimonos, \$1.39
Women's Japanese Crepe Kimonos—fast colors—pretty hand-embroidered in cherry blossoms, chrysanthemums or roses; giraffe to match. Choice is offered of lavender, rose, pink or blues. Price **\$1.39**

Fine Voile Waists, \$1.35
Women's Voile Blouses, trimmed with tucks and bands of embroidery and Val lace. They have laydown collar of embroidery and are edged with Val lace and deep cuffs trimmed with lace insertion; sizes 34 to 44. Special values at **\$1.35**

Telephone Stand and Chair, \$1.35
Telephone Stand and Chair—complete. The pieces are well made and nicely finished in Fumed, Early English or Golden Oak, or Mahogany finish. The stand has a shelf for the book and a swinging arm lined with green felt to hold the telephone. The small chair is made to fit closely under the stand when not in use; the regular \$4.75 value. Sale price **\$2.05**

Boys' Wash Suits, \$1.65
In the lot will be found "Tommy Tucker," Norfolk, Juniors', Middy and Sport-Blouse style Suits for small boys of 2½ to 8 years; also some of the improved "Oliver Twist" suits, and some suits with low neck and short sleeves for the smaller boys. Very specially priced at **\$1.65**

25c Wash Goods, 19c
Printed Vails and Neige—36 inches wide—in both large and small designs. Large line to select from. The 25c qualities for the yard **19c**

Character Dolls
Unbreakable Dolls—"Character" faces with appropriate costumes—suitable for either boys or girls. Prices **25c and 50c**

Easter Greeting Cards, Folders Stationery, Place Cards, Etc.

In addition to a great variety of Easter Greeting Cards and Folders—both religious and humorous—for the children as well as the grown-ups, our Stationery Shop is showing many attractive articles appropriate for Easter Gifts. Included are Correspondence Cards in all the delicate Easter shades, Boxed Paper, dainty Quill Pens and Desk "Fixings" in brass and leather.

Stationery, Tally and Place Cards

Boxes of "Commonwealth" Paper and Envelopes, neatly put up in packages of the same color as contents, make a most acceptable gift.

Package Paper in beautiful shades of blue, lavender and buff. Price **35c**

Envelopes to match, the package **15c**

You will also find a pleasing variety of Tally and Place Cards for Easter-week parties.

First Floor

Buy a "Wooltex" Suit for Easter—Exceptional Models at \$25

Women of moderate means, and conservative or semi-conservative taste should make it a point to inspect our pleasing display of "Wooltex" Suits—for Easter and later wear.

They are made in belted styles and with Eton coats, from hair-line mannish serges in navy and black, and are silk-trimmed; checks and plain colors; also some plain tailored models of serge and gabardine, with Norfolk coats cut on new lines.

The range of models is so extensive that everyone can find a becoming model. Price **\$25**

Third Floor

Easter is the Day of Music—Buy a Victrola Tomorrow

There should be music in every home, and, of all musical instruments, the Victrola is the most satisfactory, because you can hear any kind of music at any time, rendered by the world's greatest artists.

The Victrola illustrated is the beautiful XVI. It has a wonderfully clear, full tone, and the voice of the artist is reproduced perfectly.

When a violin record is used the tone is so natural that it is hard to believe that you are not actually listening to the artist in person.

This instrument may be purchased on terms of \$15 at the time the machine is sent home and \$10 monthly.

Other Victrolas

\$15 to \$400

We Have a Complete Stock of Victor Records

Sixth Floor.

Attractive New House Dresses at Moderate Prices

One very pretty new House Dress is made of chambray. It has yoke front and white embroidery collar, with small yoke effect on the skirt; trimmed with pipings of striped gingham. Sizes 39 to 51. Price **\$2.50**

Another new House Dress is of fine lawn in effective stripes. It has square collar and three-quarter-length sleeves; full plaited skirt with black velvet belt. Price **\$3.95**

For stout figures—we are offering a special House Dress of striped gingham. It has a flat-stitched collar edged with embroidery and plait over the shoulder; full gathered skirt. It is an unusual value at **\$1.95**

Third Floor

Infants' Sacques

Infants' hand-embroidered Cashmere Sacques make dainty Easter gifts and are priced at **50c to \$4.50**

One, which is especially pretty, has hand shell-edged neck and sleeves and a cluster of French knots. Price **\$1**

Third Floor.

New Silk Blouses

Crepe de Chine Blouses with sailor collar and Lord Byron effect; deep cuffs with turnover, and the front is finished with large pearl buttons; flesh color or all-white; sizes 34 to 42. Special at **\$6.50**

Third Floor.

Suitcases and Bags

Feather-weight Suitcases with reinforced corners and leather-covered handle; brass bolts and good lock; cloth-lined with pocket in lid.

24-inch size, **\$3.00**
26-inch size, **\$3.50**

Third Floor.

\$10 Bag for \$7.75

Genuine Cowhide Traveling Bags, made on sewed-in English frames and with sewed-on corners; brass bolts and good lock, and leather-lined with pocket and leather-covered handle; value, \$10.00. Sale price **\$7.75**

First Floor.

White Golfines
Colored Golfines
Checks, Mixtures
Serges, Gabardines
Wool Poplins
Plaids and Stripes

And you have choice of all these cloths, in a dozen or more styles, for sport, motoring, street and general service wear. Any Coat you may select you save from \$3.50 to \$6.50, and we'll show you the \$15.75 Coats just as cheerfully as those at \$12.50. Choose the Coat you like at the one price—**\$8.98**.

The 3 Coats Pictured at Right Are From the \$8.98 Sale Group



Special Showing of Silk Coats
at **\$10 \$15 \$25 \$35 and \$39.50**

CLEAN-UP OF SUITS

in which are 287 Suits from our \$15, \$16.75 and \$18 lines. Just because they are short lots, will go at one sale price.

\$10.90

We Said "Short Lots"—

And we'll give the exact number of Suits at each former value and the sizes:

83 from the \$18.00 lines. Sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44; about an equal number of each size.
98 from the \$16.75 line; 10 34s, 15 36s, 22 38s, 31 40s, 14 42s, 10 44s.
106 from the \$15.00 line: 23 34s, 19 36s, 28 38s, 17 40s, 25 42s, 27 44s.

Tailored and trimmed styles, in blues, browns, black and checks.



Clean-Up of Girls' Dresses
Offering Values Up to \$4 for **\$2.98**

Late arrivals in Girls' Easter Frocks, in pretty washable materials, embroidered rep, fine linens, piques and chambray, in the new Cossack, middie, coatee and Empire styles, in all-white, pink, rose, green and blue; plenty of large sizes for the growing girls and juniors; sizes 6 to 17 years.

THOMAS W. GARLAND

409-11-13 Broadway

WOMAN JURY TRIES SHEEP CASE

BOISE, Idaho, April 18.—Twelve women sat in the jury box in the District Court here, the first body of the sort to be empaneled in Idaho, and weighed the evidence submitted in a civil case. After deliberating two and a half hours Mrs. Lottie M. Gravelly, wife of a broker, as forewoman, rendered the unanimous verdict for the plaintiff, awarding \$115.

The case was one involving commissions on the sale of sheep.

LETTER SAYS WOMAN'S VOICE IS NEEDED IN CITY HOUSEKEEPING

Note Sent When It Is Learned There Is No Laundry for House of Detention.

Woman's voice is needed in the city housekeeping, it is stated in a letter to the head of all the city departments by the Civic Committee of the Woman's Council, of which Mrs. Albert Cleaver is chairman. This conclusion was reached, the letter states, after an investigation showing that the plans for a new House of Detention make no provision for a laundry.

"Such provision should by all means be made," continues the letter, "as no good housekeeper wishes to borrow laundry privileges from her neighbor." It is further suggested that a garden should be made on the east side of the present building. The cutting of six windows in the east wall to provide light and ventilation for the rooms occupied by the children also is urged. The committee found that the house is kept as clean as possible under the circumstances. New plaster and paint for the schoolroom are suggested.

Doctor Says Nuxated Iron Will Increase Strength of Delicate People 200% in Ten Days

In many instances—Persons have suffered untold agony for years doctoring for nervous weakness, stomach, liver or kidney disease or some other ailment when their real trouble was lack of iron in the blood—How to tell.

In a recent discourse, Dr. E. Sauer, a well-known specialist who has studied widely both in this country and Europe, said: If you were to make an actual blood test on all people who are ill you would probably be greatly astonished at the exceedingly large number who lack iron in the blood. The moment iron is supplied all the multitude of dangerous symptoms disappear. Without iron the blood at once loses the power to change food into living tissue and therefore nothing you eat does you any good; you don't get the strength out of it. Your food merely passes through your system like corn through a mill with the rollers so wide apart that the mill can't grind. As a result of this continuous blood and nerve starvation, people become generally weakened, nervous and all run down and frequently develop all sorts of conditions. One is too thin, another is burdened with unhealthy fat; some are so weak they can hardly walk; some think they have dyspepsia, kidney or liver trouble; some can't sleep at night; others are sleepy and tired all day; some fussy and irritable; some dizzy and bloodless, but all lack physical power and endurance. In such cases it is worse than foolishness to take stimulating medicines or narcotic drugs, which only whip up your fading vitality for the moment, maybe at the expense of your life later on. No matter what anyone tells you, if you are not strong and well you owe it to yourself to make the following test: See how long you can work or bear fatigue without becoming tired. Next take two

FAILS TO LEARN IN TWO YEARS—HOW PRESIDENT IS ELECTED

Man in Baltimore Naturalization Court Makes on Question in Five Attempts.

BALTIMORE, April 18.—How is the President of the United States elected? Five times this question has been put to Michael Hegarty, a bartender, when he appeared before Judge Rose, in the Federal Naturalization Court, and five times in the last two years Michael has failed to give the proper answer.

On his fifth attempt, after having answered a few preliminary questions by Special Examiner O. T. Moore, he faced Judge Rose.

"How is the President elected?" asked the Judge.

"By the people," said Hegarty.

Then the Court wished to know some details concerning the naming of a man for this important post, but Hegarty had reached the limit of his knowledge on the subject.

His case was postponed for further consideration.

WATCHMAN KILLS MAN SUSPECTED AS DAYLIGHT THIEF

Says He Fired Two Shots in Air First and Then Aimed Straight.

HAD TROUBLE WITH GANG

Men Had Been Trying to Steal Tubs of Butter and Milk.

James J. Steffens, a licensed watchman for the Cal Hirsch & Sons Army and Navy Goods Co., 315 Spruce street, shortly after noon today shot and killed a man he saw running from a shed in the rear of the Johnson Buttery Co., 222 Clark avenue, and whom he suspected of having tried to steal a tub of butter and a can of milk that were found in the shed. The slain man was shot through the brain. At the morgue there was found in his clothes a free bridge pass made out to Joseph Harding, 228 Lynch street.

Steffens said he aimed directly at the man after firing two shots into the air to stop him. He also said the man turned and made a motion as if to draw a weapon. Steffens was then about 25 feet from him.

The man was identified by Steffens as one of a gang he had encountered in the alley earlier in the day. About 10 a. m. Steffens caught a man carrying a tub of butter from the shed and arrested him. Steffens took this man to the office of the buttermilk company, but the proprietor was not in and Steffens let him go. At that time, he said, he was followed by a gang of which the dead man was a member. The watchman said this gang was known to him as the "Spruce street gang."

Steffens was arrested. He is married and lives at 2709 Shenandoah avenue.

TWO NEW ALIMONY POINTS DECIDED BY APPEALS COURT

Mrs. Fannie Price Chapman Found to Be Entitled to Money Judgment in Divorce Case.

The Court of Appeals today decided that Mrs. Fannie Price Chapman was entitled to a judgment for alimony against Fred E. Chapman, a real estate dealer, from whom she obtained a divorce about a year ago. Judge Allen made the decision and Judge Norton concurred. Judge Reynolds dissented and announced he would certify the decision to the Missouri Supreme Court. Two points never before brought up in an alimony case in Missouri were involved in this appeal.

It was decided that alimony may be granted, even though service of the defendant in a divorce case has been by publication. In the Circuit Court Judge Shields had ruled to the contrary.

Another point raised in the appeal was that Chapman, by his marriage in 1911, transferred to his brother, Walter Chapman, property at 939 Wells avenue, 468 Etzel avenue and 640 Etzel avenue, with the purpose of depriving his wife of the rights in the property. Testimony showed that Fred Chapman continued to collect the rents from this property.

\$1050 IN JEWELRY STOLEN FROM W. C. SCHRAMM'S HOME

Burglar Throws Gold Watch in Hedge; Neighbor Picks It Up and Reports Loss.

The home of William C. Schramm, chief Deputy Assessor, 5501 Von Versen avenue, was entered by burglars last night and jewelry, whose value is stated in a police report at \$1050, was taken.

The fact of the burglary first became known at 8:30 this morning, when a neighbor found Schramm's gold watch and chain in a hedge where it had been thrown. The articles taken from the house, according to the family's report to the police, were chiefly diamond rings and pins.

Our Special Easter Box Contains Twelve Lilies, \$1.50. Grimm & Gorly.

U. S. ANTI-AIRCRAFT SQUAD

Marines Skilled in High Altitude Gunnery Are Organized.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—A company of United States marines, skilled in high altitude gunnery, has been attached to the advance base brigade of the United States Marine Corps, and will be known as the Anti-aircraft Gun Company.

This is the first anti-aircraft company organized in the Marine Corps, if not the first in the United States.

Rug carpets and rugs washed and made to look like new. Alaco Laundry Co. Lindell 1749, Deimar 1807.

GUESS PIG AND HEN CHUMMY

Occupy Same Hospital Cage as Subjects for Scientific Experiments.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., April 18.—A guinea pig and a hen are congenial friends to be seen in the furnace room of the medical building at the Lincoln Memorial Hospital. They are "at home" in a small wire cage. Their neighbors in other adjoining cages are all guinea pigs. The pig squeaks and the hen clucks.

Scientific experiments are often made with the animals by physicians.

Buy Hot Hot Cross Buns. Delicious Hot Cross Buns at 5c dozen.

Severely Burned Trying to Save \$300.

PRESCOTT, Ark., April 18.—Sam Kautz, elderly, unmarried and living alone three miles west of here, was severely burned when trying to save \$300 he had hidden under his house, which fire had assailed. Before he could emerge, the burning porch fell upon him. The money was destroyed.

\$5.50 DETROIT & RETURN

April 22, via Clover Leaf Route. Good in sleeping cars. 415 Olive street.

40-In. Silk Crepe de Chines

78c

Standard grade 40-inch Silk Crepe de Chines, flesh color only, for waists, dresses or underwear; special Thursday at 78c.

No phone or mail orders filled. (Main Floor.)

Nugent's
Central 3900 Olive 3900

Easter Suits

Another lot of beautiful Suits to go on sale Thursday. These Suits have been selected from our higher priced lines.

In One Specially Priced Lot Tomorrow at

\$15

Suits of Gabardines
Poplins and Serges
Shepherd Checks
Novelty Mixtures

Colors are reseda, tan, Belgian, gray, navy and black, in Norfolk, belted, flare and ripple, tailored and semi-tailored styles.

Every Size for Every Woman

If there should be any alterations necessary we guarantee that they will be finished in time for Easter, there will be no disappointments.

Let Us Make Your Easter Hat

Here Is the Proposition



We place on sale tomorrow a great quantity of Untrimmed Hats in all the new colors and styles of finest quality. These Untrimmed Shapes have been gathered from previous sales held at high prices.

They are all new, smart shapes, in both large and small styles. We sell them tomorrow for

In connection with this, we will place on sale a wonderful lot of flowers in an endless variety of colors and kinds. Values up to 85c will be offered tomorrow at, per spray, 29c

As an Easter offering Thursday we will trim these Hats FREE of charge in a most artistic manner by our expert milliners to your liking.

You can readily see that these two special sales combined with the free trimmings will make you a very beautiful hat at a great saving. This offer for one day only. We advise you to take advantage. (Second Floor.)

Girls' White Easter Dresses

The Balance of a Purchase of Beautiful Crisp White Dresses



Goes on sale Thursday. Girls' Dresses in many different styles of lawns, voiles and batiste, daintily trimmed with various laces, finished with satin ribbon girdles and bows; sizes 6 to 14 years; Thursday for

\$2.88

We are featuring a complete new line of White Confirmation and Graduation Dresses for girls and juniors, ages 6 to 16 years. Prices range from

\$2.00 to \$16.75

(Second Floor.)

Men—Your Easter Hat

We call your attention to our "Byron Brand" Hats because they are better than the hat usually found for the price.

They are made according to our own specifications, silk bands and bindings, imported leathers, new shades and styles. The price never varies, but we are continuously increasing the value for the price,

\$3



We also specialize on Hats at \$1.85

Boys' Easter Suits

Boys' Suits—2 Pr. Pants,

\$5.00

New Spring patterns and models, made with Norfolk style, patch pockets and nicely tailored, both pants lined throughout, sizes 7 to 17 years.

Boys' "Elk Jr." Suits,

\$5.75

These are a lot of Suits that are tailored just a little better than the average suit at this price. (Third Floor.)



We are ready for the Easter rush and offer for tomorrow, our special in men's and young men's Suits at

\$13.50



We feature and specialize this line of men's and young men's suits, their merits have been tested by hundreds of St. Louis men and young men this season. The way in which they have been commented upon and have been received with such favor has proven to us that they are just what we claim for them, the very best suit for the price to be had anywhere.

The workmen are better, the workmanship the best, the styles and models the newest, the patterns we show are of the latest prevailing fashions, including everything that is new and up-to-date; 2 and 3 button sack suits, soft roll and the new pinch backs, quarter silk lined, full silk lined and mohair lined, in fact all styles, colors and materials for young men and conservative dressers.

B. NUGENT & BRO. DRY GOODS CO., Broadway, Washington Av. and St. Charles St.



Easter Footwear

In all the new shades and leathers; made in all sizes and widths; very attractive; \$5 models for

\$2.85

Don't fail to come here for your Easter Footwear, as we are giving the best values, styles, fits and service in St. Louis.

You will find these \$4 Values here for



\$2.85

ROSENBACH

4th Fl. Mermod-Jaccard Bldg. Broadway and Locust.

St. Louis, Kansas City, Cincinnati, Detroit.

Furs Stored

Klines

Furs Stored

\$10 Coat Special

Many Much Higher Priced Coats Are Included in This Sale

Silks, Coverts, Chinchillas, Checks, Golfines, Worsteds.

\$10

You never before saw such Coats at this price. Every new style feature is represented and the materials are positively wonderful—and coming as it does just before Easter, this timely offer is an excellent opportunity for you to secure a becoming Coat at the ridiculously low price of \$10

A Dress Sale Extraordinary

Many Beautiful Silk Dresses Have Suffered Great Reductions for This Sale

Dresses Up to \$20,

\$9.75

There are just 150 of these unusually pretty dresses, and we suggest that you be here early in order to have your choice of the complete assortment. Included are crepe de chine, Georgette combinations, taffetas, in plain and striped colors as well as checked—and the colors are all the pretty shadings of the season. In a special sale tomorrow at **\$9.75**

Nightdresses

Beautiful Gowns of Shell Pink and White Nainsook

\$1.00


We have just received several new shipments of Dollar Gowns, and our stock is most complete with dainty fresh garments, in shell pink and white nainsook of very sheer quality. They are prettily trimmed back and front with lace, and are exceptional bargains at **\$1.00**

The New "Tog" Boot

Shown on the Balcony

Our Latest Novelty The "Tog Boot"

Fresh from Fifth Avenue, this latest novelty comes to us. It is a striking boot, 5 1/2 inches high, in a combination of white and tan and can be worn to great advantage with "daytime" apparel. Priced moderately at **\$6.50**

 **99 $\frac{11}{100}$ % PURE**

Portuguese Internes Germans.
LISBON, April 19.—The Portuguese Government has ordered the expulsion of all Germans over military age and the internment in concentration camps of the others, according to the Seculo. The sequestration of all property belonging to Germans has also been ordered.

STOMACH UPSET?

Get at the Real Cause—Take
Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets

That's what thousands of stomach sufferers are doing now. Instead of taking tonics or trying to patch up a poor digestion, they are attacking the real cause of the ailment—clogged liver and disordered bowels.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets arouse the liver in a soothing, healing way. When the liver and bowels are performing their natural functions, away goes indigestion and stomach trouble.

If you have a bad taste in your mouth, tongue coated, appetite poor, lazy, don't-care feeling, no ambition or energy, troubled with undigested food, you should take Olive Tablets, the substitute for calomel.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil. You will know them by their olive color. They do the work without griping, cramps or pain.

Take one or two at bedtime for quick relief, so you can eat what you like. At 15c and 25c per box. All druggists. The Olive Tablet Company, Columbus, O.



Finest
SAFE
MILK

Baby Will Thrive on
STEINLAGE
SAFE MILK
Steinlage Sanitary Milk Co.
Highest Scored Dairy
Bell 2000. Kinloch, 28.
Coffey 96. Deimar 33.

Thursday and Friday Specials REMLEY'S

6th and Franklin
"The ONE BIG Store"
More Fish Than All St. Louis, Together

Fresh Caught Buffalo, 7c
Fresh Caught Jack Salmon, 12c
Fresh Sliced Halibut, 20c
Channel Catfish, 10c
Sunfish, 7c
Superior Whitefish, 15c
Potomac Shad, size, each 40c
Ocean Flounders, 10c

SMOKED AND SALT FISH
Large Norway Bloster
Mackerel, 40c value, lb. 25c
Round Shore Herring, 34c
Boneless Cod Fish, 12c
Smoked White Fish, 14c
Pinnas Haddock, beautiful golden brown, lb. 14c

We carry a full line of River and Ocean Fish, Smelts, Lobsters, Hard Shell Crabs, Soft Shell Crabs, Fresh Shrimps, Cooked Shrimps.

Fresh Oysters, big solid measure, 20c
Oysters, large size, can, 20c

Hot Cross Buns
Large, beautiful, 10c
Small, 5c
per doz. 6c

Duck Eggs, per dozen, 3 for 10c
Turkey Eggs, nice large, 20c
Colored Rabbit Eggs, 35c
RABBIT CAKES

With large colored Easter Eggs, 5c
In box of 100, each 5c

McKINLEY SYSTEM OFFERS TO WAIVE FREIGHT ARBITRARY

Attorney Makes Proffer to City
in Return for Permission to
Raise Passenger Charges.

The McKinley Traction System would be willing to accept an ordinance requiring it to haul coal and other freight across the river without an arbitrary freight charge, as a consideration for an amendment of its city franchise permitting it to charge a maximum passenger fare of 10 cents, instead of five cents between Granite City and points on its line in St. Louis. It was stated last night by H. J. Green, an attorney, representing the interurban line at a hearing before a special committee of the Board of Aldermen.

Green told the Aldermen that he was authorized by the directors of the company to speak for them on this point, but he had no hesitation, he said, in stating that the company would be willing to haul coal and other freight across the river, charging a differential that would be the same rate per mile for that section of the haul as was charged for the same service on the lines in Illinois.

Bill Before Aldermen.
The subject of the hearing was a bill introduced by Alderman Scholl, without consultation with McKinley System officials, providing that the road might make its proposed passenger rate increases between St. Louis and the Tri-Cities, and granting it the additional privilege of hauling freight of all kinds over its lines on North Ninth and Twelfth streets and over the steam railway tracks on the levee, which the city is about to acquire title to from the Terminal Railroad Association.

The bill stipulates that freight must be brought over the bridge without an "arbitrary" charge, and the bill describes the charges to be made on freight between Venice, Ill., the eastern end of the bridge, and St. Louis, as "the same rate per mile that is charged on other sections of the line in Illinois."

Alderman Scholl said it was his purpose in introducing the bill to determine if it was possible for the city to adjust the passenger rate controversy with the road, instead of submitting the matter to the Interstate Commerce Commission, which now has it under consideration. A commissioner will take testimony in the case at the Planters Hotel Friday.

Green told the committee last night that it was his opinion the Interstate Commerce Commission had power to authorize an increase in the rates, even in the face of a franchise provision limiting the rates. The McKinley franchise, enacted in 1905, limits passenger rates between St. Louis and the Tri-Cities to 5 cents.

City Counselor Daues, when asked by Aldermen whether Green's contention was correct, replied that this was the very point which the city was consulting in its protest to the Interstate Commerce Commission, and would have to be decided by the courts. When pressed for an opinion as to the probable decision, Counselor Daues said he had an opinion on the subject, which he would express to the Aldermen only in a private conference. The statement was taken to indicate that the city's law department was dubious about its prospects of success.

The aldermen committee agreed to postpone further action until the commerce commission hearing. Attorney Green agreed to provide the committee with a transcript of the testimony before the commission, and to produce any witnesses the committee might ask for afterward without subpoenas being issued.

C. E. Smith, a civil engineer attached to the city's Public Utility Department, who is an expert on railroad operation, told the aldermen the city had gathered all the evidence it required in the rate case, and would attempt to show that a 5-cent fare was sufficient to compensate the McKinley system.

The committee was urged to grant the McKinley system freight hauling privileges to encourage industries in St. Louis, by K. L. Bonnell, representing the Brecht Butcher Supply Co., C. M. Ernst of the Mound City Paint Co., and William Seewald, M. R. Morris and August O. Marx, representing the North St. Louis Realty Owners' Association, spoke against the bill. Marx said the company had no right to operate in St. Louis because the old city charter forbade a "street railway" to lay tracks unless the rails were 4 feet 10 inches apart; and the McKinley System has standard gauge tracks of 4 feet 8 1/2 inches. Morris said the McKinley System had violated all the provisions of its franchise in St. Louis, and would ruin the north side streets which it traversed for residential purposes if it was permitted to carry freight without restrictions. The Scholl bill provides that freight may be carried in trains not to exceed four cars and an engine.

Busy Bee Easter Offerings.
Sweet Meat Boxes, Eggs and Baskets filled with Busy Bee Candies make Most Appropriate Easter Gifts.

O. L. WHITELAW IS RECOVERING
Suffered from Dislocated Fingers in Fall Downtown.

Oscar L. Whitelaw, 70 years old, formerly assistant treasurer in charge of the United States Subtreasury in St. Louis, who suffered four dislocated fingers and a severe nervous shock yesterday afternoon in a fall on a stairway in the Times Building, was reported this morning to be recovering rapidly. Physicians at first feared that the shock to a man of his age might prove perilous, but members of his family said he passed a good night and that the family was not alarmed about his condition.

"ACTOIDS" ACT ACTIVELY.
"ACTOIDS" Do Not Grip Nor Sticks.

3c Coats' Thread
Six cord Spool Cotton, black and white, all numbers; on mail or phone order 7 for 25c
—Main floor.

"Watch The Lindell"
THE LINDELL STORE
"The Center of Economy" | Washington, Eighth and St. Charles

1 Size Listerine
14-ounce, 51c
bottle of this perfect anti-septic and germicide.
—Main floor.

Reorganization Sale

Are Measured Only by Individual Needs. Unequaled Savings in Every Section

25c & 35c Hosiery
Silk hosiery and fine mercerized cotton. All fashioned with high spliced heels and double soles and toes, black, white and a few colors; samples and slight irregularities; sizes 8 1/2 to 10; pair, for age, 3 pairs for age.
17c
—Main floor.

35c and 38c Union Suits
Fine cotton, with silk and mercerized taped necks and arms, lace knee, regular and extra sizes, 34 to 44, at...
25c
—Main floor.

35c Silk Hosiery
High fiber boot silk with high spliced heels, double soles, toes and elastic tops, black, white and colors, 8 1/2 to 10 sizes.
23c
—Main floor.

\$1 Union Suits
Men's genuine Portoknit Union Suits, first quality, white and ecru, 1/2 sleeves, ankle or 3/4 lengths, 34 to 44 sizes.
65c
—Main floor.

12 1/2c Percale
36-inch Percale, in light or dark grounds, neat printed stripes, checks and floral figures, yard.
8 1/2c
—Main floor.

75c Corduroy
White Dress Corduroy, velvet finish, warranted to launder well, narrow cord, yard.
47c
—Main floor.

7 1/2c and 10c Hdks.
Narrow hem and crocheted edge handkerchiefs, with initials or embroidered designs, slightly muscled from display, each.
5c
—Main floor.

Women's \$2.50 Dresses
Tailored porch dresses of white pleated neat style with large roll collar and turn-back cuffs, large pearl buttons and patch pocket on skirt.
\$1.95
—Second floor.

95c Crepe Gowns
Cotton crepe gowns in plain or flowered patterns, slipover style, all sizes, Thursday.
50c
—Second floor.

\$2.50 Corsets
La Verne Corsets, of good coutil, medium bust, long skirt, lace and ribbon trimmed, good fasteners, all sizes.
\$1.69
—Second floor.

35c Silk Gloves
Women's short Silk Gloves, in black only, sizes 5 1/2 to 6 1/2, Thursday, only, pair.
25c
—Main floor.

25c & 35c Embroideries
18-inch sheer or medium weight Batiste Corset Cover Embroidery; also fine 27-in. Baby Flounce in neat, dainty patterns, yard.
15c
—Main floor.

Palmolive Combination Offer
3 Cakes Palmolive Soap...30c
1 Jar P. O. Vanishing Cream...50c
or 1 Box of P. O. Powder...50c
Special at 44c
—Main floor.

25c & 35c Embroideries
18-inch Cambric Embroidery; ideal for underwear; a new Spring pattern, yard.
18c
—Main floor.

Because There Were 1000 to Begin With Is the
Only Reason for Continued Choosing in These
Women's & Misses' Suits

at **\$12.50**

Rightful Prices Are \$20 to \$25
Such selling as has prevailed since Monday morning is unparalleled—such values are met only at season-end.

Jauntiest styles of Gabardine, Whipcord, Tweeds, Checks, Serge and Diagonals.

Their distinctive looks show the superior tailoring they have had; the silk linings and the finish show their high quality—every garment tells the story of excess value.



A Before-Easter Sale Brings \$6.75 and \$7.50 Waists

at **\$4.95**

Just 84 garments marked to this figure, captivating styles of plain and striped crepes and some tailored effects, going quickly at **\$4.95**.

500 new lingerie Waists which have been 95c, now... **69c**

360 fresh lingerie and tailored Waists, \$1.25 grade, now... **89c**

840 white summery Blouses, worth \$1.38, at... \$1.19

144 Crepe and Jap Embroidered Waists, \$2.50 grade, for... **\$1.69**

—Third floor.

20'clock Special
19c Bath Towels

18x40-inch bleached and hemmed Turkish Towels, good absorbent quality (no telephone or mail orders, and limit of 4 to customer), each.
7 1/2c
—Main floor—Square "L."

True Lindell Values Are These Easter Lilies in Pots 29c

They are all selected plants, fresh from the grower; have from 4 to 6 blossoms. We advise early choosing.
—Main floor.

It's the Rarest Good Fortune to Get
Thursday—3 Days Before Easter

\$6 to \$10 Trimmed Hats

at **\$3.50**

They are the smartest new Hats, and just such styles as will be most in evidence in the Easter dress parade. Large sailors, small turbans and medium-sized tricorne and mushrooms, simply or profusely trimmed with flowers or ribbons.
—Third floor.

\$2 & \$2.50 Low Shoes

Jaunty new footwear just in time for Easter at savings of 1/4 to 1/2 and more. Included are patent or gummetal Colonial pumps, patent or gummetal lace Oxfords, 5-strap Slippers in patent or gummetal; all late styles.
—Second floor.

Four Styles Are Illustrated
\$1.49

Women's \$1 & \$1.50 Silk Hosiery

One of the Best Known Makes
79c Pr.

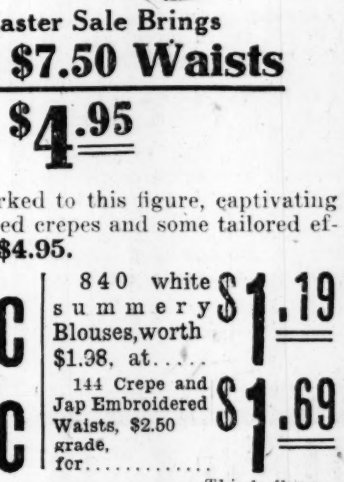
They're termed "rejects," but their service is not impaired in the least. All wanted colors are included, in sizes from 8 1/2 to 10.
—Main floor.

The first step in the expansion of The Lindell by the NEW MANAGEMENT will be the addition of

A New Wall Paper Department

—in which we will show a complete assortment of newest patterns in Wall Hangings, priced in accord with the standard of LINDELL VALUES.

Watch for the Opening.
—Fourth floor.



A Handsome Car

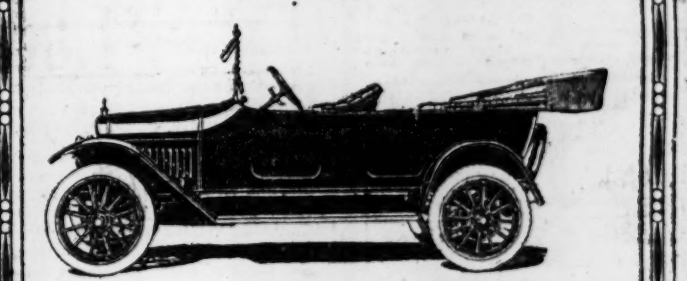
WHEN you pay several hundred dollars for an automobile, why not get a good-looking one—one that you will be proud to own, proud to drive and proud to take your friends out in? Maxwell owners have a just pride in the handsome appearance of their automobile for Maxwell Motor Cars have the same attractive lines, the same graceful design as the higher priced types.

In addition to good looks you want, of course, a reliable, sturdy and economical car. But there is no doubt in your mind on these points since the Maxwell a short time ago established the World's Motor Non-Stop Mileage Record. Any car that can run continuously for 44 days and nights, averaging 500 miles per day—22,000 miles in all and without once stopping the motor—is bound to be a well designed and well made car.

Any car that can perform such a wonderful feat on an average of one gallon of gasoline to every 22 miles is bound to be an economical car.

We have such confidence in the Maxwell car and the company behind it that we are willing to sell these cars on partial payments—and deliver the car to you when you make the first deposit. In justice to yourself you ought to know more about the Maxwell car and our pay-as-you-ride plan. All we ask is the opportunity to tell you.

Touring Car, \$655. Roadster, \$635
Prices F. O. B. Detroit



Geo. C. Brinkman Motor Car Co.
2818 LOCUST STREET

DISTRIBUTORS FOR
Maxwell

In Vogue "Cane-Seat" Hats

THE LAST WORD IN EASTER MILLINERY

All the latest shades at... **\$2.98**

Finest quality Bangkok Sailors, at... **\$4.98**

Vogue's Pre-Easter Sale of \$7.50, \$10.00 and \$15.00 Hats at... **\$5.00**

Untrimmed Large assortment of new shapes, all wanted braids, at... **49c, 65c, 89c**

Dollar Trimmed Hats. New assortment every hour, high class. Trimmed Hats at... **\$1.00**

VOGUE HAS A WAY.
THE VOGUE SHOP Cor. 7th and Lucas Av. Opposite Grand-Leader
Originators of the \$1.00 Trimmed Hat

VENUS 10c PENCIL
At all dealers

VELVET 5c PENCIL
At all dealers

Three Best Wishes!
1—Health
2—Good Income
3—A Home of Your Own

See the POST-DISPATCH REAL ESTATE COLUMNS.
3000 Home Offers Sunday

The VENUS 5c pencil is supreme in its class
America Lead Pencil Co., N. Y.

Several Homes Robbed of Jewelry.
Burglars last night in the absence of the family, entered the home of S. W. Rothchild, 321 W. Vernon avenue, and stole a \$2.50 watch and \$5.00 jewelry valued at \$10.00 and a box containing \$10.00 were stolen from the home of Leonard W. Johnson, 427 South 3rd street. Jewelry valued at \$20.00 was stolen from the residence of J. L. Taylor, 478 Arsenal street. Burglars took \$2.00 at the saloon of John Fleming, 305 1/2 W. 11th street.

Boston Store

BROADWAY & FRANKLIN

- Lowest Prices Our Chief Attractions**
- \$1.00 Waists**
Thursday will be the day for all ladies to buy their waists. Regular \$1.00 value.
 - Women's \$2.50 Shoes**
Ladies' shoes in high and low, pat. and dull; also Mary Janes.
 - Boys' 39c Pants**
Boys' pants; bloomer, style; in all sizes; darks and lights.
 - 98c Poplins**
Silk Poplins, 36 inches wide, extra quality; in Basement.
 - \$1 & \$1.50 Kid Gloves**
In all sizes; damaged; only 2 pair to a customer; WHILE THEY LAST.
 - Curtain Swiss**
15c Curtain Swiss, 40 inches wide; in Basement.
 - Ladies' Neckwear**
Consisting of collars, scarf sets and neckties.
 - \$10.00 Coats**
Materials are wool, poplin and shepherd check, in all the wanted styles and colors.
 - 49c Linoleum**
2 yds. wide in good patterns and designs; extra special; square yard.
 - UNBLEACHED MUSLIN**
7 1/2c good quality unbleached muslin; in Basement.
 - 20c & 25c Ribbon**
In all colors and widths; at per yard.
 - 39c Corset Sale**
On Thursday we will sell our regular \$5.00 corset, all sizes; rust proof, each.

**IT'S YOUR LIVER!
YOU FEEL BILIOUS,
HEADACHY AND SICK**

Don't stay constipated with breath bad, stomach sour or a cold.

Enjoy life! Live your liver and bowels tonight, and feel fine.



Tonight sure! Remove the liver and bowel poison which is keeping your head dizzy, your tongue coated, breath offensive and stomach sour. Don't stay bilious, sick, headachy, constipated and full of cold. Why don't you get a box of Cathartic Candy from the drug store now? Eat one or two tonight and enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced. You will wake up feeling fit and fine. Cathartic Candy never gripe or bother you all the next day like calomel, salts and pills. They act gently but thoroughly. Mothers should give cross, sick, bilious or feverish children a whole Cathartic any time. They are harmless and children love them.

PLENTY OF MONEY FOR KANSAS CITY'S NEW G. O. P. RULERS

Treasury Fatter Than It Has
Been at Any Time in Town's
History.

Secret to the Post-Dispatch.
KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 19.—George H. Edwards, Republican Mayor-elect, and a new administration, solidly Republican, except in the Council, will be inaugurated April 17, at noon. The administration will control the lower house of the Council, and will have eight of the 16 members of the upper house, which through an alliance with the Pendergast faction of the Democratic party, will control that body. This control will be important because the incoming administration will have more money to spend than any administration in the history of the city. Immediate action will be taken on 13 improvements which are to cost \$1,000,000; \$1,200,000 for sewers and garbage disposal, \$400,000 for park improvements, \$1,000,000 for streets and viaducts, \$125,000 for the municipal farm, \$400,000 for public comfort stations and \$100,000 for the improvement of the Blue River. This latter improvement is preliminary to making the Blue River not only a great pleasure stream, but to provide an industrial harbor to serve the manufacturing plants along its course. The improvement will enable raw material, barged up or down the Missouri River, to be brought to the doors of these plants, and shipments to be loaded without the cost of switching to the municipal wharf on the Missouri River. In addition to the 13 improvements outlined above, there are two others, one involving \$700,000 for the beautification of the vicinity of the new Union Station and \$450,000 for the Sixth street traffic, over which there is some dispute, and which may again be submitted to the people. An extra \$100,000 for garbage disposal, voted but never spent, is available, and bonds already sold bring the total to be spent for improvements to \$4,500,000. The assessment against benefit districts for part of the cost of some of the work probably will add \$2,500,000 to the cost of the work, making approximately \$7,000,000 to be spent by the administration-elect.

\$5.50 DETROIT & RETURN
April 22, via Clover Leaf Route. Good in sleeping cars. 415 Olive street.

SOCIETY

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mausur, Mr. and Mrs. Morton Jourdan, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Johnson have just returned from Excelsior Springs, Mo. The party went up with Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Nelson in their private car, "The Ranger."

Mr. and Mrs. Herbrand Harvey are expected here for a visit to the latter's father, L. Douglas Kingsland. Mr. Harvey, who is a civil engineer and has been for the past few years on some work in Brazil, is now serving in one of the boards for the English Government, and recently returned from Europe. Mrs. Harvey, who was Miss Bessie Kingsland, was Queen of the Valedictorian's ball when a belle in the social set.

Mrs. Herbert W. Wolf has closed her home at 549 Delma boulevard and she and her daughter, Miss Marjory Wolf, are at the Buckingham Hotel until the close of school in June, when they will go to Chicago to reside.

Mrs. Wolf and her daughter will depart tomorrow for Chicago to spend a few days with Mr. Wolf, who is already established there, and will stay at Culver Military Academy two days with Herbert W. Wolf Jr., on their way home.

Mrs. Jessie Kehlor Walsh and Miss Ruth Little, who have been in the East since mid-winter, are now in New York at the Plaza and will go to Atlantic City after Easter and are not expected to return to St. Louis until autumn.

Miss Eliza Orne White of Brookline, Mass., who has been visiting her cousin, Mrs. Edwin De Wolf of 459 Bartmore avenue, will depart Monday for Rome, Miss White is an author of note. She and Mrs. Wolf are granddaughters of Chester Harding, the portrait painter.

Miss Marie Boll, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Otto Bollman of 633 Waterman avenue, has returned from the Wisconsin University at Madison for the Easter holidays and is with her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence B. Pierce of 234 Kingsbury place and their daughter, Miss Katherine Pierce, have gone to Atlantic City. Miss Pierce who is one of the belles of the past season is recuperating from an illness.

Misses Julia and Nancy Bates, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Bates of 4325 Westminster place, returned Monday from New York where they spent several weeks.

Mrs. John W. Morrison of 21 Windermere place has sent out cards announcing the marriage of her niece, Miss Medora Duval Sparks to Henry Craig Morrison which took place in Louisville, Ky., April 12.

Mr. Morrison and his bride will be at home after May 1 at 21 Windermere place. The bride is the daughter of the late George T. Sparks of Fort Smith, Kan., and has made her home with Mr. Morrison since his death, about nine years ago.

She and the bridegroom are first cousins and for that reason they went to Kentucky to be married as there is a law prohibiting the marriage of cousins in Missouri.

"ACTOIDS" ACT ACTIVELY
BEST FOR LA GRIPPE.

PLAYGOERS' GUIDE.

"Bunker Bean," Shubert. Taylor Holmes well supported in one of the season's best plays.
"Gus and Kate," Park. Chrysalis Herne heads the players in an Ethel Barrymore play.
"The Mikado," Shennandoah. by Park Opera Co. Frank Moulan as Ko-Ko.
Vaudeville, Columbia. Eddie Foy and offering head bill.
Vaudeville, Grand. "Prince of Tonight" heads bill.
Melodrama, Hippodrome. "East Lynne."
Burlesque, Standard. "Monte Carlo Girls."
Burlesque, Gayety. "Sporting Widdow."

PHOTOPLAYS.
American. "The Stepping Stone," "Sold for Marriage" and comedy films.
King's. "The Aryan" and three other films.
New Grand Central. Gladys Hanson in "The Hovey."
West End Lyric. Marguerite Clark in "Molly Make-Believe."
Junonia. Tyrone Powers in "John Neddham's Double."

Commission in East Peoria.
PEORIA, Ill., April 19.—East Peoria yesterday adopted the commission form of government by a vote of 283 to 235.

RUN-DOWN WOMEN

We Have a Remedy That Will
Cost You Nothing If It Does
Not Help You.

St. Louis women will please realize that we mean just what we say in the above heading. Letters like the following prove the efficiency of Vinol in such cases:—
"For the benefit of the other tired women, I want to say that I keep house for even in my family. I became run-down, all played out, I did not seem to have any life in me and looked badly. I read so much about Vinol I decided to try it and I must say it helped me in every way. It built me up so I felt like a new woman, and my friends said they could see a great change in me."—Mrs. John M. Waldron, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

We recommend Vinol to our customers as the greatest strength creator we know—due to the extractive medicinal elements of fresh cod livers, without oil, combined with peptonate of iron and beef pepton, all dissolved in a pure medicinal wine.

Vinol is sold in St. Louis by the Wolff-Wilson Drug Co. and by all other drug stores in St. Louis that display the Vinol agency sign.—ADV.

TOWN'S OFFICIALS ALL WOMEN

Men Voters Help to Elect Them at
London Mills, Ill.
LONDON MILLS, Ill., April 19.—Women candidates won every office in yesterday's election here, it was announced today.
The election was for Village Clerk, four Village Trustees and Village Treasurer. The number of men voting largely outnumbered the women voters.

Shoots Self in the Head.

Charles Trimble, 29 years old, of 124 Franklin avenue shot himself in the head last night. He was taken to the city hospital in a serious condition. He told the police that he was despondent because of lack of funds.

Downs Fire Easily Put Out.

Fire in the basement of the eight-story building at 414-420 North Twelfth street, occupied by the Gauss-Langenberg Hat Co., at 12:40 o'clock this morning, was prevented from spreading to upper floors by the prompt work of an automatic sprinkler alarm, which summoned engine companies to the scene before the flames gained headway. The damage was estimated at \$50.

GREAT PURCHASE SALE of 280 Fine High-Class Spring Suits

We bought from Jacobs & Morall, 1505 Washington Av., who are representatives and carry here in stock Suits from 10 or more high-class Suit houses of New York. They received wire to sell all stock on hand, we were the lucky purchaser, and tomorrow we will put on sale the

Most powerful purchase
Suit Sale in the history
of purchases sale.
\$25 to \$35 clever new
suits; taffeta silk, wool
poplins, gaberdines,
checks, etc.

\$12.50

\$7.95

THE STORY IS TOLD ABOVE—Just as it happened, and without comment on any other sale. We will sell you the most wonderful Suit bargains you ever bought. All the latest New York creations; made of finest materials: Taffeta silk, wool poplins, checks, in all sizes and colors; gaberdines, all sizes and colors.

SPECIAL—\$15.00 and \$16.50 Suits \$7.85

A clean-up of odds and ends for Thursday; checks, navy, black and browns; all sizes for misses and women.

MACAROON SNAPS

COCOA TAFFY BARS, FIG BARS, ANIMALS, GRAHAM WAFERS, lb.	10c	VANILLA WAFERS (the genuine), SCOTCH COFFEE CAKES, lb.	12c	MARSHMALLOW COCOA CREAMS, ICED SULTANAS, PEERLESS CAKES	14c
GINGER SNAPS	5c	SPICE JUMBLES	7c	Country Club GRAHAMS	5c

EASTER NESTS

Chocolate Marshmallow Eggs per doz. 8c
Egg Dye, reg. 5c
Egg Dye, 3c

BUNNY BASKETS

Chocolate Marshmallow Eggs per doz. 8c
Egg Dye, reg. 5c
Egg Dye, 3c

HEAD RICE

Blue Rose, good quality, 5c
Blue Rose, large, 10c

MACARONI or SPAGHETTI

Country Club, 3 lbs. 17c
Country Club, 1 lb. 4c

CHEESE

Country Club, 1 lb. 21c
Country Club, 1/2 lb. 10c

PEACHES

Evaporated, bright, hand-picked, 10c
Evaporated, bright, hand-picked, 10c

SOUP TOMATOES

Good quality, 5c
Good quality, 5c

EGGS

Country Club, 1 doz. 21c
Country Club, 1 doz. 21c

OLEO

Country Club, 1 lb. 20c
Country Club, 1 lb. 20c

BREAD

Country Club, 2 loaves 5c
Country Club, 2 loaves 5c

RAISIN POUND CAKE

Country Club, 1 lb. 10c
Country Club, 1 lb. 10c

RAISIN BREAD

Country Club, 1 lb. 10c
Country Club, 1 lb. 10c

LENTEEN NECESSITIES

ALL OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY

Sardines	15c	SHRIMP	22c
COVE OYSTERS	15c	SHRIMP	22c
TUNA	12c	SHRIMP	22c
FISH FLAKES	12c	SHRIMP	22c
Smoked Bloaters	2 for 5c	SHRIMP	22c
Mackerel	10c	SHRIMP	22c
SALMON	3 for 25c	SHRIMP	22c
HERRING	2 for 5c	SHRIMP	22c

RUB-NO-MORE SOAP

4 for 15c
4 for 15c

FRESH FISH AT ALL STORES GOOD FRIDAY

Country Olives, 19c
Country Olives, 19c

FRESH SPARERIBS

11c
11c

SHORT RIBS

12c
12c

VEAL CUTLETS

27c
27c

PICKLED PORK SHOULDERS

15c
15c

BAKING POWDER

19c
19c

QUOR SPECIALS

811 N. Sixth St.
811 N. Sixth St.

Thursday Is DOLLAR DAY IN THE SHOE DEPT

Our weekly selling event for women and children, which you should not fail to attend. On this day you can get practically any kind of shoe you want at about 1/2 regular price. Patents, gunmetal, vici, and white, in all shapes, with both low and high heels.

Now at 6th & Washington

Schaper
6th & Washington

Thursday—One-Half Price
\$12.50 and \$15 Suits
Tomorrow—Be Here

Over 475 Suits, which were selling up to \$15.00, will be sold at this price. The price will be the most sensational when quality, style and beautiful colors are considered. The Suits are strictly choice and beautiful. Think of a sale like this coming just before Easter. All sizes in women's and misses. All shades and all materials. If you see these Suits you'll buy two. No mail orders filled.

\$7.50 & \$10 Coats
Why Pay More?

At 8:30 Thursday there will be over 500 new Spring Coats of any and many styles and shades which have been selling up to \$10.00. We have taken this lot and will sell at \$5.00. The styles you'll see in greatest demand. Only some of the materials: Taffetas, Poplins, Coverts, Serges, Gabardines, Checks. Corsetry, Thursday only. Women's and misses' sizes.

\$5.00

Child's \$2 Hats
White Milan Hats, ribbons, cherries, roses, buds and streamers. (Second Floor) 85c

Women's Waists
White Waists, crossbar organ-die, all sizes; Thursday only. (Second Floor) 35c

Girls' Middies
Made of linen; all white; navy or sailor collars; braided trimmings; all sizes; (2d Fl.) 35c

Bungalow Aprons
Stripes and check gingham and percales, with V neck and open shoulder and side; all colors and sizes (2d Floor) 44c

60c Cream Serge
In four patterns; of stripes; this exceptional offer. (Main Floor) 35c

Clark's Crochet
Mercerized; extra fine; numbers 3 to 70. (Main Floor) 7 1/2c

Child's 15c Hose
Black or white; double heels and toes. (Main Floor) 8 1/2c

15c Nainsook
Black or white; double heels and toes. (Main Floor) 6 1/2c

Dress' Sacques
Dark and light; figured; percale; assorted sizes; special. (Basement) 19c

Marj's Curtains
Hemstitched; Cluny, Flemish, double hems, ivory and Arabian (Third Fl.) 99c

60c Cups & Saucers
one day only; 61c 29c

\$18 Brn's Rugs
8x12 wool Brn's fitted with extra daffodil, Oriental, floral designs; extra special 10.99

50c Linoleum
Extra special; in block, tile, matting, mosaic and hardboard; all patterns; sq. yard. 25c

200-ft. roll Poul-try Wire, 1 1/2 high
(4th Floor) \$1.05

\$3.50 Couch
Sanitary Couch, one National link spring; opens to full size; only \$2.19

7½% ON YOUR SAVINGS.
Write or phone for booklet.
State savings.
Tower Grove & S. W. Blvd. Assn.
905 S. Jefferson. Est. 27 Years.

Make this test yourself—

Pour boiling water on any surface that is varnished with Valspar and you will know why Valspar is becoming the most widely used of all varnishes.



Such treatment on your table tops would turn the finish white and absolutely ruin it—yet if the table is Valspar-varnished not the least harm will be done.

You can readily see then what a perfect varnish this will also be on your beautiful floors, your doors, or other woodwork where there is exposure to water—or weather.

Valspar will never turn white, cannot scratch white from hard usage, and is a durable quick-drying varnish.

We recommend it—and guarantee satisfaction or your money back. Printed instructions for using Valspar correctly and a set of beautiful Valspar Poster Stamps can be obtained from us free of charge.

THE FOLLOWING DEALERS SELL VALSPAR:

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.
Phelan-Faust Paint Mfg. Co., 1008 Pine, Wholesale and Retail.
H. W. Ammon, 712 S. Broadway.
Collins Bros., Hardware and Paints, Skinker Rd. and Delmar Bl.
Felter Hardware Co., 5172-74 Easton Av.
John L. Lindecker, 3815 California.
John Cleary, 948-950 Goodfellow.
A. Milstone Hardware Co., 1916 N. Union.
R. G. Mueller & Co., 8109 N. Broadway.
Powers Hardware & Furniture Co., 5935-5937 Easton Av.
Vane-Calvert Paint Co., 1601 N. Broadway.
Vane-Calvert Paint Co., 815 Locust.
Niemeyer Paint Co., 1434 S. Broadway.
Stie, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Co., J. A. Schwalbe Hardware Co., Jefferson Av. and Hebert St.

ALTON, ILLINOIS.
C. & G. Hartmann, 127 W. 3d St.
W. F. Hoppe, 317 Belle St.
H. K. Johnson Hardware Co., BELLEVILLE, ILLINOIS.
Christmann Wall Paper and Paint Store, 23 S. High St.
ST. CHARLES, MISSOURI.
Chas. E. Meyer.
F. Foremann & Son.
EDWARDSVILLE, ILLINOIS.
Burroughs & Whiteside, 105 Purell.
MAPLEWOOD, MISSOURI.
Lee Wilson, 7369 Manchester Av.
CLAYTON, MISSOURI.
J. G. Weber Hardware and Supply Co.
EAST ST. LOUIS, ILLINOIS.
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C. Hausz Stove & Hardware Co., Geo. W. Levy, 924 State St.
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CLEAN UP AND PAINT UP AND BE SURE TO USE BRIGHTLAC FINISHES

Brightlac Screen Paint—Lawn Seat Finish, Brightlac Floor Paint—Porch Paint, Brightlac Varnish Stain and Enamels
PHELAN-FAUST PAINT MFG. CO.,
1008-10 PINE STREET,
Distributors for Ripolin Enamel (made in Holland). If your dealer can't supply you, phone us.

The New "Pinch-Back" Models in Men's Suits and Other New Spring Styles

The men and young men who want the best of styles in Easter Apparel will find in the Jamerson Clothes Shops the popular "pinch-back" Suits, in brown, green, blue and Oxford flannels, also homespun and striped materials.

Also the Brooks model, four-button, straight-front coats—as well as two and three button effects with slant flap pockets, and patch-pocket coats.

It is this combination of wanted styles with the new Second Floor plan of clothes selling that has made possible the

Achievements of the Past TWO YEARS—

Opened One Room in Carleton Bldg., April 9, 1914
Additional Space Taken, Oct. 1, 1914
Further Expanded, Feb. 15, 1915
Third Enlargement (almost entire Second Floor Carleton Bldg.), April 8, 1916
Opened Kansas City Shop, March 6, 1915
Opened Philadelphia Shop, Oct. 27, 1915
New Shop in Boston Opens April 15, 1916

Silk-lined Full Dress Suits.....
Silk-lined Business Suits.....
Quarter-lined English Suits.....
Silk-lined Walking Coats & Vests.
Silk-lined Topcoats
\$18, \$20 & \$25 Qualities Always.
—YOU SAVE THE DIFFERENCE

Jamerson Clothes Shop

"Of National Importance."
Carleton Building Almost Entire Second Floor. Other (Philadelphia Kansas City Shops)

Take Elevator—Save \$5 to \$10
Open Saturday Night till 9 O'Clock.



CAPT. LANE GOING TO ARCTIC SOON TO MEET STEFANSSON

Expects to Return to Nome or Seattle Next Fall With Explorer and Others.

NEW BOAT BEING BUILT

Lane Will Take Gasoline and Other Supplies to the Expedition's Fleet.

By Associated Press.
SEATTLE, April 19.—Capt. Louis L. Lane, an Arctic navigator of long experience, announced here today that he will leave Seattle for the Arctic Ocean about June 1 in a 30-ton power schooner now being built here, and expects to return to Nome or Seattle next autumn with Vilhjalmur Stefansson and the other members of the Canadian Government exploring expedition that sailed from Victoria, B. C., for the Arctic Ocean, June 17, 1913. Capt. Lane plans to be at Banks Land, in the Polar Sea, about Aug. 5, and to meet Stefansson there.

Lane, in the power schooner Polar Bear, took Stefansson and two companions from Banks Land to Herschel Island last August, and afterward sold the Polar Bear to Stefansson, who returned to Banks Land with this boat and the small power boat Gladiator, intending to pass the winter in exploration of Banks Land and then, on the breaking of the ice, this spring, making further exploration of the new land which he discovered last year, north of Melville Island. Capt. Lane is now in Seattle supervising construction of his schooner.

Strong Ice-Resisting Vessel.
Capt. Lane is going north, not under contract with the Canadian Government, but under a verbal agreement with Stefansson. Lane's new power boat, which probably will be named the Great Bear, will be of wooden construction, and the strongest ice-resisting vessel ever built on Puget Sound. Lane will take with him gasoline and other supplies for the Stefansson fleet. Stefansson has asked the Canadian Government to permit his parties to continue their work a year longer, but it is believed that on account of war conditions the explorers will be ordered home. The expedition was planned to continue three and a half years.

Unless ice movements are unfavorable, Capt. Lane expects to reach Banks Land at the time fixed upon. If he has good fortune, he will call first at Herschel Island, where he may receive word from Stefansson. If he does not get instructions there, he will proceed north to Banks Land, making stops at points agreed upon last year, where Stefansson may have letters or men waiting for Lane. It may be that the explorers will choose to return to Nome in their own boats, the power schooners Polar Bear, Alaska, Mary Sachs and North Star, but the vessel probably will be out of repair and unable to make the quick voyage that will be necessary to elude the treacherous ice, which closes upon the coast rapidly in early autumn. If all goes well, the explorers should arrive in Nome soon after the middle of September.

Search for Copper.
The Stefansson expedition from the beginning was divided into two parties. The northern, under Stefansson, planned to seek new land in the Beaufort sea, and succeeded, notwithstanding the loss of the principal boat, the whaler Karluk, which was crushed in the ice the first winter out. The southern party, under Dr. Rudolph Anderson, has been exploring and charting the delta of the Mackenzie River and the country to the east, and also making a geological survey of the islands and mainland at the mouth of the great river, making special search for copper and coal.

Copper nuggets abound along the waterways, and the Eskimos make their weapons and utensils of beaten copper. Stefansson, who discovered blue-eyed Eskimos in the Coronation Gulf country, east of the Mackenzie some years ago, these people being, he believed, descendants of the ancient Scandinavian settlers in Greenland, is not revisiting these Eskimos during his present journey. Stefansson and Anderson have a large amount of information and material, and will make a complete report to the Canadian Government. Stefansson will publish a book describing his discoveries.

Plans of Amundsen.
A dispatch from Christiania, Norway, announcing that Capt. Roald Amundsen, discoverer of the northwest passage and the South Pole, plans to set out on a North Pole expedition in the spring of 1917, by way of Bering Strait, interests Arctic navigators greatly.

Amundsen intended to leave San Francisco several years ago, sail from Bering Strait toward the North Pole and return between Spitzbergen and Greenland. He abandoned his voyage because of lack of funds. In the years that have elapsed motor boat progress has been rapid, and new engines that burn small quantities of fuel have simplified Arctic problems. Amundsen will use a 100-ton power boat.

Additional Equipment for "No Stop" Special.
That commercial as well as tourist travel is showing a marked increase is indicated by the fact that the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad will add additional sleeping car equipment to the Chicago "No Stop Special," effective April 15. New steel 10-section, two-compartment, one drawing room, sleeping car will furnish additional accommodations for the heavy travel which is now moving between St. Louis and Chicago.

Salesmanship High School Course.
CHICAGO, April 13.—Department stores, salesmanship is to be added to the curriculum of Chicago high schools with the co-operation of department stores, it was announced today.

\$4—TOLEDO & RETURN—\$4
April 22, via Clover Leaf Route. Good in sleeping cars. 415 Olive street.

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29 Volumes of the Encyclopaedia Britannica

for a first payment of \$1.00

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See Sets and Leave Orders

But Not Much Longer

The remarkable bargain we are offering can last only a little while longer. The contracts for the "Handy Volume" issue were made before the war began.

The drastic increase in the cost of raw materials makes it impossible to renew them. Paper has advanced over 25 per cent—leather more than 25 per cent—binders boards 40 per cent, etc.

The publishers notify us that after the sets now on hand are exhausted they cannot supply any more at the present low prices.

A 130-Page Book FREE

The publishers of the ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA have prepared a richly illustrated book of 130 pages to tell you all about this great work and the new "Handy Volume" issue, and its usefulness to you. It is full of interesting stories, clever dialogues, beautiful pictures—a book packed from cover to cover. Some of the interesting bits of knowledge revealing the ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA from a hundred different points of view.

—A little history of the BRITANNICA from the days of King George III.
—An interesting dialogue telling of the interest of the BRITANNICA for women.
—A clever story about the way children get interested in it.
—Portraits of the Nobel Prize winners and other famous contributors.
—Nearly two hundred half-tone illustrations, color plates, specimen pages and the like.
—Whether you are interested in the BRITANNICA or not, you and every member of your family will thoroughly enjoy reading this book, as big as a magazine.

THE INCOMPARABLE WORK

There is only one work in the English language which will tell you practically everything you want to know about practically everything in the world—that is the new edition of the Encyclopaedia Britannica. It contains over 40,000 articles, and could answer a million questions. It is not a work for "high-brow" scholars. It was especially made for the busy man and woman of today. The new "Handy Volume" issue brings it to you in the most compact and convenient form and at a cost of only one-third that of the larger-paged issue of the same work.

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Please Send Me a Copy of
"A Book of 100 Wonders," describing the Encyclopaedia Britannica.

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Resinol heals babies' skin troubles

Babies with eczema, teething rash, chafings, and other tormenting skin troubles need Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap. They soothe and heal the irritated skin, stop itching, and let the little sufferers sleep. Babies bathed regularly with Resinol Soap almost never are troubled with skin eruptions.

Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap have been recommended by physicians and nurses for many years, and contain nothing which could possibly injure the tenderest skin. Sold by all druggists.



\$100 DOWN A WEEK

Dress Up for Easter
Your credit here is as good as your cash is elsewhere.
Stylish Clothes for Men, Women & Children
Open Evenings Until Easter.

STAR CREDIT CLOTHING CO.

713 WASHINGTON AVE.
OVER CONRAD'S GROCERY

TODAY'S BEAUTY TALK

You can make a delightful shampoo with very little effort and for a very trifling cost, if you get from your druggist a package of canthox and dissolve a teaspoonful in a cup of hot water. Your shampoo is now ready. Just pour a little at a time on the scalp and rub briskly. This creates an abundance of thick, white lather that thoroughly dissolves and removes the dandruff, excess oil and dirt. After rinsing, the hair dries quickly, with a fluffiness that makes it seem heavier than it is, and takes on a rich luster and a softness that makes arranging it a pleasure.—ADV.

For Chronic Constipation You Should Take

Blackburn's CascaRoyal-Pills

and Purify the Blood, Stimulate the Liver

Sufferers, write today for my words of value FREE about Catarrh and how to treat it. Address: Marshall Destr., N.D., Dept. 16, Cincinnati, O.

TASTED PUDDING; SAID 'IT'S GREAT'

Speaking of examples there is nothing more true than that "the proof of the pudding is in the eating." Whoever originated this old saying, it is a mighty good one. People can tell others of our virtues, but it is the actual test that proves worth.

The fact of the matter is that when Mr. George N. Schmidt, section foreman, Columbia, Ill., said that Tanlac put him back on the payroll he spoke from actual experience. Mr. Schmidt was mainly interested in his own case. He was sick and wanted to get well. Tanlac was the remedy he employed. It did the work and this is the story he told: "I suffered with backache and a general run-down condition of my stomach and kidneys for two years. I was always complaining and could find nothing that would give me any relief. My work was always a bore."

"Nothing seemed to help me until I started taking Tanlac. Well, it worked like a miracle which suddenly sprang into my life. My pains have disappeared and I feel like a new man. I cannot say too much in favor of Tanlac. I know that it keeps me on the payroll."

Tanlac is being specially introduced in St. Louis by an expert at the 7th and St. Charles streets store of the Johnson-Enderle-Paulay Drug Co. and at the Wolff-Wilson Drug Store, 6th and Washington avenues. The four Winkelman Drug Stores are the South Side distributors.—ADV.

CHATEAU GLOVES

FOR EASTER WEAR



The best produced, a fresh shipment from the Grenoble factory includes all the newest ideas of embroidery on white, black & the stylish buttercup shades. Prices no higher than before the war was declared—at

\$1.65 & \$1.95

Washable Kid Gloves
at \$1.25 & \$1.65

Pearl, white, oyster, butter, ivory, gray & black, with self or contrasting embroidery, perfect fitting; they wash on your hands like new; sure to give thorough satisfaction.

"Surety" Silk Gloves, 58c & 79c

Made specially for us, of elastic, Italian Milanese silk with the new two-tone embroidery, in white, black & the very scarce silver gray; buttercup & Royal navy shades.

Main Floor, Aisle 3

GIRLS' EASTER COATS

Originally Priced to \$10.00



Thursday Special
for **\$6.95**

Exactly 100 coats in this choice lot; dressy & tailored models in checks & solid colors; of serges & poplins; full flare & belted models; sizes 6 to 16.

Girls' School Coats,
\$5 Values for \$3.95

Serviceable garments of serges, reefer & full length styles; some lined throughout; navy, Copen, tan & novelty checks; sizes 6 to 16.

Girls' Dresses at \$5

Hand embroidered linen dresses in guimpe, waist & regulation styles; rose, tan, blue, green, white; sizes 6 to 16.

Third Floor

WOMEN'S SILK HOSE

\$1 TO \$2



Samples, Slight Irregulars & Broken Lines
Choice
Thursday 79c

Just in time for Easter buying, the season's latest novelties, including plaids, stripes, clocks, embroidered ankles & other effects, also the new solid colors.

Men's 50c Silk Hose for 29c

Drop stitches, polka dots, clocks, black, white & the newest colors, also black with white sole; slight irregulars & manufacturer's broken lines.

Infants' 25c Silk Lisle Socks, 18c

Plain white with turn cuffs; white with striped top, also turn cuffs.

Children's "Surety" & "Deerfoot" Hose, 25c

Silk lisle & cotton; fine ribbed; black or white.

Main Floor, Aisles 6 & 7



Announcing the Arrival of Several Smart Styles in
NEW HOUSE, MORNING & PORCH DRESSES

& offering special values that will prove of interest to Thursday's shoppers.

DRESSES
at **\$1.50**

In the new black & white & pink & blue checks of saphyr gingham; large sport collar & cuffs; pockets of white pique; adjustable belt; sizes 36 to 46.

DRESSES
at **\$1.00**

Plain tailored style, of plain chambray with fancy collar, cuffs & button trimming; with pockets; sizes 36 to 46.

Also eight other new & desirable styles just in & priced from \$1 to \$3.50.

DRESSES
at **\$1.25**

Very neat style in light & medium checks, embroidery collar & cuffs; fancy button trimming; full flare skirt.

DRESSES
at **\$2.00**

Becoming Porch Dresses in two-tone gingham, fancy stripes; vestee collar & cuffs of white pique & embroidery trimmings; sizes 36 to 46.

Third Floor



EASTER BLOUSES

Can be most satisfactorily chosen from our complete & splendid stocks!

Blouses at \$5.98

Of Georgette crepe in white, flesh, maize, Nile, gray, peach; new fichu collar, body of waist unadorned in new pastel shades; long sleeves; sizes 34 to 44.

Easter Blouses at \$5

New crepe de chine blouses with large collar, finished with fluted frill; white & flesh, extra heavy quality; special value.

Easter Blouses at \$7.50

Of Georgette crepe, very stunning, copy of a imported model. New tiny tucking on collar & cuffs; yoke trimmed with tiny tuks; white, flesh, Nile, peach & gray.

EASTER OFFERING

For Thursday That Clearly Prove That Your Easter Requirements Can Most Profitably Be Supplied at Famous-Barr Co.

Stocks are now at the very acme of completeness, & every section is keyed up to the highest point of efficiency & ready for the very brisk selling which we anticipate tomorrow & the remaining days before Easter. We repeat that your every Easter need can most advantageously be supplied from our superb stocks.



FOR THURSDAY—
A TIMELY SALE OF
\$16.75 & \$19.75

SILK FROCKS

FOR WOMEN & MISSES

FOR \$14.75

Styles for street or afternoon wear—styles that mirror the fashions of the moment, of such desirable materials as taffetas, soft, clinging crepe de chine or melior, Georgette crepe & attractive combinations of Georgette & taffeta or serge. Specially featured are new tunics, side drapes, panner, also full pleated & flare styles. High collars, gold & silver tinsel & silk embroidery work smartly set them off.

The colors include navy & Jap blue, reseda, silver gray, brown, tan, black, also stripes & checks in various colors & combinations—sizes to 44.

Garments requiring alteration, purchased Thursday or Friday, will positively be delivered before Easter.

Third Floor

MEN'S EASTER CLOTHES OF CHARACTER

Can Best Be Bought at Famous-Barr Co., St. Louis' Foremost Clothes Store

The largest stocks & broadest varieties, the newest models, richest fabrics & patterns, in every approved color tone introduced this season. A clothes service ideal that will resistlessly appeal to particular men.

Values impossible to duplicate in St. Louis are presented in our inimitable lines at

\$17.50 \$20 \$25 & \$35

OUR \$14.50 CLOTHES SHOP

Is economically & pleasingly solving the Easter Clothes problem for thousands of St. Louis' best-dressed men & young men. Here are Clothes of every authentic style, constructed of thoroughly reliable fabrics & tailored in a manner that insures lasting & thorough satisfaction to the wearer. Nowhere in all St. Louis can you begin to duplicate the values offered in our wonderful \$14.50 Clothes Shop.



Second Floor

BOYS' "ACADEMY" SUITS

Norfolk Coat With Two Pairs of Knickers to Match

A fresh express shipment has just been received & includes this season's smartest models in 6 distinctive styles; coats mohair lined, linen front & padded bottom; all the newest fabrics in grays, browns & tans; sizes 7 to 18—special value at...

Boys' Norfolk Suits
Special Values at **\$5.75**

All-wool, fast-color blue serge, medium weight, in navy & blue black; Chester model, with long, soft roll, pinch back & 3-piece belt; regular or patch pockets; sizes 6 to 18.

Boys' Washable Suits
Special Values at **\$2.45**

Of fast color galatea, reps, percales & kindergarten, cloths, in new Eton & Junior styles; Buddy Tucker, Billy Boy, Midway, Sailor & the Chester Junior styles; long or short sleeves; white, blue, tan, also stripes & checks; sizes 2 to 8.

Reefers & Topcoats
Unusual Values at **\$3.95**

Smart mannish cut coats, 5' length, box or straight back styles; patch pockets, velvet or self collar; of blue serges, black & white checks, mixtures of gray, brown & tan; sizes 2 to 8.

Second Floor

Fashionable Easter Styles in YVETTE HAIR GOODS

Our Hair Goods & Hairdressing Parlors are completely equipped to meet every requirement & offer special attractive values for Thursday, Friday & Saturday's selling.

Natural Wavy Switches, 20-in., \$2.19.

Natural Wavy Switches, 24-in., \$3.19.

Natural Wavy Switches, 28-in., \$3.59.

28-inch Switches, of fine wavy hair, special at \$2.79.

All-around Transformations, of fine wavy hair, 90c.

All-around Transformations, of natural wavy hair, \$3.59.

Psyche Puffs or French Cut Hair, \$1.19.

Scheffer's Hair Colorine, perfect hair restorer, \$1.

La Madeleine Hair Color Restorer, \$1.15.

Marcel Waving, Shampooing & Scalp Treatment by experts.

Children's hair cutting & bobbing, 25c.

Manicuring, women, 25c.

Manicuring, men, 50c.

Main Floor Gallery

An Ideal Gift for Easter, First Communion or Confirmation.

\$2.00 ROSARIES

Special Thursday, Friday & Saturday **98c**

Beautiful large size Imitation Cut Stone Beads, mounted on heavily rolled gold-plated chain with neat rolled gold scapular medal center & elegant large cross with heavy coronet.

Beads capped with gold. Choice of amethyst, garnet, topaz, sapphire, crystal, emerald, jet, rose, layer or pearl beads.

Each Rosary put up separately, in a handsome gray satin-lined presentation case.

Main Floor, Aisle 16

Special Values Thursday in TOILET GOODS

Highest quality preparations at saving prices.

Roger & Gallet's Violette DeParme toilet waters, special at 85c, 98c & \$1.20.

Piver Vegetal, various odors, 88c.

Rigaud's Mary Garden Talc, 42c.

Houbigant's Ideal Extract, ounce, \$1.50.

Coty Toilet Waters, various odors, \$3.95.

Dorin's Powder, LaDorine with puff; all shades, Thursday, 35c.

William's Talcum Powder; all odors; Thursday, special, 10c.

Smith's Easter Sachets in crepe paper envelopes; all odors, Thursday, 6c.

Main Floor, Aisle 5

THAT EASTER HAT

Can profitably be chosen from the splendid line we offer Thursday

at **\$5.95**

Another shipment of these wonderful Hats has just been received in time for tomorrow's selling. Lingerie, Milano, Leghorns, Milan hamp & hair braids. New Spring shades in modish trimming effects; the assortment is very large & varied, & includes Hats sure to please every individual taste.

Children's Trimmed Hats

Unusual values at \$1.95 to \$5.95. Dainty & becoming styles of hair braids, chiffons & laces, Milano, legghorns & hamp; a very large assortment for girls from 7 to 18 years.

Children's Sport Hats at \$1.25

Chic little Hats for out-of-door wear, in combinations of white & green, white & old rose, white & chartreuse, white & black, white & navy & white & Copenhagen.

Third Floor

On Thursday We Offer Splendid New COATS FOR MISSES

Special Values for **\$6.95**

Another shipment just arrived & ready for Thursday's selling of corduroy, serge, gabardine, mixtures, checks, wide wale & novelty weaves, in brown, tan, navy, red, Copenhagen & white; contrastingly trimmed with bright colors; some with large sailor collar effect; sizes 14, 16, 18 & 20.



MISSES' SUITS
Special **\$12.50**

A choice lot grouped from lines originally \$17.50, \$19.75 & \$22.50. Styles naturally the best because these were the lines first to be broken; materials include serge, checks, gabardine, mixtures in wanted shades; sizes 14, 16, 18 & 20.

MISSES' SUITS
Special **\$23.75**

Originally priced \$40, \$45 & \$50 in our stocks this season; broken lines, in velour, checks, poplins, gabardines, serge & taffeta & wool combinations; richest Easter shades; sizes 14, 16, 18 & 20.

Third Floor

ENGLISH SPORT SHOES

For Women & Grown Girls

Special Values at **\$4.00**

Oxfords or Boots in the new ball strap pattern; smoke, white, tan & black; the most wanted styles. All sizes.

Women's New Washable White Kid Lace Boots

White soles & heels; all sizes, A to D widths; special value at \$5.

Boys' & Girls' Easter Shoes, patent or dull leather, cloth or kid tops; button & lace styles at \$2, \$2.50, \$3 & \$3.50.

Boys' New Oxfords, gummetal or tan calf; white rubber soles & heels; special value at \$3.

Children's, Misses' & Growing Girls' Pumps, straps & Roman sandals, \$1.35 to \$4.



Second Floor

OUR RIALTO HATS FOR MEN

at **\$1.85**

Are without doubt the very best value to be found in this great big city of ours. Styles right up to the minute, counterparts of those shown in \$3, \$4 & \$5 Hats this season. Wide brim, low crowns, in all the prevailing shades of gray, pearl, brown, blue, also plain black; bound edges, raw edges; Hats for ultra-fashionable as well as conservative men, including light tissue weights.



Main Floor, Aisle 5

BOYS' EASTER HATS

Can best be chosen from our remarkably complete lines.

Boys' Milan Straws, \$1.50

Handmade, six different styles, in plain black, white & combinations of white & blue, & white & brown.

Boys' Wash Hats, 50c

In various combinations, also plain white duck & linen to match little fellows' Spring & Summer suits.



Main Floor, Aisle 5

THAT 3-FOR-\$10 SILK SHIRT SALE

Continues Thursday with silk shirt values that should urge you to lay in your entire summer supply now. These are not Habutai nor artificial, but genuine pure, heavy silks in a vast variety of new & strikingly effective patterns & colorings, including the much sought satin stripe patterns in rich & contrasting effects; cuffs in the turn back French style, various sleeve lengths; sizes 14 to 18 1/2.

If you could not attend today, by all means, make it a point to come tomorrow. You will find these very unusual silk shirt values at—

\$3.35 OR 3 FOR \$10



Main Floor, Aisle 5

Famous-Barr Co.

ENTIRE BLOCK OLIVE, LOCUST, SIXTH AND SEVENTH STS.

Largest Distributors of Merchandise at Retail in Missouri or the West | We Give Eagle Stamps & Redem Full Books for \$2 in Cash or \$2.50 in Merchandise—Few Restricted Articles Excepted.

"OPPORTUNITY EYESIGHT"
Is a faculty that enables some persons to do so much better than others. It can be developed by reading and answering Post-Dispatch Want ads.

Last month the Post-Dispatch printed 2571 Business Opportunity Wants—533 More than the Four other St. Louis newspapers Combined!

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

PAGES 13-24.

ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY EVENING, APRIL 19, 1916.—PART TWO.

PAGES 13-24.

—Try a 3-Time Ad—
Results Almost Certain for Anything

Olive—6600—Central
Phone Your want. Your credit is good if you rent a phone, or your druggist will phone the ad.

PLAN TO ORGANIZE THE MINORITY U. R. SHAREHOLDERS

Concerted Action to Gain Representation on the Directorate Is Proposed.

GREAT WASTAGE CHARGED
\$1,000,000 Year Can Be Saved to Security Owners by Proper Management, It Is Declared.

Ephraim Caplan, a St. Louis lawyer, representing a small group of minority stockholders of the United Railways Co., has begun an inquiry among about 100 of the 500 minority stockholders to see whether they are interested enough in the affairs of the company to join in a concerted action to elect five of the 11 directors of the company at the annual meeting in February, 1917, with a view to bringing about greater economy in the operation of the road.

The object of the movement to organize the minority stockholders who are not affiliated with the North American Co., which owns a controlling stock interest in the railway company, is to put an end to the exploitation of the railway company by the North American Co., to reduce the cost of the claims and legal departments several hundred thousand dollars a year, and to operate the property on a basis that will make the preferred stock more valuable than it is now, when the price is about \$14 for each \$100 share.

According to Caplan, the railways company is wasting more than \$500,000 a year on its power contracts, made for the benefit of the North American Co., and is paying out not less than \$200,000 a year more than the necessary expense of an efficient claims and legal department. If the stockholders who have not heretofore taken any interest in the management of the company, but have left everything to the judgment of the North American Co., will assert their rights, they can effect a saving of nearly \$1,000,000 a year, Caplan says.

Want Five of Eleven Directors.
The plan of Caplan and the stockholders he represents is to elect enough directors at the next annual meeting to obtain a substantial standing in the board. If the North American Co. should refuse to recognize what the minority stockholders hold to be their rights, their plan is to file an equity suit in the courts to conserve the assets of the corporation.

The capital stock of the United Railways Co. is \$45,000,000, of which \$25,000,000 is common and \$20,000,000 preferred. The North American Co. owns about 55 per cent of the entire capital stock, which gives it control of the corporation. The other 45 per cent is scattered throughout the United States, being in the hands of more than 500 investors. Most of the purchasers of the preferred stock paid from \$80 to \$90 a share for their holdings, and considered it a good investment when it was paying 5 per cent annual dividends. The dividend was discontinued in 1910 and there is now a cumulative dividend of \$20 due on each share of stock, with no money in sight to pay it.

Caplan says that the United Railways Co. under proper management could pay the mill tax of \$25,000 a year, make all necessary improvements and still have a substantial balance for dividends for the stockholders.

The first object of the stockholders, if Caplan's plan should be carried out, would be to repudiate the power contract between the railway company and the Mississippi River Power Distributing Co., under the terms of which the railways company pays more than \$500,000 a year in excess of what it would cost the company to generate its own power. Richard H. C. Birch, president and general manager of the company, testified to this fact in the auditor's hearing recently, but said the company would need \$5,000,000 to build a modern plant to generate its own electricity and that in the present financial condition it could not borrow the money.

Interlocking Directorates.
Caplan has investigated the records of the North American and United Railways companies and verified the facts already published in the Post-Dispatch that when the power contracts were negotiated in 1908 several directors of the North American Co. were also directors in the United Railways Co. and that other North American directors were directors in the Union Electric Light and Power Co. and the Laclede Gas Light Co., both at that time owned by the North American. Contracts for power were also negotiated with the gas and electric companies, but the gas company, upon being sold to St. Louis interests, rejected the contract because the rate was too high.

German Aviator Who Has Brought Down His 13th Enemy Aeroplane



LIEUT. IMMELMANN.

LIEUT. IMMELMANN of the German army flying corps, who recently brought down his thirteenth allied aeroplane is described by a British observer as a doughty enemy, but one whose methods are less heroic than scientific. He does not seek adventure as such, or run avoidable risks, but he hunts deliberately with the single aim of destroying enemy aircraft. His plan is simple but effective. He mounts to a great height, usually about 13,000 feet, and as soon as he observes an enemy below he makes a long straight dive down the enemy, firing continuously.

pany pays the distributing company for what it buys direct. These contracts all have been manipulated, according to Caplan's theory, to milk the United Railways Co. for the benefit of the North American and Union Electric companies. Caplan maintains that the expense of legal and claims departments of

have compromised the mill tax litigation to its advantage, Caplan declares. He says further that if the minority stockholders, whose holdings have been depreciated in value through the blunders of the North American Co., will show an active interest in the property, and undertake to operate to give the best possible service and to economize wherever possible the St. Louis public will take a more kindly view of the corporation.

Committee to Be Formed.
Caplan has been in communication with out-of-town stockholders for several weeks. A committee to represent the minority stockholders is being organized, and its personnel will be announced in a few days. Many of the stockholders are widows and minor children, Caplan has found, and they could not afford to have their holdings wiped out through reckless speculation, which he fears must result from a continuation of North American management.

Preferred stock of the company was offered on the stock market yesterday at \$13.75 a share, with no buyers, and common stock was offered at \$5, with \$4 being the highest bid. The 4 per cent bonds of the company sold at \$68.75.

STEEL CORPORATION RAISES PAY OF EMPLOYEES 10 PER CENT

Increase Will Add \$20,000,000 to Payroll; Youngstown Workers to Get Another Advance.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Because of the continuance of highly prosperous conditions in the steel industry, with great profits for the manufacturers, the United States Steel Corporation yesterday announced that it would raise wages 10 per cent on May 1 next, which will mean an addition of about \$20,000,000 a year to the payroll.

This is the second advance that has taken place this year. On Feb. 1 the corporation advanced wages more than 10 per cent. It had previously restored the salaries of the tonnage men, which had been cut 12 1/2 per cent. It is understood in the trade that the three leading independent companies in the Youngstown district—the Republic, the Youngstown Sheet and Steel and the Briar Hill—will make another advance of 10 per cent in wages, to take place at the same time. This advance will bring the daily pay of the common laborers in the Youngstown district to \$4.42, the highest paid in the history of the steel trade.

If the railways company had pursued a diplomatic course it could not exceed 3 or 3 1/2 per cent of their gross receipts, while the expense of these departments of United Railways is in excess of 5 per cent, and until recently was considerably higher than that.

R. E. NOLKER SAYS HE WILL NO LONGER PAY WIFE'S DEBTS

Member of Wealthy Brewing Family Has Advertisement Printed to That Effect.

Robert E. Nolker, member of a wealthy brewing family and secretary of the Commercial Electric Supply Co., has advertised that he will no longer be responsible for debts which may be contracted by his wife, Pearl Elizabeth Hyman Nolker.

The Nolkers have been living apart since last October. Mrs. Nolker has remained at the St. Regis Apartments where they formerly lived together. Nolker, who has spent much of his time in the East, has lived at the home of his sister, Miss Laura Nolker, at 4504 Lindell boulevard, where in St. Louis he resides.

Nolker's advertisement, which appeared in the Daily Record today, is as follows:

To Whom It May Concern: Please take notice that I am separated from my wife, Pearl E. Nolker, and that I shall not be responsible or liable for any bills or debts contracted by her, or contracts made by her. You are hereby notified to extend no credit to her on my account.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 19, 1916. The Nolkers recently were sued jointly for \$150,000 damages by Albertine Marlowe, a 16-year-old girl, who alleged that Mrs. Nolker wrongfully accused her of taking \$1000 in bills from her gold mesh bag in New York in March, 1915. The girl was tried on a theft charge and acquitted.

When the damage suit was filed Nolker, through an attorney, disclaimed liability and said he would make a separate defense. He said he knew nothing of his wife's affairs when she was in New York.

Mrs. Nolker, Oct. 27 last, in her apartments at the St. Regis, told a Post-Dispatch reporter she and her

husband were living apart. She told of a "fuss" which she said they had Oct. 11, when he failed to keep a promise to take her to an opera performance at the Odeon. This interview followed published assertions that Nolker had gone to the St. Regis apartments and moved his clothing and effects to other lodgings.

B. F. YOAKUM BACKING INVENTOR OF "WATER-MADE GASOLINE"

On Advice of Railroad Men There Will Be No More Demonstrations of the Discovery.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Designed by promoters, speculators, manufacturers, automobile men, Congressmen, chemists, cranks, newspaper writers and the idly curious, Louis Enrich, aged inventor of Farmingdale, L. I., yesterday announced there would be no more demonstrations of his method of converting water into a substitute for gasoline.

"Those who have seen the demonstrations have testified about them," he said. "They brought their own machines. They themselves put in the water, I adding the green liquid. They have testified that the machine ran just the same as if gasoline was the force. But Mr. Yoakum has intimated that there should be no more demonstrations, at least for the present."

The Yoakum referred to is B. F. Yoakum, formerly of the Frisco Railroad, who has a summer home near the inventor's. He is backing the inventor.

SHIP INSURANCE RATES RAISED

War Rates Advance Following Staking of Harroville With \$1,500,000 Loss.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Insurance underwriters here have advanced from 1 per cent to 2 per cent the war risk rates

on shipments from New York to Bordeaux and other ports on the Bay of Biscay. This resulted chiefly from the sinking of the British steamer Harroville in the Bay of Biscay, by which it is estimated American underwriters suffered a loss of \$1,500,000. Rates of war risk on shipments to the United Kingdom also were increased, but less radically. The rate to London has advanced 1 per cent within 10 days and has now reached 3 per cent.

MAKING CHILDREN EAT

Nothing is ever gained by forcing a child to eat when it refuses food. Make sure that nothing is being eaten between meals to destroy the natural appetite, and if your growing child does not have a healthful craving for good, honest food at meal times there is something the matter. Threats of punishment if the child does not eat will not correct the difficulty.

A stifled appetite in a growing child, especially if the patient is pale, languid, nervous, irritable, and without ambition, usually means that the blood is "thin." A non-alcoholic tonic such as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is demanded.

During her teens a girl lays the foundation for her future health. Lack of blood at this time may rob her of robust, healthy womanhood. It is of the greatest importance to administer to girls who grow pale and weak a safe tonic and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills meet every requirement of the most careful mother. They make the blood rich and red and it carries renewed health and strength to every part of the body.

Your own druggist sells Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Send today to the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., for the book, "Building Up the Blood." It is free.—ADV.

DON'T OVERLOOK THE REAL "IMPORTANT" THING IN BUYING A VACUUM CLEANER



You want a Cleaner that does the most thorough cleaning—we know that.

THE HOOVER SUCTION SWEEPER

Is the Most Thorough Cleaner—The Motor-Driven Revolving Brush makes it so. This revolving brush shakes your rugs so that the caked-in dirt, sand, grit is loosened and taken away by the powerful suction. This soft-haired brush also removes all thread and lint.

LET US MAKE A DEMONSTRATION
In Your Home—No Obligation
EVERYTHING ELECTRICAL
We have all makes of Vacuum Cleaners, \$22.50 up.

FRANK ADAM ELECTRIC CO.
904-906 Pine St.
Main 4100—PHONES—Central 1680

List of Winners in Insurance Ad Writing Contest

FIRST PRIZE, \$25.00—Ernest E. Walker, 4424 Oakland Av.
SECOND PRIZE, \$20.00—Edna Armstrong, Coulterville, Ill.
THIRD PRIZE, \$15.00—Thomas F. O'Donnell, 3573 A Lafayette Av.

FOURTH PRIZE, \$10.00—A. L. Sautter, Mechanics-American Bank.
FIFTH PRIZE, \$5.00—W. Earl Aumann, 2022 E. Warner Av.

SIXTH PRIZE, \$5.00—Earl W. Thomas, 4508 McPherson Av.
SEVENTH PRIZE, \$5.00—E. Wickham, Leavenworth, Kansas.

EIGHTH PRIZE, \$5.00—W. H. Braun, 1322 Wright Bldg.
NINTH PRIZE, \$5.00—W. Earl Aumann, 2022 E. Warner Av.

TENTH PRIZE, \$5.00—W. Earl Aumann, 2022 E. Warner Av.
CHAS. D. PUCKETT, Dallas, Texas.

NINTH PRIZES, EACH \$1.00
W. Earl Aumann, 2022 E. Warner Av.
Miss M. Hart, 1855 Railway Exchange Bldg.

George W. Manley, 2611 N. Spring Av.
F. A. Vise, Greenland, Ark.
J. P. Doherty, 4541 A Papin St.

A. Rosenthal, 210 E. 10th St.
A. J. Perrow, 550 Boatmen's Bank Bldg.
W. J. Scherck, 808 N. Sixth St.

xB. W. Poole, Brownwood, Texas.
Wm. Hauser, 806 American Hotel.
R. J. Blügel, 2016 Allen Av.

W. C. Pickens, St. Louis.
xC. H. Cressey, 1533 Pine St.
Dorothy Dwyer, 3014 Longfellow Bl.

Edward McCullough, 5797 Westminster.
Leah W. Leonard, 901 Carr St.
W. E. Hosh, St. Louis.

xD. L. Miller, 5018 Ridge Av.
xP. A. Franck, 3877A Humphrey St.
Emma Smith, 4173 Morgan St.

xC. H. Cressey, 1533 Pine St.
xD. L. Miller, 5018 Ridge Av.
Miss Gene Ellinger, 4188A Shaw Av.

xH. H. Bergmann, 823 N. Third St.
xC. H. Cressey, 1533 Pine St.
xMrs. Geo. W. Wilson, 6574 Scanlon Av.

A. L. Sautter, Mechanics-American Bank.
Louis A. Becker, 7810 Minnesota Av.
Edward L. Perry, M. D., Ferguson, Mo.

xMrs. Geo. W. Wilson, 6574 Scanlon Av.
xH. H. Bergmann, 823 N. Third St.
Jackson Marshall, St. Louis.

xP. A. Franck, 3877A Humphrey St.
xC. H. Cressey, 1533 Pine St.
L. F. Schwenker, 3817 Blaine Av.

Wm. S. Welsh, Railroad Y. M. C. A.
J. H. McCullough, 1210A Hodiamont Av.
xC. H. Cressey, 1533 Pine St.

X Names mentioned more than once under the \$1.00 prizes receive a prize for each time mentioned.

We desire to thank each entrant in the contest. The answers showed hard, careful work, deep thinking and a splendid knowledge of "The Greatest Thing in the World." Life Insurance. The first prize-winning ad will appear Friday, April 21, in the Post-Dispatch and Globe-Democrat, and other ads will follow on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. The name of the author will appear with each advertisement.

EDUCATION AND CONSERVATION COMMITTEE

Life Underwriters' Association of St. Louis.
(The Judges)

GEORGE L. DYER, Chairman
GUY WILSON
JAMES H. McVOY
F. T. RENCH
JACOB L. ISAACS

BRANDT'S (INCORPORATED) 618 WASHINGTON AVE.

Basement Features A White Sale During White Week

OPPORTUNE—Special purchases permit these remarkable Basement Specials. Full value prices are not quoted, but when you see these and other specials you will appreciate to what extent they are underpriced in the Basement—tomorrow, Friday and Saturday.

White Canvas Boots
As illustrated—an ideal 9-inch Boot for Easter wear. In lace style with covered Louis heel. Basement special, at **\$2.95**

White Kid Boots
Like cut—only has wave top and leather Louis heel—full 9 inches high. A remarkable Basement special at **\$3.45**

White Canvas or Kid Pumps
As illustrated—very new Colonial—in white kid. Basement special, at **\$2.95**

White Canvas Pumps
Plain or Strap Pump Basement special, at **\$1.95**

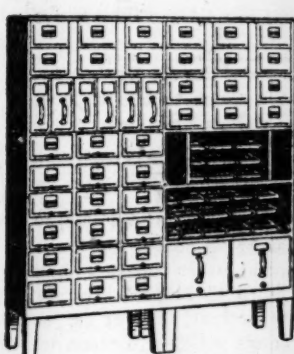
Nubuck Sport Pumps
Women's and Growing Girls' Rubber Sole and Heel **\$2.95**

Children's White Mary Jane Pumps
With strap, made over foot-form last, with turn sole. Sizes 2 to 8 at **79c**

Globe-Wernicke

Factory brought to your own Door

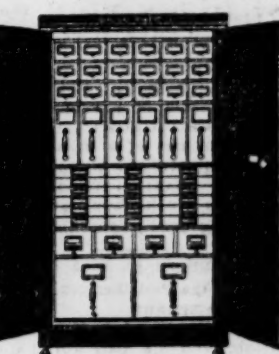
OUR New St. Louis Store at 406-408 N. Broadway is but another wing added to the largest plant in the world making Office and Library Furniture—a store where every conceivable piece of Office Furniture can be seen and demonstrated, Filing Cabinets, Safes, Desks, Chairs, Tables, Etc.



9 Steel Filing Cabinet Lines

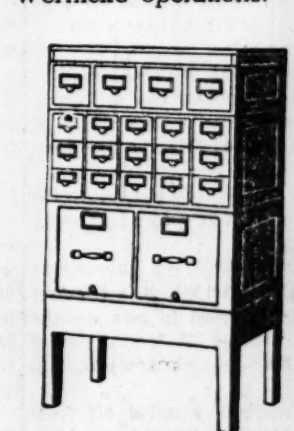
"BUILT TO ENDURE"

Horizontal Steel 32 inch Sections



Globe Steel Safes

All are living aids to system with power to grow, unit by unit, as your filing needs increase. Quality and capacity considered, all are the best and lowest priced the market affords, due to the gigantic scale of Globe-Wernicke operations.



12 Wood Filing Cabinet Lines

"BUILT TO ENDURE"

Designed for the United States Government—33 inch Wood Line

In one of these twelve lines of Wood Cabinets, there are more than one hundred different kinds of filing sections, each kind meeting a specific office requirement. All are so simple, so easy to open and close, so sturdy and compact, that they encourage system by making system profitable.

The Globe-Wernicke Co.
Phone Olive 1718 and Central 339
406-408 North Broadway

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER, Dec. 12, 1878.
Published by The Pulitzer Publishing Co.,
210-212 N. Broadway.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES BY MAIL IN ADVANCE
Daily without Sunday, one year, \$5.00
Daily with Sunday, one year, \$6.00
SUNDAY ONLY, one year, \$3.00
BY CARRIER IN ST. LOUIS AND SUBURBS, per
month, 15c; by mail, 20c; express money order,
St. Louis exchange.
Entered at postoffice, St. Louis, Mo., as second-class
matter.

THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM.

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and reform, never tolerate injustice or corruption, always fight demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.

April 10, 1907.

Post-Dispatch

Circulation
Average for the First 3
Months of 1916:

Sunday 374,181
Only
Daily 214,700
Average

Equalled Only by FOUR SUNDAY
Newspapers in the UNITED STATES.
Two in New York and Two in Chicago.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

Autobuses Needed for Park.

The Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
The action of a majority of the Board of Aldermen in killing the measure for the purchase of three autobuses for use in the park to transport those not able to afford to buy an automobile, but who can afford to take a ride out to the Art Museum and zoo at the expense of a nickel, is, in my estimation, a direct affront to the masses of this city. There is no demand to establish an expensive system of transportation and upkeep, but merely to supply the capital to purchase the buses and rely upon the patronage of the autoless people to reimburse the city in fares to and from the points of interest in the great playground of the city.

There is no reasonable excuse for the action taken, especially since the Board of Estimates, which prepared the budget, had recommended the appropriation. It looks too much like class distinction, based on an idea that the less number of people visiting the park, the greater freedom for speeding and enjoyment by those of the "upper 10,000," who consider themselves above the common herd.

A movement for a reconsideration should be taken at once and the measure put through for the buses, so as to enable the people to take advantage of the season's outing weather. If this is not done, I invite the voters to hold themselves in readiness for future consideration when any or all of these men again come before them for their favor.

L. P. CUSTER.

Employment of Female Stenographers.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
I am wondering why so many large concerns delegate the employment of stenographic help to young men, say from 20 to 25, the know-it-all age of a man. Usually these young men know very little about letter writing and the qualifications a good stenographer should possess, and they judge the ability of the applicant by her clothes and the size of her pompadour, with the result that a sensible girl often loses out. Then, too, what is the use of a stenographer studying evenings to improve her mind when during the day she takes dictation from a "freshie" who knows about as much about grammar and letter writing as a pig does about Sunday? X. Y. Z.

Albanians in Dire Need.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
A nation is dying of hunger. It is a small, weak nation, and its call for help is unheard among the stronger appeals of its powerful neighbors, in their sudden, recent sufferings. For three years the country of Albania has been the victim of sword and famine. Now the people are without food. Ten thousand human beings are starving daily.

The women are emaciated; their bones seem about to protrude through the skin. Would you give bread to one famished woman? Save for her a child dead to her as yours to you? Would you win a grateful look from the appealing eyes of her in whose wasted hands you place the gift? Give 100 cents to buy flour for Albania. If you have given to other countries until you feel that you can do no more, give 10 cents. A bit of bread from each of the well-fed to one of those who will feed all.

THE ALBANIAN RELIEF FUND.

70 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Sorry We Hurt Your Feelings!

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
Well, now, that was pretty rough that attack on the unpreparedness people in your Sunday edition, wasn't it? "Fierce," as the children say, but it really was fierce; not what we expect from the Post-Dispatch, for somehow the Post-Dispatch seems chivalrous and bears on its standard.

"Never tolerate injustice, always fight for progress."
But what did you go for us for? Really, the unpreparedness party is a great party—a mighty throng, a multitude. The heart of the people throbs with us, and somehow, some way, we may some day surprise you, and maybe, it really isn't wise to be so hard on us while we struggle. You call us names, but somehow we don't believe in calling names or we might call the other side the insecurity league.

We are for peace! We are for no bloodshed! We are right! We shall win! The killing must stop! It is a great cause. Swing around for us. The pendulum of time must swing you.

You know the story of all great movements, minorities become majorities.

Really, scores, sniffs and sneers are out of place, but they don't hurt much after all.

You will print this, I know, because your heart is great.

ELIZABETH DEVEREUX ROBINSON.

THE ONLY ADEQUATE DEFENSES.

Capt. Frank M. Rumbold of Battery A., N. G. M., wants 35 recruits to fill out his required contingent for the United States army camp at Fort Riley, July 5 to 14. He could utilize 50 recruits. Will he get the 35 men he needs?

The answer to this question will show how deep the spirit of patriotic preparedness has entered the breasts of the young men of St. Louis.

Experience does not hold out hope of swift responses to his appeal. The local battery and regiment have been sadly in need of recruits to fill out their quotas. Enthusiasm is lacking in a considerable percentage of the enlisted men. Fidelity to duty is lacking in a smaller percentage. Cooperation from the employers of young men who want to volunteer and are willing to do the work has been heretofore conspicuously absent. It has been difficult to accomplish good results on account of the unwillingness of employers to give leaves of absence to employees for camp training work and the natural apathy of young men in times of peace.

If, however, the preparedness campaign means anything and if it is to be a success on volunteer lines the required contingents of the national guard should be filled. Certainly there should be enough patriotism in St. Louis to meet this small problem of preparedness.

The conditions in the National Guard illustrate the failure of the volunteer system. It demonstrates the illogical and dangerous position of a Government which depends upon volunteers in the national guard or the Federal army for military reserves. In times of peace citizens are apathetic toward military training. The majority of able-bodied men being busy at their occupations do not think of military training and are not willing to make the sacrifices for it when the need of a large army seems distant and improbable. When war breaks citizens are willing to volunteer to defend the country, but they are wholly unprepared for service. An untrained, unprepared army is a menace to itself and to the country—it menaces everything, except the enemy.

These are the conditions, demonstrated by historical experience and acknowledged by enlightened judgment, which render the efforts of Congress to prepare for national defense through volunteer forces and particularly through the state controlled national guard futile and nugatory. We may under campaign excitement and by hard recruiting labor get considerable forces on paper, but they are not dependable and are not thoroughly prepared when needed for actual defense service.

What illogical folly it is to charge a Government with the responsibility for defending the country and withhold from it the power to compel the preparation of sufficient forces for defense and to give it complete control of these forces.

Great wealth, unless it is protected by adequate trained forces on sea and land, is not a defensive resource—it is a temptation to other better armed nations.

Great military resources in men and material are not defenses against invasion unless they are organized and prepared for immediate actual use for defense.

The Government must be equipped by the people with power to compel able-bodied citizens not only to serve when needed for defense, but to be prepared to give efficient service. In order that the burden may be laid equally upon all able-bodied citizens, the training must be universal. The liability to service must be universal. The burdens of government in military defense as in taxation for maintenance and defense should be equitably distributed among all citizens able to bear the burdens.

Congress will not reach a solution of the problem of national defense until it enacts legislation providing for universal military training and service. The country's defense will then rest on the solid ground of efficiency, economy and democracy. Every citizen able to bear arms will be a trained, equipped soldier ready to do his duty faithfully and efficiently when called to defend the flag.

The war may shake some of the old fogeyism out of Mr. Bull. It must be a shock to him to have to employ "15,000 new women workers every week."

THE JASPER KINFOLK.

Secretary Roach's promise of jobs for Jasper County in the event that he be chosen Governor is not likely to help him in other counties. And will it help him very much in Jasper? It may be suspected that to the ordinary run of Jasper County voters his patronage policy will mean no more in the future than it has meant in the past, when few aside from Jasper County kinfolk have profited.

There is still a powerful lot of relatives in Jasper who have not yet connected with the pay roll, but who will have hopes if Mr. Roach lands the governorship. But what reason is there for supposing that any voter not of kin will get a job?

EUROPE'S TOURIST LOSS PERMANENT.

We all know what the temporary loss to Europe has been in tourist trade diverted on account of the war. / thousand and one evidences of it were given in the transmississippi country last year.

Now Fred F. Harvey, caterer of celebrity to the traveling public, tells us that this loss to Europe is permanent.

He has just returned with vivid impressions from the Western states over which a flood of summer pleasure seekers spread in late months and reports that the volume of traffic during the coming season may be as great or even greater.

With the Eastern tourists, shunted off from their customary trip to Europe, it has been a case of seeing is believing. They have obtained an appreciation of the scenic assets of our Western country which no amount of topographical description or academic generalization could convey. Thousands of summer homes have been purchased or built in this section by Americans, chiefly residents of the East, Mr. Harvey says. Hundreds of ranches have been acquired by them as outlying places. New resort centers are planned for their entertainment and preparations are made for looking more systematically than ever before after their comfort and convenience.

No other continent has such a playground as our own. It has long been suspected that if the current of travel was ever directed towards its wonders, it would never diminish. Persons now

living may see the time when European tourists will come to scenic America in swarms as great as those in which American tourists up to 1915 have been going to scenic Europe.

THE GERMAN CRISIS.

By the time this edition of the Post-Dispatch is printed the President will have given Congress complete information of the status of our controversy with Germany on the submarine question. The substance of his note to Germany and the facts upon which it is based will be known to the public.

We shall not anticipate his statement, nor the outcome of the crisis. We know it is serious and may lead to a rupture. The end depends upon Germany's action.

In any event, we have the satisfaction of knowing that the United States is not the aggressor, but on the contrary has been a long-suffering victim of injury. The President has exercised extraordinary patience and forbearance. He has appealed to reason again and again. He has exhausted the resources of diplomacy, until, in the face of miscreancy, violations of pledges and breaches of legal and moral obligations, diplomacy has become a reproach and a byword.

We shall have the satisfaction of knowing that if war comes it will not come by reason of our rashness or greed or sordid ambition, but as a stern duty in behalf of sacred rights of life and freedom, of law and humanity. Our record is clear.

The President's patience, forbearance and reasonableness, the high ground upon which he has placed the Government's action, enable all Americans to support him with clear conscience and cheerful devotion to the country's honor and interest. American courage and patriotism will be equal to any demand.

We can only hope that Germany will recognize the justice of our cause and will take effective action to avert trouble. We do not seek it.

GOOD WORK FOR THE BLIND.

This year can be made a record breaker in good work for Missouri's blind, if public support is given to the carrying out of plans now formed. The Missouri Commission for the Blind intends to raise, by private subscription, \$12,500. When that is accomplished, the State Legislature is authorized to appropriate a like sum. With this \$25,000 the commission could make use of the five acres of land which has been donated for the benefit of the blind by Mrs. Hannah Duryee of Jennings, Mo., on condition that \$500 be spent annually for three years on the improvement of the property.

It is proposed to start a colony for the blind on this land, where they could raise poultry and do other light work. A number of blind persons could in this way be made self-supporting, and the life would be wholesome and attractive, for blind persons usually enjoy country surroundings.

Blind war victims in Europe are being cared for in a manner that somewhat shames us here, accustomed as we are to accepting this affliction in our fellows as commonplace. With the knowledge of what is being done for the blinded soldiers, it should not be difficult to arouse public sympathy in Missouri to the necessity of carrying out the plans outlined for the benefit of our own people.

"READY FOR ANY EMERGENCY."

Rear Admiral May reports to Secretary of the Navy Daniels that the Atlantic fleet is "ready for any emergency."

A third- or fourth-class emergency, of course. But what would happen if a first-class emergency three or four times its size should steam up and give battle to the Atlantic fleet?

VERDICT ON THE AVIATION SCANDAL.

A courtmartial reports a failure in the aviation service "to observe the restraints imposed by law with regard to the personnel and pay" of the service.

Accordingly the damaging charge that flight officers who did not and could not fly were retained in the section and were allowed the increased compensation designed by Congress only for those assuming the risks of flight and were systematically protected by superiors in the fraud seems to be sustained.

These are very serious wrongs. Scandals revealing inexcusable inefficiency and waste of money on the part of the present military establishment produce an effect on the public mind highly prejudicial to adequate preparedness. The courtmartial recommends simply a reprimand for the offending officers. Assuredly they escape with a light penalty. The deficiencies in the aviation section shown in the first few days after the Villa expedition was decided on were a logical consequence of the culpable neglect and misfeasance of the past.

Secretary of War Baker, however, shows appreciation of conditions. He plans the separation of the aviation service from the signal corps, its institution as an independent service and its thorough reorganization under new and really competent heads. His energetic efforts are gratifying. The aviation scandal was a national reproach. Powerful aerial resources and a highly trained personnel are a detail in preparedness whose importance cannot be exaggerated.

SIXTEEN-HAND LOGIC AND MULES.

Mules have rights as well as temperaments—Louisville Courier-Journal.
Most assuredly they have rights. The decision of the learned Kentucky court on which this comment is based only carried a little farther the sound dictum of our own Missouri Supreme Court, which, from the principle that allows the dog his first bite, argued so powerfully by analogy that the mule must be allowed his first kick.

From the doctrine that an owner cannot assume his mule is vicious until after it has delivered at least one vicious kick, it is only a step to Kentucky's doctrine of contributory negligence which denied a man damages who had struck a mule while standing within the operating radius of its hind feet.



IS THIS GOOD BUSINESS?

JUST A MINUTE

Written for the POST-DISPATCH
by Clark McAdams

PANTELA.

N O, Luella dear,
The buses
Will not run
In Forest Park;
Sixteen Aldermen
Opposed it
When they came
To toe the mark
Someone said
The Art Museum
Was a menace
To the Zoo.
And the city
Fathers, dearie,
Knew exactly
What to do.

Where the trouble

Lies, Luella,
Is not easy
To explain.
But it has
To do with matters
Appertaining
To our gain.
Some folks think
That what we should be
Doing now
Is growing soul,
Whereas others
Would encourage
Watching monkeys
Climb a pole.

In the chasm

Thus created
All the buses
Are a wreck;
All the friends
Of worth and beauty
Have been driven
From the deck.
We shall put
The fifteen thousand
Into quadrupeds
And snakes,
And the people
Talking pictures
Can go drowning
In the lakes.

All the same,

My dear Luella,
Art shall conquer
At the last,
Though it isn't
Making headway
For the present
Very fast.
When the Zoo
Has had its inning
And its
Jealousies are dead,
Art shall bag
The City Council,
And go foraging
Right ahead.

WHY HAMLET WAS MELANCHOLY.

"TELL people the truth and break social conventions as Hamlet did and they will think you crazy!" Dr. John Duncan Spaeth, professor of English literature in Princeton University, said recently in a lecture on "Shakespeare and the Democratic Spirit."

"Hamlet was perfectly sane," Dr. Spaeth added, "but when he told the truth to foolish people they thought him crazy. He called Polonius a fool, and the latter at once tapped his head and was quite convinced Hamlet had gone mad. Hamlet did the same thing with many others who figured in his life. With the exception of his mother and Horatio, all other characters in the play when he told the plain unvarnished truth thought him insane."

Nevertheless, Hamlet was without any nice discrimination as to when the truth served, and he would just as well have been crazy. He couldn't have made any greater mess.

We cannot see why a comic artist should be at all discouraged by what Charlie Chaplin is making. We observe that in a kelly pool game conducted by one of our facile slingers of drawing ink the waiter is bringing in some of the smoking tobaccos and other staples which the corporate interests are very glad to advertise, and we cannot make out any immediate end to the possibilities of that sort of thing. How the author of the New Yorks overlooked the possibility of having some of the more popular baby foods brought in from time to time is more than we can make out. It must be the obvious things that we think of last.

Paul E. Haffer is on trial at Tacoma for having libeled George Washington. He charged in a letter to a Tacoma newspaper that the sometimes respected father of our country exploited slaves and used profanity and liquor. Col. A. E. Joab, a patriotic citizen of Tacoma, sued Haffer for libeling G. W., and when Haffer's attorney protested against any such absurd case going to trial the Judge overruled him and ordered the case to proceed. We are afraid the scene of this patriotic comedy is about to Tacoma bun.

The author of "Peck's Bad Boy" is dead, and we are reminded that except for his sense of humor this man, who was twice Governor of Wisconsin, might have had an illustrious career as a statesman. Upon the contrary, we are disposed to believe that except for his sense of humor he might not even have been Governor of Wisconsin.

A man in Maine has sold for \$10,000 a pamphlet printed by Noah Webster for which he paid 10 cents at a church rummage sale a few weeks ago. All the churches in New England are holding rummage sales now, and the crowds are so big that people have to edge in sideways.

It looks bad to run for the Democratic nomination for governor on a frank patronage platform, but Cornelius Roach no doubt knows how nominations are won.

An Ohio poet celebrated his ten thousandth parody on "Mary Had a Little Lamb" the other day without being able to think of anything else.

ANSWERS TO QUERIES

ETIQUETTE.

ELANOR—Grandmother's death should not stop your piano playing. Play nothing unseemly. The spirits of the departed are said to love good music.

OLD READER—Church wedding: Where there are two bridesmaids they enter first, singly or together, as the bride prefers; maid of honor directly after; mother, next, ring bearer, and then flower girl, who is to sprinkle rose petals in the path for the bride, who enters alone on arm of nearest male relative. Bridgroom does not come in from front of church. He enters through vestry and with best man comes out of vestry room with minister, standing at left side, a little lower down until bride approaches. When he steps down to meet her and stands at her right hand during ceremony. Father steps back and down to wait for that part of the service where the question is asked, "Who gives this woman away?" when he steps forward and places his daughter's hand in that of the husband-to-be. Maid of honor stands at left of bride, maid of honor beside her, ring bearer to right, and bridegroom can easily reach the ring when the proper time arrives. In leaving after ceremony, wedding couple turn and bride takes bridegroom's left arm, the flower girl walking ahead; best man escorts mother of honor and first groomsmen the maid of honor, while the ushers escort the two bridesmaids; ring bearer may walk with flower bearer, or if preferred, directly behind the bride. Bridal party leaves church in directly reverse order to entrance, that is, a bride and husband walk first, attendants after and parents following. (Full dress for evening wedding.)

HEALTH HINTS.

PARTICULAR—By all means, consult a reliable oculist.

JAMES—If the condition you describe is a cyst, the only cure is surgical removal.

A. E. C.—As to tea and coffee injuring health, much depends upon the person and the quantity consumed. Some appear to be not much affected by either. "Safety first" people omit both.

H. W.—There is no difference between the constituents of bread, crust and those of the inner part of the loaf. But the crust contains much less moisture and is richer in solid constituents. There is also an increased amount of soluble carbohydrates in the crust, owing to the action of the intense heat upon the outside of the loaf during baking. The flavor is more stimulating to the flow of the digestive juices. Crust and stale bread are more digestible than the soft interior of a loaf of new bread, because the salivary juices act readily upon the drier bread. Soft new bread is resistant to the salivary attack, and seldom receives the necessary treatment in the mouth.

HOUSEHOLD HELPS.

M. L. R.—Perseverance of applications of coal oil should rid brick wall of bedbugs. Be very thorough.

CONSTANT (Supplemental)—We have this from an experienced reader: For a changing, thumping, burning hot-water tank, we obtained temporary relief by turning on the hot-water faucet and keeping the fire low, but permanent relief came only by removal of the hot-water coil, which was found to be completely choked, so that there was no circulation of water. The plumber's explanation was that the coil had become very hot, generated steam, and this in turn caused the noise as it kicked back into the tank. The connections were improperly made.

LAW POINTS.

J. R. C.—Phone Building Commission, city hall phones.

R. E.—Application for second naturalization papers must be made before first are seven years old.

READER—When foreigner becomes citizen of U. S. his wife and minor children become citizens.

G. H.—See room 410, Clinton House, 5th and Olive, for full, free information in regard to becoming an American citizen.

JAMES—If you have only ordinary amount of furniture the doctor cannot seize it. If you are head of a family he can garnish only 10 per cent of your \$20 a month. If bill is five years old it is dead.

SAD OLD MAN—The bankruptcy act provides that the bankrupt must reside or have his domicile within the respective territorial jurisdictions for the preceding six months, or the greater portion thereof. Bankruptcy is required to appear before referee and submit to examination and control of the conducting of his business, cause of his bankruptcy, his dealings with creditors and other persons, transactions, kind and whereabouts of his property, etc. (Have a talk with the clerk of the bankruptcy court, Security Building.)

MISCELLANEOUS.

DORF—Fairground, 12.94 acres.

E. A. K.—The caridea are crustaceans, and include shrimps.

JABEZ—For the poem of the sea, try William Clinton Scollard, Clinton, N. Y., or see Public Library.

F. J. M. R.—Gravels road is southwest from the courthouse, river bend, Peres south, south and west, and west.

A.—Charles Hendricks, District Secretary, Old Custom House, Third and Olive, has full, free information in regard to civil service examinations.

S. J. N.—Perhaps a student who so drive pegs into your shoes as to stop the squeaking. (We don't know author of "Whistling in Heaven." Wasn't it the other place?)

ANXIOUS READER—For head vermin dip fine comb in kerosene, then rub hair thoroughly. This comb is made of lice. Comb twice a day. Or use good, fresh insect powder.

TRUTHSEKKER—Freemasonry opens wide her doors to men of all religious creeds and faiths. Hebrews and Christians, Moslems and Parsees, Protestants and Catholics, all meet around her pacific altars—Allocation of the sovereign grand commander of the supreme council, 33d degree of the A. and A. S. R. of Freemasonry, October 1915. The ceremony may become Freemasonry, but they are excommunicated if they do.

CITIZEN—Policeman must have resided here four consecutive years and be a registered voter. Height 5 ft. 8 in. weight 160 lbs. Age 21 to 35. Must have been a month during the first year of service and 30 a month after that. Experience, \$2 for physician making physical examination; \$5 for uniform. Price of uniform is deducted from salary. Before he is made a policeman, a man is weighed with hat, coat and shoes off. Get application blank from secretary of the Board of Police Commissioners, opposite city hall. Politician's recommendation not necessary.

L. M.—Forestry service requires persons of diversified qualifications. Examinations are along practical lines and knowledge of field conditions rather than book learning. The opportunities for those applicants with educational advantages are increased considerably. The more responsible positions are filled by promotion from lower grades, so that anyone entering as a ranger is eligible for promotion to the highest grades and higher paid places, including that of forest supervisor. Only those at least 21 years of age, not more than 40, of good character, temperate and in good physical condition are eligible.

Signatures, \$200 a year, resident in Missouri University, Columbia. See civil service office.

JOINT—To retain trousers crease: Once gum tragacanth, 1 oz. gum arabic, Reduce to fine powder and mix. Dissolve 1 tablespoon of this powder in half pint hot water. Shake until thoroughly dissolved. Turn trousers inside out and moisten strip 1 inch wide down the front of the leg. Turn to right side again and press crease into leg iron. Another way: Turn trousers wrong side out and attach to edge of leg means just over the knee with patch 3 inches long and as wide as the width of the garment's leg. Sew this securely along the outer edge of the seams. Turn again to right side and press crease firmly from bottom of leg to knee. The remaining creases, permitting heavy cloth to slide freely over knee, "hang sitting" or stopping.

Walter Scott's Tale of War in Lorraine

By J. W. Muller

(The chain of French forts from Verdun to Nancy, now being so fiercely fought for, and which form one combined system of defense for French Lorraine, lie in a region famous in history and legend. None is more thrilling than the capture of Nancy by the Swiss. This episode and the destruction of the Burgundian army are a fine part of Sir Walter Scott's "Anne of Geierstein.")

CHARLES THE BOLD, ruler of Burgundy and Flanders, Duke of seven dukedoms, Count of 17 earldoms, was at the summit of his eminence. In his grip he crushed the estates of Burgundy and Flanders. He was invading Lorraine, and already had added to his titles that of the Duke of Lorraine. He menaced the great Louis of France and boasted openly that he would nail the hide of the fox to a stake. He was bargaining with Margaret of Anjou for the lovely kingdom of Provence, ruled by her mild old father good King Rene, in exchange for which he promised to make war in the name of the House of York and re-establish Margaret's House of Lancaster. And with all these affairs on his hands he turned lightly, as to an excursion, to make war on the Swiss.

In vain did the Duke of Oxford, who was in the camp of Margaret's envoy, advise him that these rough mountaineers were bears who might well ruin all his greater plans. He roared with fury at the intimation that his chivalry of Burgundy, his mail-clad mercenaries from all Europe, and his new and wonderful fire-spitting cannon might fail to annihilate the Swiss, who fought on foot with arrows and marmosets, clumsy two-handed swords. He said to the Swiss deputation that had come to beg for peace:

"A deputation of your most notable people, who shall meet me on our frontiers with halberds around their necks and their swords held by the points, may learn from me on what conditions we will grant peace."

Then farewell peace, and welcome war," said the undaunted Swiss delegates. "We will meet you on our frontiers with our naked swords, but the hilts, not the points, shall be in our grasp. Charles of Burgundy, we bid you defiance, and declare war against you in the name of the Confederated Cantons."

Margaret's nephew, Ferrand de Vaudemont, whose heritage was the Dukedom of Lorraine, joined with the Swiss. Charles laughed when he heard it. "On to Neuchâtel," he said. "We will teach these tattered peasants a lesson!"

At Granson, near the great lake of Neuchâtel, the beggarly peasants caught Burgundy's army in a narrow pass and so fell on it from all sides that by night the shining host was in mortifying flight.

A Sudden Summons From the Secret Tribunal of Germany.

THE check merely infuriated Charles. Before midsummer of the next year he had ready a new army of at least 60,000 men with 150 pieces of cannon. They entered the land of the Swiss, who had called on the Free Cities of the Rhine to help them. At Morat, near Bern, the Burgundian cannon battered the walls around Swiss ears; but the artillery, novel though it was, failed to terrify them. It ploughed great gaps among them, but before it could fire again the survivors rushed in with those clumsy five-foot swords and hewed mail-clad men down as if they were saplings. Charles himself had to ride for his life with the steer-horns of Uri, which the Swiss blew as war trumpets, braying behind him as he fled.

Even he was stunned for a time; but when word came to him that Ferrand and the Swiss had dared to leave their mountain fastnesses and had overrun Lorraine, taking the city of Nancy, he roused himself and laughed again, gleefully. "They have trapped themselves!" he cried. "I swear that I shall destroy them utterly before two weeks have passed."

Three days before Christmas his army sat down before Nancy in a strong position. That night there was a great commotion in the Duke's tent. When his officers rushed in, they saw him standing undressed, with his sword in his hand. He roared that strangers had been by his bedside.

The bodyguard was incredulous, for there were many there who could swear that they had not closed their eyes. But he pointed to a table flanked by a dagger and a parchment signed with three crosses. Everyone present recognized at once what it was, and even in that armed camp many of them trembled, for the parchment was a summons from the dreaded Vehm-Gericht, the secret tribunal that awed even Emperors.

Charles the Bold Is Killed on New Year's Day, 1477.

THE summons called on Charles to appear at a given place and time, to be unattended and deliver himself to the officers of the Tribunal, who would lead him to the place of trial. Failing appearance, he was outlawed and doomed to death without hearing.

"I know from what quiver this arrow comes," said Charles, his lip white with rage. "It is shot by that degenerate noble, Albert of Geierstein. By Saint George of Burgundy! Nothing shall save him after such an insult as this! I will hang him to the highest steeple in Nancy and his daughter shall choose the meanest hero-boy in my army for husband!"

Little more than a week later, on the

first of January, 1477, in a bitter dawn of ice and snow, there came a sound like the roar of an avalanche. The officers rushed to their posts and were cut down by men who appeared here, there, everywhere. The artillerymen mowed their guns, and found that they had been spiked. The Swiss poured through. A red glare broke out and lit up the scene. The Burgundian camp had been fired at four ends.

When day broke, the Duke of Oxford found the body of Charles, Duke of Burgundy, lying mired by a water-hole; and near him, in the disguise of a Burgundian man-at-arms, lay the body of Count Albert of Geierstein, the Avenger of the Vehm-Gericht.

"Anne of Geierstein" has for its hero and heroine the son of the exiled Duke of Oxford, the loyal Lancastrian, and Anne, daughter of the strange and eccentric Count of Geierstein (Vulture's Rock), a castle in the Swiss Alps. The novel is not one of Scott's great ones, but it is worthy and sound; and it possesses a sentimental interest to his admirers because it represents what may be called the sunset of his genius. He had his first paralytic seizure in the year following its publication.

(Copyright, 1916, by J. W. Muller.)

"Monkey Talk."

HOOLOCK, a lonesome money in the Central Park Zoo, New York, was miserable until the curator conceived the idea of taking phonographic records of his whining chatter. Now Hoolock listens to his own talk, thinks he has a companion and is perfectly happy.

"Monkey Talk."

THE visitor was surprised. She expected that that is another story. While the woman was out of the room, the monkey, who had been ordered to wait, was dainty and artistic. It seemed that care and forethought were given to all the details of the room. There was sunlight everywhere, and everything seemed to be arranged with the idea of comfort first. When the woman returned, the evangelist's wife remarked on this.

"Oh, yes," said the hostess, with a sparkle in her eyes, "everything is home-made, and I attend to all the details. We have bought this little home and I made all the hangings."

"I'm busy all the time, scheming and planning for John and the children. Every year I try to improve the house, to make it more homelike and beautiful as the children grow up."

"Last year, some friends, who unexpectedly became reduced in circumstances, had to go to the country for the benefit of the health of one of the members of the family. They really did not have enough furnishings, so I gathered up a lot of old pieces, including nearly all our draperies, which were in good shape, and gave them to them."

"I had intended to get some new things, and this was a good way to do it. It was such fun scheming and planning new ideas with different colors of hangings that I was almost glad our friends needed our things. Would you like to see my sewing room, after tea?"

Then came a delicious service of tea. It was tasted so good to the visitor! The sewing room was a wonder—little ones' dresses, various other garments, were in the process of making.

"I hope to make all the children's clothes," said the hostess, and here in a drawer where I keep all the old ones that are not worn much, it is so nice to give them to my washerwoman, as her children are about the same age as mine."

"You must be very tired," she said, "having worked so hard all these weeks. It is very nice of you to come to see me. Just let me take off your wraps. Get into this comfortable chair and rest. I will have some nice tea and hot muffins made, and we can just chat here pleasantly while you are resting."

MUSTEROLE is a clean, white ointment, made with the oil of mustard. It does all the work of the old-fashioned mustard plaster—does it better, and does not blister. You do not have to bother with a cloth. You do simply rub it on—and usually the pain is gone!

Doctors and nurses use MUSTEROLE and recommend it to their patients. They will gladly tell you what relief it gives from Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Croup, Stiff Neck, Asthma, Neuralgia, Congestion, Pleurisy, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Pains and Aches of the Back or Joints, Sprains, Sore Muscles, Bruises, Chills, Cuts, Frost-bites, Colds of the Chest (it often prevents Pneumonia).

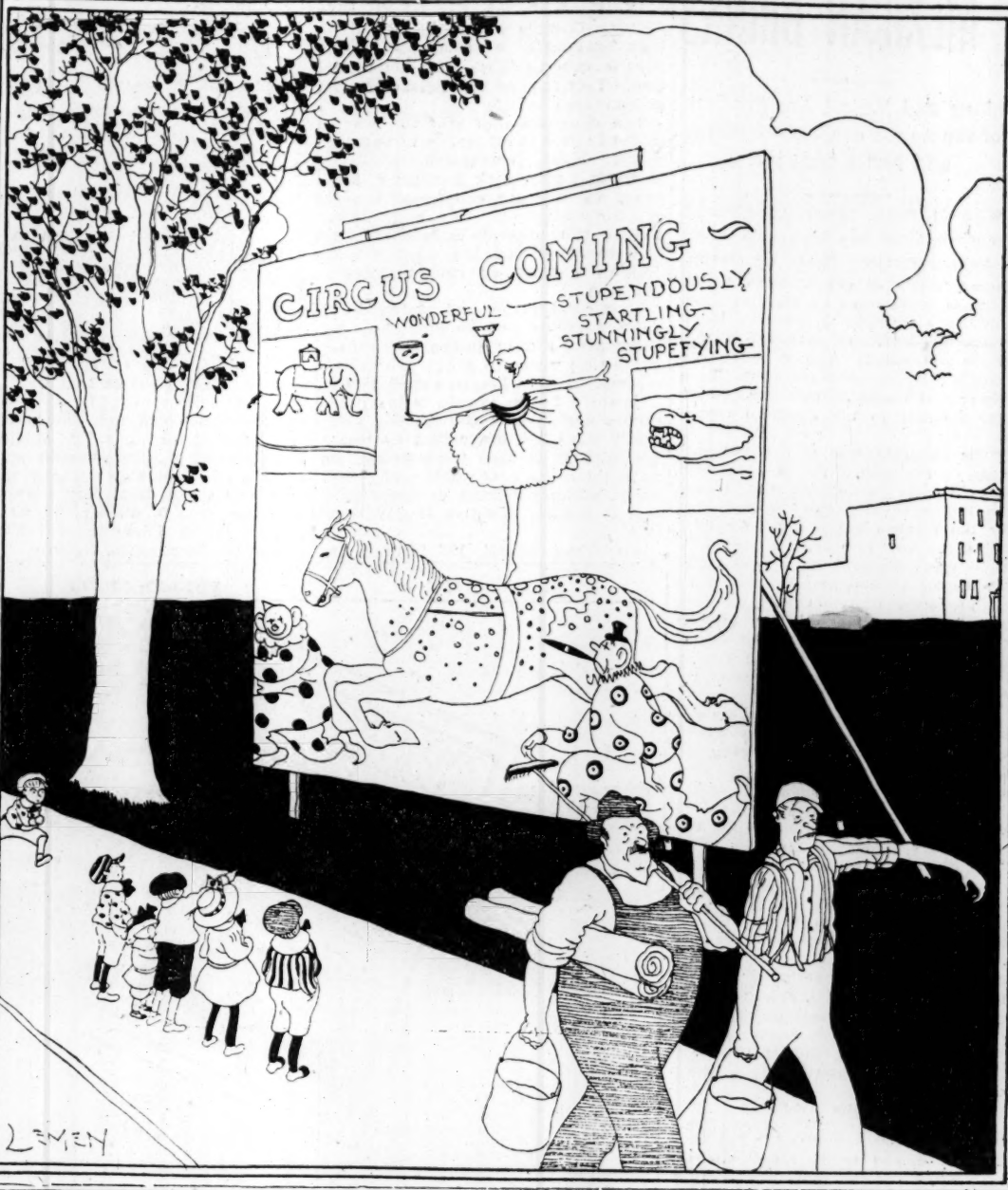
At your drugist's, in 25c and 50c jars, and a special large hospital size for \$2.50.

Be sure you get the genuine MUSTEROLE. Refuse imitations—get what you ask for! Write to Musterole Company, Cleveland, Ohio.

MUSTEROLE

THE true shape of the earth still awaits accurate determination.

Another Old Masterpiece Restored



Do You Speak English or Only "United States"

SOME time ago a newspaper correspondent, in describing a conference between President Wilson and several members of Congress, wrote that "the President stopped speaking English and talked in plain United States."

The distinction is not without a considerable difference, for, in the course of the last three centuries, the English-speaking people of North America have enriched and embellished the language by many thousands of new words.

These Americanisms run the gamut from vulgar and ephemeral slang terms which have a temporary vogue among the thoughtless and are then forgotten, to dignified vocabularies which command the respect of the most conservative of English lexicographers.

The English vocabularists now include in their dictionaries many terms which originally were Americanisms, but which have now become respectable members in good standing of the family of English words.

In orthography and pronunciation which offer so many glaring differences between English and "United States," Canada is a sort of half-way ground.

It happens that about now is the centenary of the publication in Boston of the first vocabulary of Americanisms. It, it was such fun scheming and planning new ideas with different colors of hangings that I was almost glad our friends needed our things. Would you like to see my sewing room, after tea?"

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Mr. Fox and The Wise Hen

By Mrs. F. A. Walker.

MR. FOX was more than usually hungry one night, and when the daylight began to dawn, he was still very hungry, because he had not been successful in getting into the house where the hens and chickens slept.

So Mr. Fox hid himself behind a stone wall, and when at break of day the rooster crowed and hens began to walk abroad, Mr. Fox poked his nose around the end of the wall and sniffed.

Black Hen was young, and Black Hen was also very plump and good to look at, and Mr. Fox selected her at once as the party he would like to have to go home with him for breakfast. Black Hen was inquisitive, too, and never having seen Mr. Fox or any of his family, she walked with quick steps toward the place where she had seen something move, and that something was Mr. Fox's nose.

When Black Hen turned the corner at the end of the stone wall, she had time to give one loud squeak and then Mr. Fox trotted off with her, held firmly in his mouth.

But that cry had warned all the barnyard, and all the hens and chickens and the roosters and the dog, too, ran out into the road in time to see what had happened.

NOW, while Black Hen was young, she was a wise creature and she knew well that the dog, Rover, would follow Mr. Fox, but what she feared was that he would reach his den before Rover caught him, and that would be the end of her.

She opened her eyes and she could see by twisting her neck a little that Mr. Fox had a beautiful tail, but as she had never seen Mr. Fox before, as I told you, she did not know that he meant her no good by the grip he had upon her poor little neck.

"What a handsome creature you are, to be sure," said Black Hen, "and what a handsome tail you have! I am most fortunate to be your choice of all the hens to be carried off. I cannot tell you how proud I am to be your choice."

Mr. Fox did not answer, of course, because his mouth was busy, so Black Hen said again: "How I wish I could get a better look at your tail. It is as thick as a brush and far more handsome."

Mr. Fox began to feel quite pleased that Black Hen should think he was handsome, but still he made no reply, for the dog was still barking and following him.

"I wish that dog would stop barking and following us," said Black Hen, "I wonder if he thinks I am not old enough to know my own mind; do tell him we wish he would go back and not bother us any more."

Mr. FOX thought that was a good way to be rid of Rover, so he said: "You tell him, my dear, he will believe you."

Before Mr. Fox was done speaking, Black Hen flew to a branch of a tree, just beyond the reach of Mr. Fox, and then she knew what she had been trying to do all the time; she had wanted to make him speak, and, of course,

"Corn, as applied only to maize, instead of to grain generally."

"Dead-head, a person who gets something for nothing."

"Dry goods, a general term for such goods as are sold by linen drapers, mercers, haberdashers, hosiery, etc."

"Fish dealer and fruit dealer, for fishmonger and fruiterer or green grocer."

"Lofter, for lounge."

"Mad, for angry."

"Mail for post."

And so on.

The Typhoid Germ

ONE of the special dangers of the typhoid bacillus is that even after the patient has completely recovered it may continue to inhabit his system; secretions may remain dangerous for at least six years.

Persons who have had this disease are potentially dangerous, and must be supervised for a long time.

Fortunately, there is not much danger that typhoid germs will infect water supplies. Dr. Houston, the superintendent of the water supply to London, has proved conclusively that the harmless organisms always present in water kill the germs in about 10 days.

It is necessary to store the water for the supply of large cities in reservoirs; and by taking care that no water that enters a reservoir shall leave it in less than three weeks the danger of the water's carrying typhoid is made insignificant. The test that Dr. Houston applied was a heroic one: he himself drank water that he had infected with typhoid fever. He suffered no ill effect.—The Youth's Companion.

Germany's Paper Beds.

PAPER beds, with paper sheets and paper pillowcases are now being used in Germany by the poor. The material for mattresses and bedding has become so dear that it is impossible for the comparatively rich to afford them. The mattresses are now made of strong sheets of paper pasted together and filled with dried leaves of beech and oak trees. These leaf mattresses are said to be as comfortable to lie on as those filled with feathers. The paper that is used is toughened by a special process, which prevents it from tearing easily. The leaves for filling the mattresses and pillowcases, have been collected in the great German forests by hundreds of children at a practically negligible cost.

Mrs. Florence W. Stephens of Circle, Mont., who has been attending the Hamilton College of Law, in Chicago, was recently admitted to the bar; her mother and grandmother were lawyers before her.

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Fortunately, there is not much danger that typhoid germs will infect water supplies. Dr. Houston, the superintendent of the water supply to London, has proved conclusively that the harmless organisms always present in water kill the germs in about 10 days.

It is necessary to store the water for the supply of large cities in reservoirs; and by taking care that no water that enters a reservoir shall leave it in less than three weeks the danger of the water's carrying typhoid is made insignificant. The test that Dr. Houston applied was a heroic one: he himself drank water that he had infected with typhoid fever. He suffered no ill effect.—The Youth's Companion.

Germany's Paper Beds.

PAPER beds, with paper sheets and paper pillowcases are now being used in Germany by the poor. The material for mattresses and bedding has become so dear that it is impossible for the comparatively rich to afford them. The mattresses are now made of strong sheets of paper pasted together and filled with dried leaves of beech and oak trees. These leaf mattresses are said to be as comfortable to lie on as those filled with feathers. The paper that is used is toughened by a special process, which prevents it from tearing easily. The leaves for filling the mattresses and pillowcases, have been collected in the great German forests by hundreds of children at a practically negligible cost.

Mrs. Florence W. Stephens of Circle, Mont., who has been attending the Hamilton College of Law, in Chicago, was recently admitted to the bar; her mother and grandmother were lawyers before her.

Mr. Fox and The Wise Hen

By Mrs. F. A. Walker.

MR. FOX was more than usually hungry one night, and when the daylight began to dawn, he was still very hungry, because he had not been successful in getting into the house where the hens and chickens slept.

So Mr. Fox hid himself behind a stone wall, and when at break of day the rooster crowed and hens began to walk abroad, Mr. Fox poked his nose around the end of the wall and sniffed.

Black Hen was young, and Black Hen was also very plump and good to look at, and Mr. Fox selected her at once as the party he would like to have to go home with him for breakfast. Black Hen was inquisitive, too, and never having seen Mr. Fox or any of his family, she walked with quick steps toward the place where she had seen something move, and that something was Mr. Fox's nose.

When Black Hen turned the corner at the end of the stone wall, she had time to give one loud squeak and then Mr. Fox trotted off with her, held firmly in his mouth.

But that cry had warned all the barnyard, and all the hens and chickens and the roosters and the dog, too, ran out into the road in time to see what had happened.

NOW, while Black Hen was young, she was a wise creature and she knew well that the dog, Rover, would follow Mr. Fox, but what she feared was that he would reach his den before Rover caught him, and that would be the end of her.

She opened her eyes and she could see by twisting her neck a little that Mr. Fox had a beautiful tail, but as she had never seen Mr. Fox before, as I told you, she did not know that he meant her no good by the grip he had upon her poor little neck.

"What a handsome creature you are, to be sure," said Black Hen, "and what a handsome tail you have! I am most fortunate to be your choice of all the hens to be carried off. I cannot tell you how proud I am to be your choice."

Mr. Fox did not answer, of course, because his mouth was busy, so Black Hen said again: "How I wish I could get a better look at your tail. It is as thick as a brush and far more handsome."

Mr. Fox began to feel quite pleased that Black Hen should think he was handsome, but still he made no reply, for the dog was still barking and following him.

"I wish that dog would stop barking and following us," said Black Hen, "I wonder if he thinks I am not old enough to know my own mind; do tell him we wish he would go back and not bother us any more."

Mr. FOX thought that was a good way to be rid of Rover, so he said: "You tell him, my dear, he will believe you."

Before Mr. Fox was done speaking, Black Hen flew to a branch of a tree, just beyond the reach of Mr. Fox, and then she knew what she had been trying to do all the time; she had wanted to make him speak, and, of course,

"Corn, as applied only to maize, instead of to grain generally."

"Dead-head, a person who gets something for nothing."

"Dry goods, a general term for such goods as are sold by linen drapers, mercers, haberdashers, hosiery, etc."

"Fish dealer and fruit dealer, for fishmonger and fruiterer or green grocer."

"Lofter, for lounge."

"Mad, for angry."

"Mail for post."

And so on.

The Typhoid Germ

ONE of the special dangers of the typhoid bacillus is that even after the patient has completely recovered it may continue to inhabit his system; secretions may remain dangerous for at least six years.

Persons who have had this disease are potentially dangerous, and must be supervised for a long time.

Fortunately, there is not much danger that typhoid germs will infect water supplies. Dr. Houston, the superintendent of the water supply to London, has proved conclusively that the harmless organisms always present in water kill the germs in about 10 days.

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CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears

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In Use For Over 30 Years

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CASTORIA

SOCIETY BRAND

COUPON GOOD FOR 5c

Take it to your grocer with 5c for a 10c Package

Society Macaroni

Or any of the seven Society varieties:

Macaroni, Spaghetti, Noodles, Vermicelli, Elbow, Mostaccioli, Shells.

The best, cleanest, most wholesome and most nutritious of all foods.

Dalchini Macaroni Co., St. Louis

Cleanly Made Food Products.

Name _____

Address _____

Thrown Stone Fractures Man's Skull.

Louis Woolf, 40 years old, of 1224 North Twenty-fourth street, was bombarded with stones by small boys near his home last night. One of the missiles struck him over the left eye and fractured his skull. He was taken to the city hospital. The boys escaped.

BOHN SYPHON REFRIGERATORS

MADE OF QUALITY

Flax Insulated—Ice Savers—one-piece porcelain lining—with all round corners and without seams or joints—sanitary—the kind of Refrigerators used by the Pullman Co. Sold only by

HOWE SCALE CO.

409 N. 4th St.

ARMY OFFICERS ON EXHIBITION

Help Recruiting.

NEW YORK, April 19.—Army recruiting headquarters sent out an automobile today loaded with uniformed soldiers to tour the city for the purpose of arousing interest in military service. The car carried a Captain, a Quartermaster Sergeant, a Corporal and a private who made speeches wherever they could gather a crowd.

Army officers said recruiting here had been under certain disadvantages not existing elsewhere. For this reason extraordinary efforts will be made to obtain recruits.

Monett, Mo., Votes Road Bonds.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., April 19.—Monett yesterday voted to issue \$60,000 in bonds, the proceeds of which will be used in building a link in the Springfield, Joplin, Kansas City road. The bond issue carried by a vote of about four to one.

LEGEND OF ROYAL ROMANCE ABOUT MEXICAN DRINKS

Pulque and Mescal Are Products of the Agave or Century Plant and Not Expensive.

WASHINGTON, April 19.—Although Francisco Villa has been said to be a total abstainer from intoxicating liquors, many of the Mexican border outrages perpetrated by him are probably the result of too free indulgence in Mexican national drinks, pulque and mescal. The National Geographic Society of Washington, in a primer just issued on these two beverages peculiar to the Southern republic, says:

"The colonists who settled the east coast of the United States have been charged with introducing the American Indian to 'firewater,' in exchange for the tobacco habit, but no serious accusation can rest against the Europeans who conquered the pulque drinking Aztecs of Mexico. The intoxicating properties of this unique beverage were known long before Cortez marched his army across the deserts which joined the ancient Venetian capital of the Montezumas to the lake shores.

"Both pulque and mescal are products of the agave or 'century plant,' which was of the same utilitarian importance to the aborigines as the date palm to the Arab, the bamboo to the Burmese and the banana to the Central American. In addition to the two important beverages, this plant supplies from its roots a starchy food; from its fibrous leaves cloth is woven and rope is made; from its pulp the Aztecs obtained a sort of papyrus paper on which have been preserved some of their most valued writings; its huge leaves when dried furnished a roofing for adobe huts; its stems still supply fuel, and rows of the sharp-spined plants afforded an impenetrable defense against the attacks of wild animals as well as an effective barricade against hostile tribes.

How Drinks Are Made.

"Mescal and pulque are not, as many believe, different names for the same drink. Mescal is distilled from the leaves and roasted roots of the plant, and is a sort of brandy, containing from a third to half as much alcohol as the average American whiskey. Pulque, on the other hand, is the fermented sap of the plant, and is obtained from the heart of the maguey, or agave, when it has attained a growth of six or eight years.

"The pulque harvesters tap this heart, which might be compared with the center of the date palm, and with the aid of a long reed or gourd he sucks the sap from it, using his tongue as a stopper for the reed. When the reed is full he blows it into a pigskin container strapped to his back. In the course of four or five months the maguey will yield 10 gallons of sap. It then withers and dies. When fresh pulque is a sweet, innocuous liquid and is called *agua miel* (honey water). It soon begins to ferment, however, a process often hastened by the addition of madre, or old, pulque.

"Neither mescal nor pulque is expensive. One can get a drink of the latter for a cent, while a 14-gallon cask of the famous *Ugalla* brand of mescal may be had for 19 pesos (\$3.50).

Legend of Discovery.

"The Mexicans surround the discovery of these maguey beverages with a legend of royal romance. Long before the Montezumas held sway over Tenochtitlan, so the story goes, one of the early Emperors took as his bride the beautiful daughter of a vanquished foe. The Princess brought with her to Tenochtitlan the secret of a remarkable drink, of which her lord and master grew inordinately fond. After imbibing freely of it he would become gratifyingly docile and torpid. Other Aztec wives induced the Princess to share with them the secret of this strange soporific, and thus the whole race came under the power of pulque.

"The Aztec cannot be charged with the invention of the nauseous milk pulque, a compound of pulque and milk with a dash of rennet. The rennet, part of a cow's compound stomach, is partially putrefied and the odor thus imparted is intensified and complicated by that of the pig-skin in which the liquor is contained. The alibi which the defender of the Aztecs can offer against the charge of being party to this olfactory crime is that before the Spaniards reached Mexico there were no cattle, horses or donkeys in the country, hence no rennet.

"Pulque cannot be shipped out of the country because no method of preserving it has been discovered, so the vast output of the extensive plantations—it is the most important industry of the states of Hidalgo, Mexico, Puebla and Tlaxcala—is consumed at home. Mexico consumes \$4,000,000 worth of pulque annually."

"ACTOIDS" ACT ACTIVELY.

On Liver, Stomach and Bowels.

Injured Launching a Float.

Rudolph Rietche of 2547 De Kalb street, while helping to launch a float last night at the dock of the St. Louis Rowing Club, foot of Chouteau avenue, was caught beneath the craft when it overturned. His left leg was crushed and he was sent to the city hospital.

ANTI-KAMNIA (A-K) TABLETS.

Anti-kamnia tablets are largely used for pain and prescribed as pain-relievers in the treatment of headache, neuralgia, rheumatism and grip. Ask for A-K tablets. All druggists—10c or 25c.

Woman Thrown From Street Car.

Mrs. Gertrude Arena, 70 years old, of 283 Theodosia avenue was thrown to the street when a Wellston car started as she was alighting from it at Blackstone avenue. She was out about the head and bruised.

Everybody Admires My Diamond.

Bought at Lefin Bros. & Co., The National Credit Jewelers, 341 Door, 208 N. 3rd St.

Remedy Often Prescribed by Many Doctors

Compound of Simple Laxative Herbs Proves Most Efficient.

Dr. W. A. Evans, writing for the Chicago Tribune, makes the assertion that practically everyone, at some time or other, suffers from constipation. This applies regardless of age or condition in life.

The congestion of stomach waste in the bowels is evidenced in various ways; bloating, eructation of foul stomach gases, sick headache, languor, all indicate constipation, and call for prompt attention, not only to relieve the present discomfort but also to avoid possible disease that follows neglect of this important function.

Harsh cathartics and violent purgatives should not be employed, as these afford only temporary relief, while they serve to shock the entire system. A mild laxative such as Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is far preferable and is now the remedy generally used and prescribed by many doctors. It is free from opiate or narcotic drugs, acts easily and pleasantly, without griping or other pain and is a safe, effective family remedy.

Mr. Chas. Schell, 132 Church St.,



Grenada, Miss., writes that he found relief himself by using Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and now keeps it on hand for family use. A bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin should have a place in every family medicine chest. A trial bottle can be obtained, free of charge, by writing to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 454 Washington St., Monticello, Illinois.

PUBLICATIONS.

PUBLICATIONS.



What would a dollar and a half buy?

It is right that a woman should ask, "What do I get for the \$1.50 invested in the

WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION

Is there anything better I can do with that \$1.50?"

No, there is not. The money will bring you help and inspiration, entertainment that lasts, a story that influences your life, an idea that saves the cost of an expensive dressmaker, a suggestion that improves the health of your baby. It is like knowing a wise, experienced, practical, cultivated gentlewoman, whom you trust and love, and who comes in just at the right time, either to help you out of a dilemma or to cheer you with her entertaining talk.

The women who take the Woman's Home Companion love it. They are anxious to help too, to acknowledge what they have received, to ask further questions. Read the letters on the "Dear Editor" page and see how these readers of the Companion trust the Companion, what a wonderful place it occupies in their lives. You cannot estimate this relation in money, and yet we must place a price on it so that every woman who wants such help can get it. So we place the price on it of a dollar and a half.

15c a copy—\$1.50 a year

Fragrant Easter Offering

MERCANTILE

for Gentlemen Who Know.

The year-in-and-year-out 10c Cigar that always satisfies.

F. R. RICE MERCANTILE CIGAR CO.

305 N. 4th



LADIES! EASTER SALE

Of fine stylish and well-made garments. Wear our good fitting clothes in the Easter fashion parade and you'll attract admiration.

NO CASH NEEDED

No Money Down

\$1.00 A Week

Begin Payments After Easter

New Models in Spring Suits

\$15, \$18, \$20, \$22.50, 27.50, \$30

Novel Ideas in Women's and Misses' Coats

\$7.50, \$10, \$12, \$15

Handsome Display in Dresses

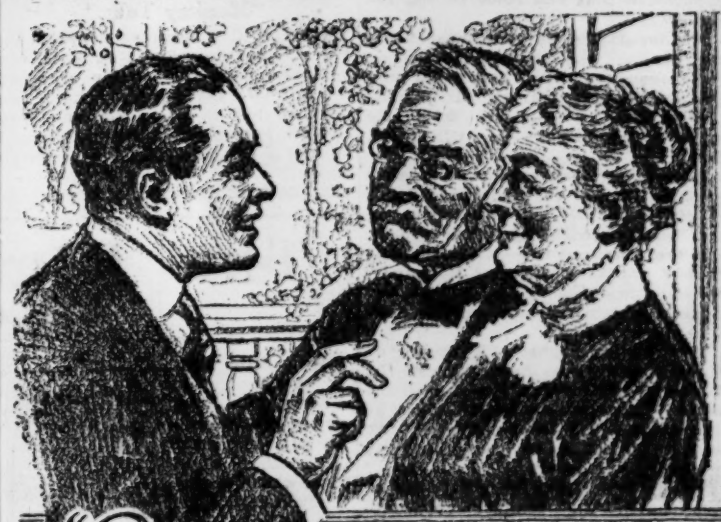
\$8.50, \$10, \$12, \$15

Imported Millinery at Big Reductions

ALTERATIONS FREE

OPEN TILL 10 P.M. SATURDAY MONDAY TILL 7 P.M. 810 N. BROADWAY.

HOYLE & PARICK



Looking Younger Every Day!

What a pleasure to the "three score and—" man or woman to be greeted this way! Think of the immediate joy and lasting satisfaction to the returning son or daughter to find the parents not growing old.

None but the old fully appreciate youth and its vigor, however. To grow old gracefully is Father Time's best gift to them.

Every day experience proves that a good stimulant properly used will accomplish much to keep the old young. It can't defy age, but most everyone knows of cases where it has prolonged life for years. That's why unprejudiced physicians recommend a good pure whiskey for elderly people.

When a Physician Prescribes Whiskey, Insist on Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

No purer whiskey can be obtained. The grain from which it is made is the best that can be found, and is thoroughly malted to assist digestion. It is also distilled over and over again to remove every possible trace of any injurious substance. It is unlike any other.

With its prescribed advice of a "tablespoonful in water or milk before meals and on going to bed," Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey has earned the reputation of an excellent tonic-stimulant for temperate use. Its 56 years of continued use by thousands of people has shown that it prompts the stomach to healthy action, promotes digestion and assimilation of food, enriches the blood, and brings strength and vigor to the system.

Make some old friend happy with a bottle of Duffy's. Keep it in your own home for emergencies.

"Get Duffy's and Keep Well."

Sold in sealed bottles only. Beware of imitations.

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co.,

Rochester, N. Y.



Help Digestion

To keep your digestive organs in good working order—to stimulate your liver, tone your stomach and regulate your bowels, take—

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

The boards to fill the empty chairs at your table—and make the business pay you—read Post-Dispatch ads. You will miss the best prospects if your house is not listed in the big boards' directory.

To Absorb Freckles And Other Blemishes

Every spring numerous inquiries are made by girls seeking some reliable recipe for removing freckles. Last year very favorable reports were received from many who had used mercurated wax during the freckling season. The wax seems to possess unusual properties which completely absorb the freckles, with no harmful effect. The complexion improves wonderfully, becoming as soft as a rose petal, and as delicately tinted. Get an ounce of mercurated wax at any drugstore, spread a thin layer of it over the entire face every night for a while, washing this off in the morning. For rough, spotted skin, yellow-toned, blackheads, pimples and all cutaneous blemishes, this treatment is superior to any other.

Springtime also brings wrinkles to many sensitive skins that are much exposed to wind and changing temperatures. To a half pint with basel add an ounce of powdered saxatile which dissolves in alcohol. Bathe the face in this; the effect on a wrinkled skin is remarkable.

—ADV.

BOOKS

Thousands of Fine Books Now on Sale for

10c, 15c & 25c

ON THE DOLLAR

PHILIP ROEDER BOOK CO.,

Administrator's Sale

Is Now in Full Swing at Both Stores

703 Locust St. and Cor. 7th and Locust Sts.

THREE REMARKABLE VALUES IN USED PLAYER-PIANOS

 <p>Steinkamp Player With 25 Rolls of Music \$8.00 Cash \$225 \$8.00 a Month</p>	 <p>Burmeister Player With 25 Rolls of Music \$10.00 Cash \$325 \$10.00 a Month</p>	 <p>Kelso Player-Piano With 25 Rolls of Music \$10.00 Cash \$299 \$8.00 a Month</p>
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Special
Splendid Columbia Grafonola Outfit, as illustrated, consisting of—
Columbia Grafonola
16 New Selections
(8 Double Disc Records)
Oak Record Cabinet

ALL FOR
\$24.75

Terms, \$2 a Month

THIS is a standard Columbia Grafonola—the record cabinet will hold 100 records—the 16 selections (8 Double Disc Columbia Records) are of your own choosing—all for only \$24.75. No interest ever charged.

No Interest Ever Charged

MAY, STERN & CO.

Corner Twelfth and Olive Sts.

Used Music
Rolls
In Our Exchange
Department
10c

Music Rolls

Our Music Roll Department Is Scoring a Tremendous Success—and No Wonder—

ALL the finest classic and most popular music rolls are here at prices that save you money. Here are a few of the big hits on sale tomorrow at 25c:
Tennessee Moon—Fox-trot Song.
Yankee Pep—One-step.
Bantam Step—One-step or Fox-trot.
Come on to Nashville, Tennessee—Fox-trot Song.
Why, My Dreamy China Lady, or On a Chinese Honeymoon.
Oh, Joe, With Your Fiddle and Your Bow—Fox-trot Song.
On the Old Back Seat of the Henry Ford—Popular Song.

Choice at **25c**

HARRY RUBEY OF 'DEAR KITTY' FAME WITHDRAWS NAME

Macon Man Who Had Controversy With Judge Romjue Quits Congressional Race.

MACON, Mo., April 19.—Harry M. Rubey, former chairman of the Democratic State Committee, whose "Dear Kitty" letters, which became public last July, causing amusement among Missouri politicians, has announced his withdrawal from the contest for the Democratic nomination for Congressman from the First Missouri District.

Judge M. A. Pomjue of Macon, who charged that the letters were evidence of a plot by Rubey to attempt to compromise him, remains a candidate for the nomination. Circuit Judge Nat M. Spelton of Macon also is a candidate. The withdrawal of Rubey recalls the flurry caused by the letters, which Rubey placed in the hands of United States District Attorney Oliver, with a request that Rubey be prosecuted. They were addressed to Miss Kitty Callahan of 2846 Page boulevard, St. Louis, and arranged for her to send her sister to Macon to "find out something" for Rubey.

Judge Romjue charged that Rubey's purpose in sending for the young woman was to injure him in his campaign. Rubey issued a statement declaring the reports to be slanderous, asking his friends to withhold judgment and announcing his intention of filing slander suits against ten or twelve persons. Rubey did not file the suits and never has made any statement denying that he wrote the letters or explaining them. Judge Shelton and Rubey are friendly and the Rubey faction in the district is expected to support Judge Shelton. Rubey's announcement of withdrawal was in a letter to the Macon Times-Tribune, in which he is a stockholder, from Douglas, Wyo., where he is looking after business interests.

Distinguished Automobiles
Seven-passenger Packard cars exclusively; rates \$2 and \$4 per hour. Excelsior Auto Co., Belmont 288, Central 508.

Coming Lectures and Meetings

Harvard Club Address.
Prof. Barrett Wendell of Harvard University will address the Harvard Club of St. Louis at an informal beef-steak dinner at the University Club, at 7 p. m. tomorrow.

Armenian and Serbian Relief.
Dr. Nathaniel N. Pratt of New York, representing the American Committee for Armenian and Serbian Relief, will speak at a luncheon conference at the Mercantile Club at 12:30 p. m. tomorrow.

Wilson Club Quarterly.
The quarterly business meeting of the Wilson Club will be at the clubhouse, 288 Lindell boulevard, at 8 o'clock tonight. Assistant Circuit Attorney McDaniel will speak on "The Necessity of Political Organization" and James H. Claiborne on "The Mexican Question."

Address on "Twilight Sleep."
Mrs. Wanda Stevens Abbott of Minneapolis will deliver two addresses at the Princess Theater Sunday and two Monday on "Twilight Sleep." She is representing the Motherhood Educational Society of Minneapolis.

Subjects at Credit Men's Dinner.
The St. Louis Association of Credit Men, at dinner at 6:15 p. m. tomorrow at the City Club, will hear an address by J. M. Lashly on "Should the Bankruptcy Law Be Repealed?" and an address by Dr. R. Emmet Kane, former president of the medical society, on "National Ideals."

"Planets and People."
Miss Alice B. Hazard, an astrologist, will speak before the Town Club tomorrow evening on "Planets and People."

Blair-Howard Patrons' Meeting.
The regular monthly meeting of the Blair-Howard School Patrons' Association will be held in the Blair School kindergarten, Twenty-second and Montgomery streets, tomorrow evening. The Howard School Mothers' Club and the Blair School Mothers' Club will be guests. Miss M. C. Stillman will speak on "Moral Education."

Address by Branch Rickey.
Branch Rickey of the St. Louis Browns will address the Rotary Club at noon tomorrow at the American Annex on "Baseball as an Asset to a City." Hansford Crawford and F. L. Schwartz will speak on "Why Is Music?"

May Day Bakery Special This Week.
Caramel Roll Coffee Cake, 2c Each.

Maryland Grain Elevator Burns.
BALTIMORE, Md., April 18.—Fire today destroyed the grain elevator of the C. A. Gambrell Manufacturing Co., at Elliott City, near here, together with 15,000 bushels of wheat, causing a \$200,000 loss.

If You Wear a Watch.
Wear the best. Easy credit terms at Loftis Bros. & Co., 2d floor, 208 N. Ninth street.

Japan Decorates San Francisco Mayor.
SAN FRANCISCO, April 18.—Mayor James Rolph Jr. was decorated yesterday with the imperial order of the Rising Sun, by decree of the Emperor of Japan. The decoration came in connection with Mayor Rolph's activities in Panama-Pacific Exposition ceremonies.

"ACTOIDS" ACT ACTIVELY.
"ACTOIDS" Cure Constipation.

REMARK STARTS RUN ON BANK

Schoolboy Said That "Pa Said" Institution "Hada't Much Money."
CHICAGO, April 19.—The remark of a schoolboy that "Pa said the bank had'n't much money," started a run yesterday on the Logan Square Trust and Savings Bank, a small State institution on the northwest side which lasted into the night. Officers of the bank secured additional cash from

downtown banks and had no difficulty in paying all depositors who called for their money. It is said today that the bank is perfectly solvent and that the institution has no cause to fear a further run today.

TRY **Erker's** FOR BETTER **KODAK**
Developing and Printing
608 Olive 511 N. Grand

WRIGLEY'S



Friends!

The Wrigley Spears are constant friends to teeth, breath, appetite and digestion.

Women workers relish the refreshing, comforting influence of this toothsome, long-lasting confection.

Its benefits are many—its cost small. That's why it's used around the world. Nothing else can take its place.

Chew it after every meal

Write Wrigley's, 1605 Kesner Bldg., Chicago, for the funny Spearmen's Gum-ption book.



Sealed tight Kept right

Two Flavors

WRAPPED IN UNITED PROTECTING COUPONS

How many telephone calls do you send?

THE new message rates for Bell Service will interest you if your use of the telephone does not average in excess of seven calls per working day.

Under the old schedule featuring unlimited service it cost the business man who used his telephone occasionally the same rate for direct line exchange service that it cost the business man who used the telephone continually.

The new message rate plan enables the small user to pay only for the amount of service actually used. The unlimited service rate fits the needs of the large user.

The new Bell rates distribute charges fairly.



The Southwestern Telegraph and Telephone Company

CUTICURA COMFORTS SKIN TORTURED



SLEEPLESS FRETTER LITTLE CHILDREN

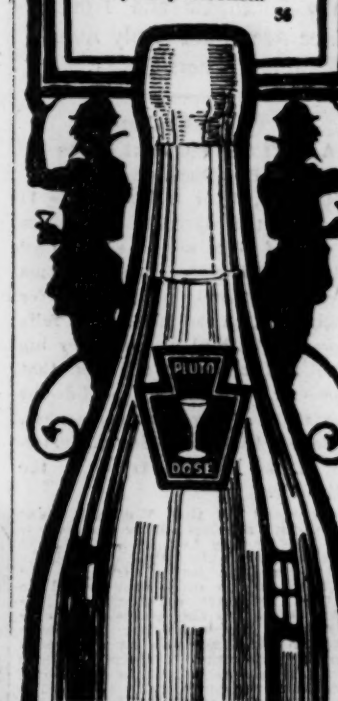
Bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Dry and apply Cuticura Ointment to affected skin. Nothing more cooling, soothing and healing.

Sample Each Free by Mail With 10¢ book on the skin. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. 226, Boston." Sold everywhere.

Bargains in books and luncheon machinery and other personal property are appearing daily in the POST-DISPATCH WANT columns, offering excellent reselling investment opportunities.

PLUTO AMERICAS' PHYSIC

PLUTO WATER contains ingredients wonderfully helpful in the treatment of constipation, indigestion, nervous disorders, rheumatism, kidney, liver and stomach troubles. For sale at your druggist, your club, at cafes, hotels and on trains. Look for the little red devil on the label—it is there for your protection.



AMERICA'S PHYSIC **PLUTO** CONCENTRATED SPRING WATER
PRICE 35 CENTS CONTENTS 1 PT. 9.35 FL. OZ.
BOTTLED WITH SODIUM AND MAGNESIUM
Bottled at the Springs Only and Centralized Exclusively
FRENCH LICK SPRINGS HOTEL CO.
FRENCH LICK, KY.



Stomach Germs Routed

One Dose of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy Drives Them Out—Ends Torture.

Stomach poisons breed millions of germs that eat into your vitals, causing Gas Pressure, Indigestion, Constipation, Torpid Liver, Auto-Intoxication, Yellow Jaundice, Gall Stones, Appendicitis, Cancer and Ulcers of the Stomach and Intestines, etc., etc. Thousands of sufferers have been restored by Mayr's Wonderful Remedy, among them Justice of the Supreme Court, Congressmen, Doctors, Lawyers, Bankers, Ministers, Nurses, Farmers, Mechanics—persons of every class—probably your own neighbors. Stomach troubles are due mostly to catarrhal poison. Mayr's Wonderful Remedy removes that poison, thoroughly cleanses the system, drives out the disease-breeding germs, allays inflammation and ends suffering. Unlike any other remedy. No alcohol—nothing to injure you. One dose commences relief on Stomach Ailments, Writings, Dr. H. Mayr, Chemist, Chemist, or obtain a bottle of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy from Julius & Dolph, 1001-1003 Broadway, New York City, or Johnson-Kinder-Pauley Drug Co., or any reliable druggist, who will return your money if it fails.—ADV.

A DAGGER IN THE BACK

That's the woman's dread when she gets up in the morning to start the day's work. "Oh! how my back aches," GOLD MEDAL Haarm Oil Capsules taken today ease the backache of tomorrow taken every day and the back aches for all time. Don't delay. What's the use of suffering? Begin taking GOLD MEDAL Haarm Oil Capsules today and be relieved tomorrow. Take three or four every day and be permanently free from wrenching, distressing back pain. Be sure to get GOLD MEDAL. Since 1894 GOLD MEDAL Haarm Oil has been the National Remedy of Holland, the Government of the Netherlands having granted a special charter authorizing its preparation and sale. The housewife of Holland would almost as soon be without bread as she would without her "Real Dutch Dressing," which is the one reason why you will find the women and children of Holland so sturdy and robust. GOLD MEDAL is the pure, original Haarm Oil. Capsules are made directly from the laboratories in Haarlem, Holland. Look for the name on every box. Sold by reliable druggists in mass and small quantities at 10c and 15c. Money refunded if not satisfied. Do not be misled by cheap imitations of the GOLD MEDAL. All others are inferior.—ADV.

The cook who doesn't often want a new place may be "reading Post-Dispatch wants" just now and may be had for the asking.

FORD CLOAK CO.

511-513-515 WASHINGTON AVE.

EASTER Suits

A large consignment of high-class suits just being unpacked for this sale.
\$16.50, \$17.50, \$19.75 & Even \$22.50 Values,
\$8.98
EXTRA SIZES UP TO 55-INCH BUST

Beautiful peau de cygne silk-lined Suits of French serge, poplin, gabardine, Shepherd checks, fancy plaids, etc.—every wanted style—every color—every size—this sale at \$8.98.

STOUT SUITS

SIZES TO 55
Also beautiful silk taffeta and velvet checked combinations, silk poplin and other new silk Suits.
\$11.75

COATS

Hundreds and hundreds of Coats that were made to retail at \$10, \$11.75 and \$12.50 will be offered in this sale tomorrow at
\$5.

White chinchillas, white diagonals, white corduroys and plain white Coats—also beautiful velvet checks, Shepherd plaids, etc.—these fine back styles, sport styles and every other imaginable effect—size up to 55-inch bust—tomorrow at \$5.

CHILDREN'S COATS

New Shepherd checks, white Coats, fancy silks, plaids, etc.—ages 2 to 14 years—values up to \$6.00—tomorrow at
\$2.98

Skirts
Checks, etc.—up to 15 values—
\$1.98

Dresses
For confirmation wear—ages 2 to 14—
\$1.00

Think of It!

\$30,000 Improved Corner for.....\$15,000
\$7000 Apartment Corner for\$4800
\$2800 Apartment Lot for\$1640
\$2400 Flat Lot for \$1540
\$2800 Apartment Lot for\$2200

10F \$220

THINGS LIKE THIS GOING
ON ALL DAY

Should You Come
Next Saturday or Not

**MONEY TO BUILD
LOWEST RATES.**

CKLER REAL ESTATE CO.
ONEY. 622 CHESTNUT ST.,

ALOWS

THE SHAW TRACT

town; hardwood floors throughout;
stone borders; in fact, all the latest
finishing touches. Screamed porch
over.

LAFAYETTE AV.
block on both sides of the street. These
offer your particular taste and acid on low

SCHULTE R. E. CO.
BROADWAY.
Central 1577.

Central 4180.

REAL ESTATE WANTED
REAL ESTATE Wad—lost Bush H—
cost \$5000 cash will pay \$2500 H—
Lot Wad—50 feet, for cash, central
H—west, not over \$2500. Park
wanted. O. Peit 4629 Lorraine av.
H—, ESC—2 Wad—
rental only. Offer if negotiable,
from owner.

RESIDENCE: Wid. on ...

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE

MISCELLANEOUS

LOTS—For sale, two beautiful lots in Vero Beach, on Buchanan st. Apply owner, Newberry, 200-1000.

RESIDENCE—For sale; the Cheyenne 5 in the county, 5 rooms; for \$26,000. Call A-159. Post-dispatch.

LOT—For sale; 100 ft. wide, 100 ft. deep. Let me turn you into a business. Post-dispatch.

Like me; email payment; down. Box A-159. Post-dispatch.

HOUSE—For sale or rent; my beautiful one on 3600 Berlin ave., University City, beautiful and furnished, 8 rooms, recreation and bath.

VACANT LOTS—For sale, 120x200, good location for chicken, sunny & garage. Price \$400.

HOUSE—For sale, modern seven-room, d

[illegible]

in Vinita Park; 2 lots, fronting streets; can sell for \$2500; this is chance you've been waiting for.

[illegible]

rooms; good, young orchard, 20 ACRES OF GROUND. Will trade for farm

land 40 or 50 miles out.

MCNAIR & HARRIS REALTY CO.,
N. W. Cor. Fourth and Olive

**DRIVE
THROUGH
BRENTMOOR
TODAY**

TODAY

A. T. TERRY & CO.
823 Chestnut St.

FERGUSON

FERGUSON HUNIALO "HIGAL"
Seven rooms, fine condition, hot water
heat, laundry room, central air conditioning,
\$500 cash, balance like rent; fine climate
and surroundings, this is the place to live.
M. M. CULP, 601 Westwight Rd.

RICHMOND HEIGHTS

RICHMOND HEIGHTS VACATION

Ready to build upon; 100 feet on Affinity
Bd., Richmond Heights, also 100 feet on
block from station in Overland Park.
M. M. CULP, 601 Westwight Rd.

UNIVERSITY CITY

In Beautiful University City

8-room residence; hot-water heat, hardwood floors; every modern convenience; or has left the city, must be sold. Box 18, Post-Dispatch.

The Post-Dispatch is the only evening newspaper in St. Louis that receives or publishes news gathered by the Associated Press.

BUNGALOWS AND COTTAGES

MISCELLANEOUS

COTTAGE—For sale, brick, five rooms, bath and furnace, electric lights, gas, \$1,500.00. See agent, 1111 Post-Dispatch.

WORKINGMAN'S CHANCE!

7016 OLD MANCHESTER RD.

Here is an opportunity for a workingman to own a nice home for little money. Just sacrifice my 8-room cottage, with bath, hardwood floors, electric lights, gas, and a new furnace. All improvements; rent to 2 families. Price \$1,500.00. Investigate this chance.

SPECIAL SALE

OF BUNGALOWS

We have a few choice bungalows built by one of the best architects of the city owned by a corporation going out of business.

SOME CHOICE "A" PLANS FOR THE QUICK BUYER

Look at them, here they are:

3007 N. Taylor, 4 rooms, tile bath, etc.

4002 Lafayette, 5 rooms, tile bath, etc.

4003 Ashland, 5 rooms, tile bath, etc.

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FLATS, APARTMENTS, FOR SALE

NORTH

ASK Your Architect

to Inspect This

LINELL PARK FLAT

Five and seven rooms, tile bath, large bright rooms, fine electric lights, gas, and a new furnace. All improvements; rent to 2 families. Price \$1,500.00. Investigate this chance.

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STOCKS ARE RECORD FOR MARKETS AND FINANCE

STOCKS ARE

DEPRESSED BY

GERMAN CRISIS

Early Break Carries Some Issues

Off Violently—Ralls Are

Fairly Steady.

By Leased Wire From the New York

Bureau of the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, April 19.—The Evening Post, in its special financial column today, says:

It was inevitable that one single influence should have dominated the market at the opening of the day.

With this knowledge came the virtual certainty that the market would include the sending to Germany of an ultimatum, whereby she must choose between maintaining her position in the market and the United States and the abandonment of her reckless and costly destruction of non-combatants.

From this it was an easy inference that the market would be a market of the United States as a friendly nation.

It was the prospect, which was not to be, that the Berlin authorities must not only keep their promise to the United States, but also to the United States.

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The Jarr Family

Written for the Post-Dispatch
By Roy L. McCordell.

In a New and Original Way Mrs. Jarr Works Mr. Jarr for a \$20 Bill.

Mrs. JARR had finished his breakfast and was reading the morning paper before going downtown when Mrs. Jarr remarked very sweetly: "I've got a surprise for you, dear."

"How often have I told you not to buy anything for me, my dear? I appreciate these little attentions, of course," Mr. Jarr replied, "but I can't have you denying yourself simply to get me something I don't need."

"Wait till you see it," said Mrs. Jarr. "It will be a surprise for you, but perhaps not a pleasant one. Here it is!" And she handed Mr. Jarr a slip of paper.

"Why, this is the butcher's bill!" said Mr. Jarr. "I thought you attended to all the bills."

"So I do," replied Mrs. Jarr. "at least I try to attend to them, but they also need your attention. You remarked as you sat down to breakfast: 'Is this all you've got? Boiled eggs and toast!'"

"It's an awful bill!" exclaimed Mr. Jarr, as he gave it a studied glance. "I should say it is an awful bill," said Mrs. Jarr. "Roast beef 22 cents a pound. That one chicken we had yesterday was \$1.45, and everything else so dear."

"We should eat more fish," replied Mr. Jarr.

"Fish? You don't like fish, the children don't care for it, and, besides, it's as dear as meat," said Mrs. Jarr.

"Vegetables," suggested Mr. Jarr.

"We do have vegetables, and you won't touch them, and they are dear at this time of the year," replied Mrs. Jarr. "And you had eggs this morning and are kicking about them."

"I wasn't kicking. Oh, I didn't object to them," said Mr. Jarr.

"You said, 'Is this all?' but that was before I knew you had toast. Soft-boiled eggs and toast are good enough for anybody, and we should be thankful we have a breakfast so good!" replied Mr. Jarr.

"The toast was by your plate," said Mrs. Jarr. "You see, you complain and think I waste the money, and yet if I do try to economize you find fault. The cost of living has just exactly doubled the last few years."

"That's what it has," remarked Mr. Jarr. "Well, I was saving to get a new spring suit, but I suppose we'll have to pay the butcher first," he added: "Here's \$20."

After he was gone Mrs. Jarr telephoned the butcher that he had sent her somebody else's bill by mistake.

"I paid you yesterday and have the receipted account," she said.

All that day at the office Mr. Jarr discoursed with everybody gloomily on the high cost of living.

Getting Even.

THERE'S a church near," said the country farmer to his paying guest, "not that I ever puts my nose in it."

"Anything the matter with the vicar?"

"Well, it's this way. I sold the old vicar milk and eggs and butter and cheese, and seeing as he patronized me I patronized him. But this new chap keeps 'is own cow and 'ens. 'If that's your game, I thought, 'I'll 'ave 'ome-grown religion, too.'"

Sarcastic Waiter.

"Waiter! Waiter! I found a hair in my soup!"

"Report it to the Lost and Found Department, sir. If you leave your name and address you may be rewarded for your honesty."

Identified.

JINKS! Shaffer, do you know that woman across the street?"

Shaffer: She certainly looks familiar. Let me see. It's my wife's new dress. My daughter's hat and my mother-in-law's parasol—sure! It's our cook!"

Thrift.

WHAT did you do with that carload of eggs that was condemned by the Board of Health?"

"I'm going to make a lot of money on those. I'm having them made into gas bombs to ship to the war zone."

No Time.

HELLO, Doc! Been to any of the baseball games this season?"

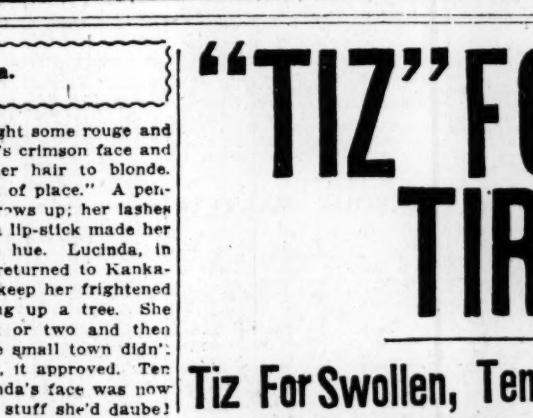
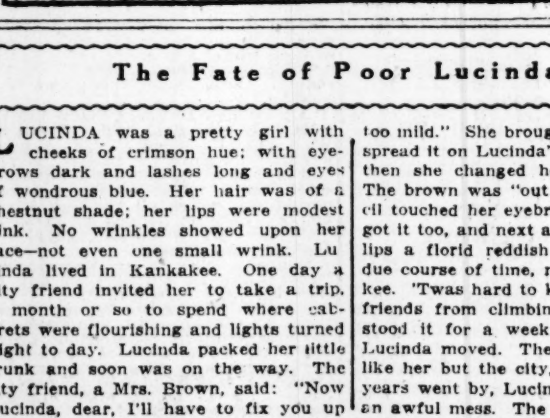
"Not yet! I've been too busy attending to the people who did go and contracted pneumonia."

S'MATTER POP?



Tough Luck

Drawn for the Post-Dispatch
By MAURICE KETTEN.



The Fate of Poor Lucinda.

LUCINDA was a pretty girl with cheeks of crimson hue; with eyes of wondrous blue. Her hair was of a chestnut shade; her lips were modest pink. No wrinkles showed upon her face—not even one small wrinkle. Lucinda lived in Kankakee. One day a city friend invited her to take a trip, a month or so to spend where cabarets were flourishing and lights turned night to day. Lucinda packed her little trunk and soon was on the way. The city friend, a Mrs. Brown, said: "Now Lucinda, dear, I'll have to fix you up a bit. You're rather plain. I fear. Your style's all right for Kankakee but in the city, child, they'd pass you by and grin at you. Your makeup's far too mild."

She brought some rouge and spread it on Lucinda's crimson face and then she changed her hair to blonde. The brown was "out of place." A pencil touched her eyebrows; her lashes got too long, and next a lipstick made her lips a florid reddish hue. Lucinda, in due course of time, returned to Kankakee. "Twas hard to keep her frightened friends from climbing up a tree. She stood it for a week or two and then Lucinda moved. The small town didn't like her but the city, it approved. Ten years went by. Lucinda's face was now an awful mess. The stuff she'd daubed all over it had caused her much distress. Alas! she wed a millionaire from Pittsburgh and, my friends, the moral here is, "Girls who paint may come to awful ends."

A Mooted Question.

TEACHER was trying to elucidate the meaning of the word "recuperate" to one of the pupils.

"Now, Tommy," said she, "if your father worked hard all day he would be tired and worn out, wouldn't he?"

"Yes'm."

"Then when night comes and his work is over for the day, what does he do?"

"That's what mother wants to know."

Expert Testimony.

LANDLADY: That new boarder's either a married man or a widower.

Daughter: Why, ma, he says he is a bachelor.

Landlady: Well, I don't believe it. When he opens his pocketbook to pay his board he always turns his back to me.

Quick Work.

WAS it a serious wreck?" we asked.

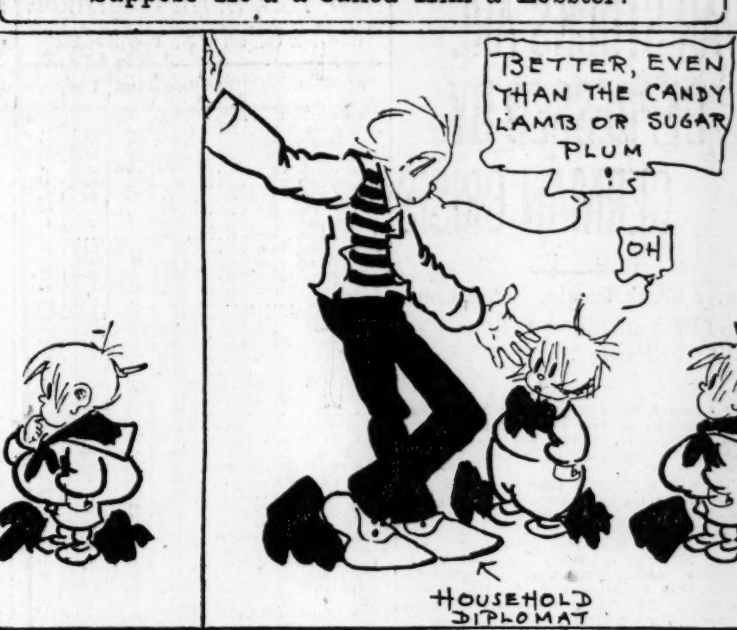
"Not very," replied the railroad president. "You see our claim agent happened to be on the train, and he got busy and settled with the injured passengers before they knew how badly they were hurt."

Good Answer.

CAN any one give an example of an imaginary quantity?" asked the professor of mathematics.

"The United States merchant marine," promptly responded the brightest student in the class.

Suppose He'd a-Called Him a Lobster?



The Same Offense.

THERE was recently brought before a police magistrate in the South an old darky who had fallen foul of a bulldog while in the act of entering the henhouse of the dog's owner.

"Didn't I give you 10 days last month for this same offense?" asked the magistrate. "It was the same henhouse you were trying to get into. What have you got to say for yourself?"

The darky seemed perplexed. "Yo honah," he said, "yo sent me to the cholin gang fo' tryin' to steal some chickens, didn't yo?"

"Yes; that was 'de charge."

"An' don't de law say yo' can't be charged twice with de same offense?"

"That no man shall be twice placed in jeopardy for the identical act, yes."

"Den, yo' honah, youse gotta let me go, suh. I was after de same chickens, suh."

Told Him How.

A MINISTER who lives in a small town is noted for his sententiousness both in and out of the pulpit. As he was coming down the street one day a man accosted him with: "Sir, can you tell me how to find the Sheriff's office?"

"Yes, sir," was the ministerial reply. "Every time you earn \$5 spend \$10."

And he walked on, leaving the astonished man gazing after him.

Good Likeness.

DID Miss Sourgirl have her photographs taken yesterday?"

"Yes."

"Good likeness?"

"Yes, must have been, for she refused to have them and demanded another sitting."

A Sociable Chap.

THERE recently entered a Washington shop a ducky person who announced that he wished to purchase a razor.

"Safety?" asked the clerk.

"No, suh," was the decided response. "I desires it fo' social usage."

Before the Rush.

A IN'T you a little previous about shaking your overcoat, 'old man?"

"Yes, I suppose I am, but you can get more money on 'em when you pawn 'em before the rush begins."

How to Make a Hit

A Handy Manual for Rude Persons.

By Alma Woodward.

At a Quiet Game.

Scene: The Greens' apartment at 10 o'clock. (Mr. and Mrs. Green are entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Smith with after-dinner bridge. They have settled into the stolid silence that is supposed to indicate scientific technique in playing, but which really means that a heavy dinner is acting as a narcotic. Mrs. Green yawns behind the ace of clubs.)

MR. S. (mildly): I'll make it a no trump.

MR. G. (her partner): Fine make.

Mrs. G. (sharply): Since when do we have confidences exchanged across the table, Henry?

Mr. G. (apologetically): It slipped out, my dear. I beg your pardon.

Mrs. S. (waiting for the next play): Say, Gertrude, I saw a dream of a rat in coat that'd surely be becoming to you, because it's cut so that it doesn't matter what kind of a figure you have.

Mrs. G. (exquisitely): Well, the idea!

Mr. G. (caustically): Are you going to play, Gertrude? Or have you taken such a fancy to your hand that you hate to part with it?

Mrs. S. (shoveling in the trick): It's ours, partner.

Mrs. G. (serenely): By the way, Martha, you know that little hat you admired in the milliner's around the corner—the one you tried to beat her down on? Well, she says you can have it at your price now, because so many people have tried it on that it's all stretched.

Mrs. S. (shrilly): Well, do you suppose I want a hat that's all stretched?

(Mr. Green leans over and exchanges confidences with Mr. Smith. The ladies, bent on

availing, are oblivious to the whispered conference.)

Mrs. G. (gently): I'm only telling you what she said, my dear. It doesn't make any difference to me whether you buy the hat or not. You're not doing me a favor, I'm sure.

Mr. S. (suddenly): You were stung, Henry. I pay only 40 cents for mine.

Mr. G. (very earnestly): I'll bet you they're not all silk. With the way the war has affected the price of things, they couldn't be.

(Mr. Smith jumps up, puts his foot on a chair and rolls up his trouser leg.)

Mrs. S. (amazed): Why, Ed, what are you doing? Put your foot down this minute from Mrs. Green's furniture!

Mr. G. (going right on): Aw, no, Ed, don't you see the warp is mercerized? The wool is silk all right, but—

Mrs. G. (dropping her cards): I never saw such a performance in my life. Are we playing cards or what?

Mr. G. (calmly): "Or what," I should say. For five years every game we've played has been turned into a fashion fete by you women. We men have garments of beauty to discuss, too. What kind of games do you wear, Ed?

Mrs. G. (rising scornfully): Come on, Martha. We'll make the rabbit and leave them to their pink tea and knitting!

Lessons in Memory.

JAFFREY: How do you suppose that dear old man remembered exactly how much he paid for his gold tooth, which he bought 40 years ago?

Agnes: Why, I s'pose he carried it in his head.

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